

CXP-12 Interface Card 4C

AcquisitionApplets User Documentation for
Acq_QuadCXP12Line

Functional Description
For Framegrabber SDK Usage

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Acquisition Card Documentation:

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Frame Grabber Documentation:

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Framegrabber SDK Documentation:

<https://docs.baslerweb.com/frame-grabbers/framegrabber-sdk-overview.html>

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Chapter 1. Introduction

This document provides you with detailed information on applet "Acq_QuadCXP12Line" for CXP-12 Interface Card 4C .



This document will outline the features and benefits of this applet. Furthermore, the output formats and the software interface is explained. The main part of this document includes the detailed description of all applet modules and their parameters which make the applet adaptable for numerous applications.


1.1. Features of Applet Acq_QuadCXP12Line

"Acq_QuadCXP12Line" is a quad-camera applet. Up to four individual cameras can be used. The features of this applet are fully available for all camera ports. You can configure the CoaXPress camera interface for CoaXPress cameras version 1.1.1 and 2.0, transferring grayscale (monochrome), BiColor pattern according to PFNC , or color pixels. Allowed pixel formats are Gray (Mono8, Mono10, Mono12, Mono14, Mono16), Color (RGB8, RGB10, RGB12, RGB14, RGB16), biColor (BiColorRGBG8, BiColorRGBG10, BiColorRGBG12, BiColorGRGB8, BiColorGRGB10, BiColorGRGB12, BiColorBGRG8, BiColorBGRG10, BiColorBGRG12, BiColorGBGR8, BiColorGBGR10, BiColorGBGR12) and YCbCr422_8. You can only use single link CoaXPress cameras with this applet. The maximum link speed is CXP-12. A multi-functional line trigger is included in the applet. This allows you to control the camera or external devices using interface card generated, external or software generated trigger pulses. Line scan cameras up to a width of 32768 pixels can be processed. The trigger system will generate images of a maximum height of 8388607 pixels. The applet is processing data at a bit depth of 16 bits. An image selector at the camera port facilitates the selection of one image out of a parameterizable sequence of images. This enables the distribution of the images to multiple interface card and PCs. For reverse operation, you can mirror the image in x-direction and y-direction before cutting the ROI. Acquired images are buffered in interface card memory. You can select a region of interest (ROI) for further processing. The stepsize of the ROI width is 8 pixel. The ROI stepsize for the image height is 1 line. This applets includes the special color interpolation filter for bilinear color linescan cameras. The first line is blue red, the second line is green only. A color converter automatically converts the input pixel formats to the output formats. In this applet conversions from monochrome, RGB or BiColor to monochrome and RGB can be performed.

Processed image data are output by the applet via high speed DMA channels. You can select the pixel format of the output. The pixel format can either be 8 bit, 10 bit packed, 12 bit packed, 14 bit packed, or 16 bits per pixel (or per pixel component if you work with a color format).

You can easily include the applet into your own applications using the Basler Framegrabber SDK.

Table 1.1. Feature Summary of Acq_QuadCXP12Line

| Feature | Applet Property |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Applet Name |  Acq_QuadCXP12Line |
| Type of Applet | AcquisitionApplets |
| Board | CXP-12 Interface Card 4C |
| No. of Cameras | 4 , asynchronous or synchronous |
| Camera Type | CoaXPress, link aggregation max. 1, maximum speed CXP-12, Version 1.1.1 and 2.0 |
| Sensor Type | Line Scan |
| Camera Format | Monochrome, BiColor or RGB |
| Pixel Format | Gray (Mono8, Mono10, Mono12, Mono14, Mono16), Color (RGB8, RGB10, RGB12, RGB14, RGB16), biColor (BiColorRGBG8, BiColorRGBG10, BiColorRGBG12, BiColorGRGB8, BiColorGRGB10, BiColorGRGB12, BiColorBGRG8, BiColorBGRG10, BiColorBGRG12, BiColorGBGR8, BiColorGBGR10, BiColorGBGR12) and YCbCr422_8. |
| Processing Bit Depth | 16 Bit per color component |
| Sensor Correction / Tap Sorting | no |
| Maximum Images Dimensions | 32768 * 8388607 |
| ROI Stepsize | x: 8, y: 1 |
| Tap Geometry Sorting | 1X-1Y only |
| Mirroring | Yes, horizontal and vertical (set the parameter <i>FG_VANTAGEPOINT</i>) |
| Image Selector | Yes |
| Noise Filter | No |
| Shading Correction | No |
| Dead Pixel Interpolation | No |
| Color Array Filter | Two lines. First Blue and Red, second Green. (or swapped) |
| Color White Balancing | Yes |
| Color Converter | yes, Mono, RGB or BiColor to Mono or RGB |
| Lookup Table | No |
| DMA | Full Speed |
| DMA Image Output Format | All grayscale and color formats. See description above. |
| Event Generation | yes |
| Overflow Control | yes |

1.1.1. Parameterization Order

We recommend to configure the functional blocks which are responsible for sensor setup/correction first. This will be the camera settings, shading correction, and dead pixel interpolation (if available). Afterwards, you can configure other image enhancement functional blocks such as white balancing, noise filter, and lookup table. By default, all presets are configured for receiving images directly.

1.2. Bandwidth

The maximum bandwidths of applet Acq_QuadCXP12Line are listed in the following table.

Table 1.2. Bandwidth of Acq_QuadCXP12Line

| Description | Bandwidth |
|---------------------------|--|
| Max. CXP Speed | CXP-12 |
| Peak Bandwidth per Camera | 1200 MPixel/s |
| Mean Bandwidth per Camera | 1200 MPixel/s |
| DMA Bandwidth | 7200 MByte/s (depends on PC mainboard) |

The peak bandwidth defines the maximum allowed bandwidth for each camera at the camera interface. If the camera's peak bandwidth is higher than the mean bandwidth, the interface card on-board buffer will fill up as the data can be buffered, but not be processed at that speed.

The mean bandwidth per camera describes the maximally allowed mean bandwidth for each camera at the camera interface. It is the product of the framerate and the image pixels. For example, with 1-megapixel images at a framerate of 100 frames per second, the mean bandwidth will be 100 MPixel/s. In case of 8bit per pixel as output format, this would be equal to 100 MB per second.

The required output bandwidth of an applet can differ from the input bandwidth. A region of interest (ROI) and the output format can change the required output bandwidth and the maximum mean bandwidth. Moreover, this applet is a Bayer applet. The required output bandwidth will be three times higher than the input bandwidth. (This applies only when debayering is switched to ON.) Mind that the DMA bandwidth is the total bandwidth. The sum of all camera channel bandwidths has to be less than the maximum DMA bandwidth to avoid overflows.

Regard the relation between MPixel/s and MByte/s: The MByte/s depend on the applet and its parameterization concerning the pixel format. It is possible to acquire more than 8 bit per pixel or to convert from one bit depth to another. 1 MByte is 1,000,000 Byte.



Bandwidth Varies

The exact maximum DMA bandwidth depends on the used PC system and its chipset. The camera bandwidth depends on the image size and the selected frame rate. The given values of 7200 MByte/s for the possible DMA bandwidth might be lower due to the chipset and its configuration. Additionally, some PCIe slots do not support the required number of lanes to transfer the requested or expected bandwidth. In these cases, have a look at the mainboard specification. A behaviour like multiplexing between several PCIe slots can be seen in rare cases. Some mainboard manufacturers provide a BIOS feature where you can select the PCIe payload size: Always try to set this to its maximum value or simply to automatic. This can help in specific cases.

1.3. Requirements

In the following, the requirements on software, hardware and interface card license are listed.

1.3.1. Software Requirements

To run this applet, a Basler Framegrabber SDK installation is required. Ensure you use the applet with compatible versions only. You should also take care to use the board firmware and drivers included in the Basler Framegrabber SDK.

For integration in 3rd party applications, check Chapter 2, '*Software Interface*'.

1.3.2. Hardware Requirements

To run applet "Acq_QuadCXP12Line", a Basler CXP-12 Interface Card 4C is required.

For PC system requirements, check the interface card hardware documentation. The applet itself does not require any additional PC system requirements.

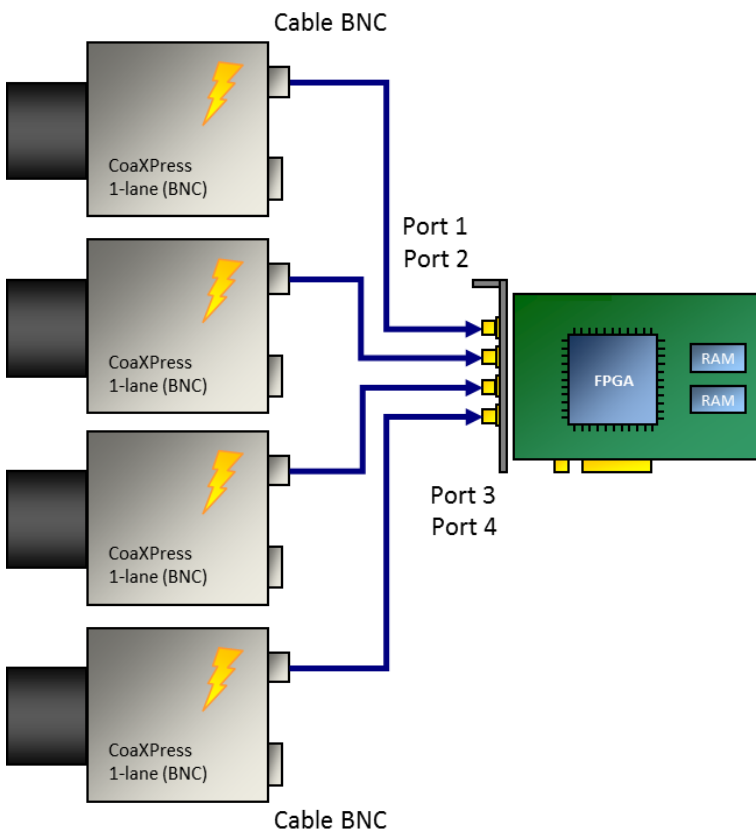
1.3.3. License

This applet is of type AcquisitionApplets. For applets of this type, no license is required. All compatible interface cards can run the applet using the Basler Framegrabber SDK.

1.4. Camera Interface

Applet "Acq_QuadCXP12Line" supports 4 CXP cameras. The interface card has 4 connectors. Connect one camera cable of each camera to the ports of the interface card. The mapping of the ports between the camera and the interface card is not important. You can chose any order.

Figure 1.1. Camera Interface and Camera Cable Setup



1.5. Frame ID

For CoaXPress linescan cameras the CXP Source Tag is not used as it is constant throughout the acquisition. Instead an internal counter is used to represent frame IDs. This applet will output each frame to the host PC attached with this frame ID. Moreover, overflow events will also include this frame ID. By this, the exact mapping of a given frame in the host PC to the frame the frame grabber's image trigger is possible.

Check chapter Chapter 11, '*Overflow*' for more information about overflow conditions and the overflow event data structure including the frame ID.

Check chapter Section 1.7, 'DMA Image Tag' to get information on how to obtain the frame ID along with a given image in the host PC application.

1.6. Image Transfer to PC Memory

The image transfer between interface card and PC is performed via DMA transfers. In this applet, 4 DMA channels exist for transferring image data. One channel for each camera. The DMA channels have the same indices as the cameras, starting with 0. The applet output format can be set via the parameters of the output format module. See Chapter 15, '*Output Format*'. All outputs are little-endian coded.

1.7. DMA Image Tag

The applet generates a DMA image tag (**FG_IMAGE_TAG**) for every correct transmitted frame. The **FG_IMAGE_TAG** has the following structure:

Table 1.3. Structure of FG_IMAGE_TAG

| Bits | Description |
|--------|--|
| 0..15 | frameID transmitted by the Camera |
| 16..29 | reserved = 0 |
| 30 | invalid image flag (the image was cut off due to overflow in the framegrabber) |
| 31 | Last Image of Multi Buffer Sequence (always 1 in case of an area applet) |

You may check for lost or corrupted frames using the overflow module described in Chapter 11, '*Overflow*'.

Chapter 2. Software Interface

The software interface of this applet is fully compatible to the Basler Framegrabber SDK. Please read the Basler Framegrabber API manual of the Basler Framegrabber SDK to understand how to include the frame grabbers and their applets into own applications. <https://docs.baslerweb.com/frame-grabbers/framegrabber-sdk-overview.html>

The Basler Framegrabber SDK includes functional SDK examples which use the features of the Framegrabber SDK. Most of these examples can be used with this AcquisitionApplets. These examples are very useful to learn on how to acquire images, set parameters and use events.

This document is focused on the explanation of the functionality and parameterization of the applet. The next chapters will list all parameters of this applet. Keep in mind that for multi-camera applets, parameters can be set for all cameras individually. The sample source codes parameterize the processing components of the first camera. The index in the source code examples has to be changed for the other cameras.

Amongst others, parameters of the applet are set and read using functions

- `int Fg_setParameter(Fg_Struct *Fg, const int Parameter, const void *Value, const unsigned int index)`
- `int Fg_setParameterWithType(Fg_Struct *Fg, const int Parameter, const void *Value, const unsigned int index, const enum FgParamTypes type)`
- `int Fg_getParameter(Fg_Struct *Fg, int Parameter, void *Value, const unsigned int index)`
- `int Fg_getParameterWithType(Fg_Struct *Fg, const int Parameter, void *Value, const unsigned int index, const enum FgParamTypes type)`

The index is used to address a DMA channel, a camera index or a processing logic index. It is important to understand the relations between cameras, processes, parameters and DMA channels. This AcquisitionApplets is a quad camera applet and is using only one DMA channel for each camera. All parameterizations for the first camera are made using index 0 and all parameterizations for the second camera are made using index 1 and so on.

For applets having multiple DMA channels for each camera, the relation between the indices is more complex. Please check the respective documentation of these applets for more details.

Chapter 3. CoaXPress

This applet can be used with up to 4 line scan cameras. To receive correct image data from your camera, it is crucial that the camera output format matches the selected interface card input format. The following parameters configure the interface card's camera interface to match with the individual camera pixel format. Most cameras support different operation modes. Consult the manual of your camera to obtain the necessary information how to configure the camera to the desired pixel format.

Ensure that the lines transferred by the camera do not exceed the maximum allowed line length for this applet (32768).

With the following parameters you can define the way trigger packets are sent from the interface card to the camera on the CXP link.

3.1. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_STATE

Returns the power over CXP (PoCXP) state. Range: {BOOTING, POCXPOK, MAX_CURR, LOW_VOLT, OVER_VOLT, ADC_Chip_Error}. The first 5 states are defined by the CXP standard for the PoCXP state machine. The last state ADC_Chip_Error represents an error when the communication between the FPGA and the ADC chip is disrupted. The communication between the FPGA and ADC chip measures the voltage and current of the channel.

Table 3.1. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_STATE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_STATE |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Power Over CXP State |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 3.1. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_STATE

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_STATE, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

3.2. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_CONTROLLER_ENABLED

Indicates whether the power over CXP (PoCXP) controller is enabled. Range: {NO, YES}. YES: The camera is powered via the CXP cable when connected. NO: The camera is not powered via the CXP cable. This parameter doesn't indicate whether the camera is sourced or not, instead it indicates whether powering the camera via the CXP cable is enabled or not.

Table 3.2. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_CONTROLLER_ENABLED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_CONTROLLER_ENABLED |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Power Over CXP Controller Enabled |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 3.2. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_CONTROLLER_ENABLED

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_POWER_OVER_CXP_CONTROLLER_ENABLED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

3.3. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PORT_BIT_RATE

Returns the port bit rate of the CXP channel.

Table 3.3. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PORT_BIT_RATE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PORT_BIT_RATE |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Port Bit Rate |
| Type | Double Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Unit of measure | Gb/s |

Example 3.3. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PORT_BIT_RATE

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterDouble access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMDOUBLE;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PORT_BIT_RATE, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

3.4. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_STREAM_PACKET_SIZE

Returns the stream packet size in bytes. Range: between 4 and 65535 bytes in steps of 4 bytes.

Table 3.4. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_STREAM_PACKET_SIZE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_STREAM_PACKET_SIZE |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Stream Packet Size |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 3.4. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_STREAM_PACKET_SIZE

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_STREAM_PACKET_SIZE, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

3.5. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_STANDARD

Returns the version of the used CXP standard.

Table 3.5. CXP Standard Version

| CXP Standard Version | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| CXP_1_0 | | |
| CXP_1_1_1 | | |
| CXP_2_0 | | |
| Unknown | | |

Table 3.6. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_STANDARD

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_STANDARD |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor CXP Standard |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 3.5. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_STANDARD

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_STANDARD, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```


3.6. FG_CXP_STREAM_PACKET_COUNT

This parameter counts the amount of received stream packets. Bits [29:0] count the number of packets. Bit [30] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range: 0 to 4294967295 (32 bit).

Table 3.7. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_STREAM_PACKET_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_STREAM_PACKET_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Stream Packet Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 3.6. Usage of FG_CXP_STREAM_PACKET_COUNT

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_STREAM_PACKET_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

3.7. FG_PIXELFORMAT

This parameter specifies the data format of the connected camera.

The formats defined in the following list can be selected. Choose the pixel format which best matches with your camera.

In this applet, the processing data bit depth is 16 bit. The camera interface automatically performs a conversion to the 16 bit format using bit shifting independently from the selected camera format. If the camera bit depth is greater than the processing bit depth, bits will be right shifted to meet the internal bit depth. If the camera bit depth is less than the processing bit depth, bits will be left shifted to meet the internal bit depth. In this case, the lower bits are fixed to zero.

This applet performs a Bayer de-mosaicing. The Bayer pattern is derived from the pixel format.

Table 3.8. Parameter properties of FG_PIXELFORMAT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_PIXELFORMAT |
| Display Name | Pixel Format |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | BiColorRGBG8 BiColor RG BG 8 BiColorRGBG10 BiColor RG BG 10 BiColorRGBG12 BiColor RG BG 12 BiColorBGRG8 BiColor BG RG 8 BiColorBGRG10 BiColor BG RG 10 BiColorBGRG12 BiColor BG RG 12 Mono8 Mono 8 Mono10 Mono 10p Mono12 Mono 12p Mono14 Mono 14p Mono16 Mono 16p RGB8 RGB 8 RGB10 RGB 10p RGB12 RGB 12p RGB14 RGB 14p RGB16 RGB 16 YUV422_8 YCbCr422_8 |
| Default value | Mono8 |

Example 3.7. Usage of FG_PIXELFORMAT

```

int result = 0;
int value = Mono8;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_PIXELFORMAT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_PIXELFORMAT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

3.8. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_USED_CXP_CONNECTIONS

The currently used number of CXP ports used in this process.

Table 3.9. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_USED_CXP_CONNECTIONS

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_USED_CXP_CONNECTIONS |
| Display Name | System Monitor Used Cxp Connections |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 4 Stepsize 1 |

Example 3.8. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_USED_CXP_CONNECTIONS

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_USED_CXP_CONNECTIONS, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

3.9. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_IMAGE_LINE_MODE

This parameter informs on the current transfer mode, used by the camera. The transfer can be an areascan (= 0) or linescan (= 1) image.

Table 3.10. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_IMAGE_LINE_MODE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_IMAGE_LINE_MODE |
| Display Name | System Monitor Cxp Image Line Mode |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 1 Stepsize 1 |

Example 3.9. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_IMAGE_LINE_MODE

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CXP_IMAGE_LINE_MODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

3.10. Test

This category gives information about CXP link test statistics. It shows counters for received and transmitted CXP packets as well as statistics on corrupted words and length errors. Additionally, it enables the user to reset the statistics counter for each channel separately.

3.10.1. FG_CXP_TRANSMITTED_PACKET_COUNT

This parameter counts the amount of link test packets that were transmitted. This register is useful to see how many packets were sent since the start of the test. It is cleared with the clear bit from the test statistics clear register.

Table 3.11. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_TRANSMITTED_PACKET_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_TRANSMITTED_PACKET_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Transmitted Packets Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |

Example 3.10. Usage of FG_CXP_TRANSMITTED_PACKET_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_TRANSMITTED_PACKET_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

3.10.2. FG_CXP_RECEIVED_PACKET_COUNT

This parameter counts the amount of received link test packets. It is cleared with the clear bit from the test statistics clear register.

Table 3.12. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_RECEIVED_PACKET_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_RECEIVED_PACKET_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Received Packet Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |

Example 3.11. Usage of FG_CXP_RECEIVED_PACKET_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_RECEIVED_PACKET_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

3.10.3. FG_CXP_CORRUPTED_WORD_COUNT

This parameter counts the amount of measured packet word errors. A packet word is a 32-bit CXP native word which carries 4 test characters. It is cleared with the clear bit from the test statistics clear register.

Table 3.13. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CORRUPTED_WORD_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_CORRUPTED_WORD_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Corrupted Word Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |

Example 3.12. Usage of FG_CXP_CORRUPTED_WORD_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CORRUPTED_WORD_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

3.10.4. FG_CXP_PACKET_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT

This parameter counts the amount of packets which didn't provide 1024 test words. CXP standard defines a test packet to contain 4096 test characters, i.e. 1024 x 32 bit words. This packet is repeated infinitely until the test is terminated. The count range is [0; 128]. The maximal value 128 means that there were at least 128 or more packets which violated the length requirements as defined in CXP 2.0 standard chapter 9.9.2.

Table 3.14. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_PACKET_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_PACKET_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Packet Length Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field (64 Bit) |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |

Example 3.13. Usage of FG_CXP_PACKET_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterAccess access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMACCESS;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_PACKET_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

3.10.5. FG_CXP_CLEAR_TEST_STATISTIC_PORT

This parameter clears all test counters to zero for the channel selected by the parameter field index.

Table 3.15. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CLEAR_TEST_STATISTIC_PORT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_CLEAR_TEST_STATISTIC_PORT |
| Display Name | CXP Clear Test Statistic Port |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Default value | 0 |

Example 3.14. Usage of FG_CXP_CLEAR_TEST_STATISTIC_PORT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

for (unsigned int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
{
    access.index = i;
    access.value = 0;

    if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CLEAR_TEST_STATISTIC_PORT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CLEAR_TEST_STATISTIC_PORT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

Chapter 4. Camera

This applet Acq_QuadCXP12Line for the CXP-12 Interface Card 4C acquires the sensor data of a line scan camera. When this is performed some sensor dimension depending information can be used to register an event based callback function.

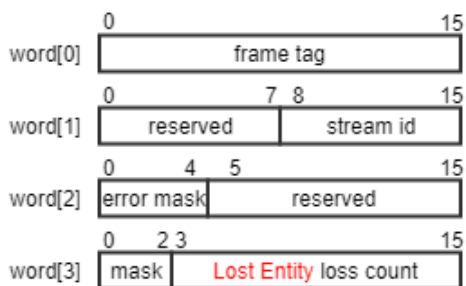
4.1. Events

In programming or runtime environments, a callback function is a piece of executable code that is passed as an argument, which is expected to call back (execute) exactly that time an event is triggered. This applet can generate some software callback events based on applet-events as explained in the following section. These events are not related to a special camera functionality. Other event sources are described in additional sections of this document.

The Basler Framegrabber SDK enables an application to get these event notifications about certain state changes at the data flow from camera to RAM and the image and trigger processing as well. Please consult the Basler Framegrabber SDK documentation for more details concerning the implementation of this functionality.

4.1.1. FG_CAMERA_STREAM_STATUS0

When the operator detects that the received reconstructed frame is larger or smaller than what was promoted by the camera in the CXP image header, a safety circuit gets activated. The operator then cuts off exceeding pixels and lines, so that the subsequent processing pipeline always sees the frame size which was defined in the image header. If the received frame is smaller in its dimensions than what was specified in the image header, the operator fills up the received frame with undefined data to achieve the specified frame dimensions which were defined in the image header. Filling up a smaller frame can cause the follow-up frames to get lost. The loss is then reported per event to the runtime software (Framegrabber SDK)(see the following paragraph). The size mismatch causes an event, too.



The event payload is provided as four 16-bit data words. The event format is defined as follows:

- word [0]
 - bits [0:15]: CXP image tag in which the event occurred.
- word [1]
 - bits [8:15]: Stream ID in which the event occurred.
 - bits [0:7]: Reserved, treat as don't care.
- word [2]
 - bit [0]: CRC error occurred.
 - bit [1]: Stream marker error detected in the image header.

- bit [2]: An error in the image header was detected which could not be corrected.
- bit [3]: A frame size error was detected, i.e. the image size defined in the CXP image header isn't matching the reconstructed frame size from the transmitted packets. This happens when the camera puts one info into the image header but transmits different amount of data as promoted in the header.
- bits [4:15]: Reserved, treat as don't care.
- word [3]
 - bit [0]: Event type, 0 = Corrupted Entity , 1 = Lost Entity.
 - **Corrupted Entity** means that the error happens within a frame and that this frame is already sourced into the VisualApplets pipeline.
 - **Lost Entity** means that the error occurred before the frame was forwarded to the following operators and the frame was discarded by the camera operator.
 - When a corrupted entity is observed, the operator will fill up the frame according to the CXP image header definition so that the following operators will not cause undefined behavior. During this fill-up, a new frame may arrive and will then get lost. The lost entity event will also be raised when the camera sends data with a gap according to the frame tag.
 - bit [1]: An event loss for type **Corrupted Entity** occurred. This means that preceding events of type **Corrupted Entity** got lost. This happens when the runtime software is not reacting to events and the internal event queues ran full.
 - bit [2]: An event loss for type **Lost Entity** occurred. This means that preceding events of type **Lost Entity** got lost. This happens when the runtime software (Framegrabber SDK) is not reacting to events and the internal event queues ran full.
 - bits [3:15]: amount of lost **Lost Entity** events.

There are two types of events: events for corrupted entities and events for lost entities. Bit 0 of word 3 describes which kind of event occurred. If the event buffers are full, it might happen that events get lost. When an event gets lost that marks a corrupted entity, bit 1 of word 3 will be set. When an event gets lost that marks a lost entity, bit 2 of word 3 will be set and bit 3 to 15 will provide the number of lost events indicating a lost frame. If bit 2 is set but the counter is 0, it means that a counter overflow happened.

Every event causes a software interrupt. To reduce the number of events, several events with the same frame tag might be merged together. In that case some error flags are combined. If an event was lost, the event before the lost event contains the information about the lost event and cannot be merged with further events with the same frame tag.

The events caused due to CRC errors report a frame tag, which may not be exactly related to the frame in which the CRC errors happen. The frame tag can be that of the preceding or following frame. This can only happen, when a camera sends a CXP packet, which contains a transition between 2 or more frames. The CRC computation is finished at the end of the packet, but the stream data is reconstructed on-the-fly. This means that a situation can happen, in which a CRC error is detected only after the preceding frame was already sent by the operator. In normal situations, in which the camera packets don't contain data both of the end of the ongoing frame and the beginning of the next frame, the frame tag during CRC error will always be correct. For all other cases as long as the complete frame stream data is less than the maximal packet size of 8k, there might be only 1 frame overlap within 1 packet. In that case, the software application should consider the preceding frame with the frame tag - 1 and the following frame with the frame tag + 1 as potentially corrupted as well.



Differentiating Error Events Between Taps

The error handling and event system are common to both CXP tap streams. Use the stream ID field to relate the received event to the appropriate tap. Normally, tap 0 will get a lower stream ID, typically 0. Tap 1 will get a stream ID, which is larger than the one of tap 0.

4.1.2. FG_START_OF_FRAME_CAM_PORT_0

4.1.3. FG_END_OF_FRAME_CAM_PORT_0

4.1.4. FG_START_OF_LINE_CAM_PORT_0

This event is generated when the first pixel of camera line arrives at the framegrabber. Keep in mind that a high linerate can cause a critical high interrupt rate which might slow down the overall PC system. Even if the trigger setup will not use this line for a generated frame output this event will occur. This event can only occur if the acquisition is running.

4.1.5. FG_END_OF_LINE_CAM_PORT_0

This event is generated when the last pixel of camera line has arrives at the framegrabber. Keep in mind that a high linerate can cause a critical high interrupt rate which might slow down the overall PC system. This event can only occur if the acquisition is running.

Chapter 5. Sensor Geometry

Some operations, for example mirroring or tap sorting, require knowledge on the sensor dimension and orientation of the camera. The following parameters supply this kind of information.

5.1. FG_VANTAGEPOINT

This parameter defines the vantage point. Use this parameter to mirror the image. Note that when using this parameter for mirroring, the received sensor image is mirrored and not the selected ROI in the frame grabber. Therefore, to mirror the ROI in the frame grabber, ensure to set the correct offsets in the frame grabber.

If a horizontal mirroring is active, the parameter *FG_SENSORWIDTH* limits the maximum width. The parameter dependency will then be *FG_XOFFSET + FG_WIDTH <= FG_SENSORWIDTH*.

If a vertical mirroring is active, the parameter *FG_SENSORHEIGHT* limits the maximum height. The parameter dependency will then be *FG_YOFFSET + FG_HEIGHT <= FG_SENSORHEIGHT*.

Table 5.1. Parameter properties of FG_VANTAGEPOINT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_VANTAGEPOINT |
| Display Name | Vantage Point |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_VANTAGEPOINT_TOP_LEFT Top Left FG_VANTAGEPOINT_TOP_RIGHT Top Right FG_VANTAGEPOINT_BOTTOM_LEFT Bottom Left FG_VANTAGEPOINT_BOTTOM_RIGHT Bottom Right |
| Default value | FG_VANTAGEPOINT_TOP_LEFT |

Example 5.1. Usage of FG_VANTAGEPOINT

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_VANTAGEPOINT_TOP_LEFT;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_VANTAGEPOINT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_VANTAGEPOINT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

5.2. FG_SENSORWIDTH

To mirror the incoming data correctly, the parameter *FG_SENSORWIDTH* is required. The value of *FG_SENSORWIDTH* is ignored, if *FG_VANTAGEPOINT* = **Top-Left** or **Bottom-Left**. If also a vertical mirroring is used, the available DRAM and sensor height limit the maximum sensor width. This is so, because the sensor image needs to fit twice into the DRAM, because double buffering is used.



If No Mirroring Is Active, the Value of *FG_SENSORWIDTH* Is Not Used

If no mirroring is active, the value of the parameter *FG_SENSORWIDTH* is not used. Instead, the sum of *FG_XOFFSET* and *FG_WIDTH* is used. This makes the use of the module easier as an extra configuration is avoided, if defaults are used.

Table 5.2. Parameter properties of *FG_SENSORWIDTH*

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SENSORWIDTH |
| Display Name | Sensor Width |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 8 Maximum 32768 Stepsize 8 |
| Default value | 1024 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 5.2. Usage of *FG_SENSORWIDTH*

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SENSORWIDTH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SENSORWIDTH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

5.3. *FG_SENSORHEIGHT*

For vertical mirroring or tap geometry sorting in vertical direction, the applet needs to be parameterized with the exact height transferred from the camera to the frame grabber. If you have set a region of interest in the camera, the parameter *FG_SENSORHEIGHT* needs to be set to the ROI size, otherwise use the sensor height.



If Only One Y-Zone Is Used and No Vertical Mirroring Is Active, the Value of *FG_SENSORHEIGHT* Is Not Used

If no vertical mirroring is configured the value of the parameter *FG_SENSORHEIGHT* is not used. Instead, the sum of *FG_YOFFSET* and *FG_HEIGHT* is used. This makes the use of the module easier as an extra configuration is avoided, if defaults are used.

Table 5.3. Parameter properties of FG_SENSORHEIGHT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SENSORHEIGHT |
| Display Name | Sensor Height |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 8388607 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1024 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 5.3. Usage of FG_SENSORHEIGHT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SENSORHEIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

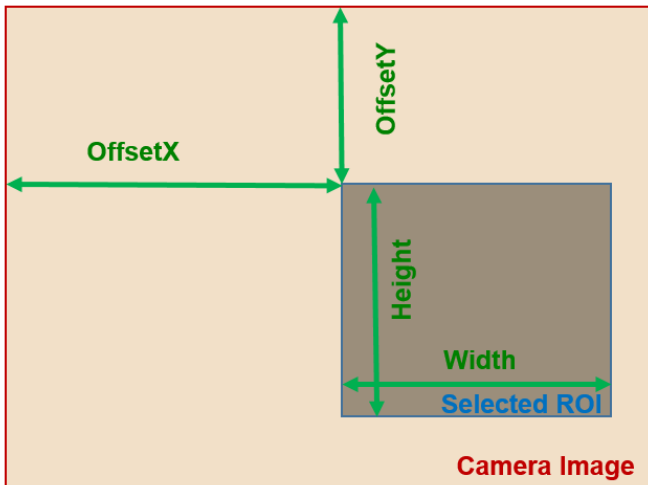
if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SENSORHEIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

Chapter 6. ROI

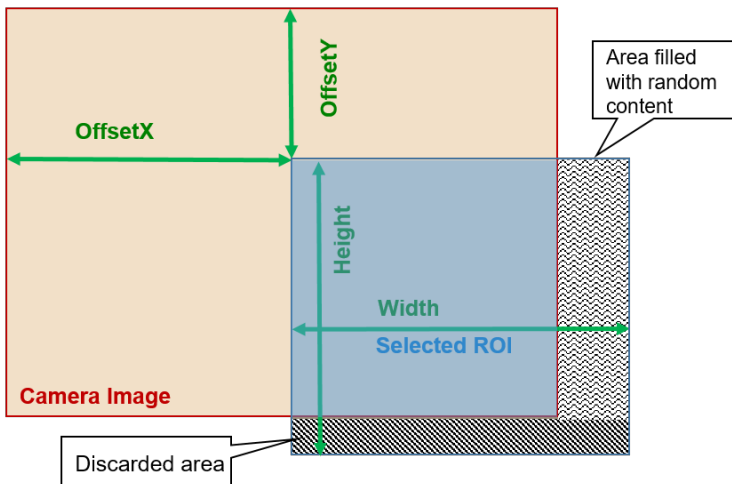
This module allows the definition of a region of interest (ROI), also called area of interest (AOI). A ROI allows the selection of a smaller subset pixel area from the input image. It is defined by using parameters *FG_XOFFSET*, *FG_WIDTH*, *FG_YOFFSET* and *FG_HEIGHT*. The following figure illustrates the parameters.

Figure 6.1. Region of Interest



As can be seen, the region of interest lies within the input image dimensions. Thus, if the image dimension provided by the camera is greater or equal to the specified ROI parameters, the applet will fully cut-out the ROI subset pixel area. However, if the image provided by the camera is smaller than the specified ROI, lines will be filled with random pixel content and the image height might be cut or filled with random image lines as illustrated in the following.

Figure 6.2. Region of Interest Selection Outside the Input Image Dimensions



Furthermore, mind that the image sent by the camera must not exceed the maximum allowed image dimensions. This applet allows a maximum image width of 32768 pixels and a maximum image height of 8388607 lines. The chosen ROI settings can have a direct influence on the maximum bandwidth of the applet as they define the image size and thus, define the amount of data.

The parameters have dynamic value ranges. For example an x-offset cannot be set if the sum of the offset and the image width will exceed the maximum image width. To set a high x-offset, the image width has to be reduced, first. Hence, the order of setting the parameters for this module is important. The return values of the function calls in the SDK should always be evaluated to check if changes were accepted.

Mind the minimum step size of the parameters. This applet has a minimum step size of 8 pixel for the width and the x-offset, while the step size for the height and the y-offset is 1.

The settings made in this module will define the display size and buffer size if the applet is used in microDisplay. If you use the applet in your own programs, ensure to define a sufficient buffer size for the DMA transfers in your PC memory.

All ROI parameters can only be changed if the acquisition is not started i.e. stopped.



Camera ROI

Most cameras allow the setting of a ROI inside the camera. The ROI settings described in this section are independent from the camera settings.



Influence on Bandwidth

A ROI might cause a strong reduction of the required bandwidth. If possible, the camera frame dimension should be reduced directly in the camera to the desired size instead of reducing the size in the applet. This will reduce the required bandwidth between the camera and the interface card.

6.1. FG_WIDTH

The parameter specifies the width of the ROI. The values of parameters *FG_WIDTH* + *FG_XOFFSET* must not exceed the maximum image width of 32768 pixels. If a horizontal mirroring is active the sensor width limits the maximum width (Width + XOffset). If furthermore vertical mirroring is active the maximum width is limited by the DRAM and sensor height (the sensor dimension needs to fit into the DRAM).



Maximum image width is reduced for horizontal mirrored images

Limitations of the available BRAM in the FPGA allow only to store smaller lines and there for the images that can be mirrored needs to be smaller. A mirrored image can only have width of 8192, the not mirrored image can have the full width of 32768.

Table 6.1. Parameter properties of FG_WIDTH

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_WIDTH |
| Display Name | Width |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 8 Maximum 32768 Stepsize 8 |
| Default value | 1024 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 6.1. Usage of FG_WIDTH

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_WIDTH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_WIDTH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

6.2. FG_HEIGHT

The parameter specifies the height of the ROI. The values of parameters *FG_HEIGHT* + *FG_YOFFSET* must not exceed the maximum image height of 8388607 pixels. If a vertical mirroring is active the sensor height limits the maximum height (Height + YOffset). Furthermore the maximum height is limited by the DRAM and the sensor width (the sensor dimension needs to fit into the DRAM).

Table 6.2. Parameter properties of FG_HEIGHT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_HEIGHT |
| Display Name | Height |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 8388607 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1024 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 6.2. Usage of FG_HEIGHT

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_HEIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_HEIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

6.3. FG_XOFFSET

The x-offset is defined by this parameter. If a horizontal mirroring is active the sensor width limits the maximum width (Width + XOffset). If furthermore vertical mirroring is active the maximum width is limited by the DRAM and the sensor height (the sensor dimension needs to fit into the DRAM).

Table 6.3. Parameter properties of FG_XOFFSET

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_XOFFSET |
| Display Name | Offset X |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 32760 Stepsize 8 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 6.3. Usage of FG_XOFFSET

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_XOFFSET, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_XOFFSET, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

6.4. FG_YOFFSET

The y-offset is defined by this parameter. If a vertical mirroring is active the sensor height limits the maximum height (Height + YOffset). Furthermore the maximum height is limited by the DRAM and the sensor width (the sensor dimension needs to fit into the DRAM).

Table 6.4. Parameter properties of FG_YOFFSET

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_YOFFSET |
| Display Name | Offset Y |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 8388606 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 6.4. Usage of FG_YOFFSET

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_YOFFSET, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_YOFFSET, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

Chapter 7. Digital I/O

The frame grabber provides digital inputs and digital outputs for triggering, light synchronization, hardware control etc. This CXP-12 Interface Card 4C frame grabber has

- 4 front general purpose inputs (Front GPIs) using the connector on the frame grabber slot bracket.
- 2 front general purpose outputs using the connector on the frame grabber slot bracket.
- trigger over CXP cable function
- **GND**: Value set to GND, zero. For digital outputs check for possibly inverted outputs.
- **VCC**: Value set to VCC, one. For digital outputs check for possibly inverted outputs.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC**: The Exsync signal. Usually the line trigger signal used to trigger the camera. Check Chapter 8, '*Line Trigger / ExSync*' for more information.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2**: The Exsync 2 signal a delayed exsync signal. Check *FG_LINETRIGGERDELAY* for more information.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH**: The flash signal. It is generated once at the start of each frame generated by the trigger module. Check Chapter 9, '*Image Trigger / Flash*' for more information.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL**: The line valid signal of the received camera or simulator image data. The signal is high for the duration of the line data transfer.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL**: The frame valid signal after the trigger module. The signal is high for the duration of the frame data transfer. Depending on the image trigger mode, the image dimension and timing the signal can vary. See Chapter 9, '*Image Trigger / Flash*' for more information.
- Multi camera applet signal sources: The above signal source are available for all camera processes. Thus you can arbitrary select each signal. For example, you can use the same internal exsync signal to trigger all cameras. This allows a 100% synchronization of the cameras.
- **FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0** to **FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1**: Direct mapping of the digital input signal after debouncing.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_START**: Line start pulse. Use for events and signal analyzer.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_END**: Line end pulse. Use for events and signal analyzer.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_START**: Frame start pulse. Use for events and signal analyzer.
- **FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_END**: Frame end pulse. Use for events and signal analyzer.

7.1. Camera

For CoaXPress triggering, packets are sent to the camera instead of signals. A trigger signal usually consists of a pulse of a certain pulse length defining, for example, the duration time of the exposure. The start of the pulse, i.e. the rising edge, defines the start of the exposure. For most cameras the moment of this rising edge of the pulse is used to send a CXP trigger on CXP LinkTrigger0. At the time of the falling edge, the CXP LinkTrigger1 is used by many cameras to end the exposure in a trigger controlled mode.

Thus, you need to select the source signals for the CXP link triggers and define whether you want to use the rising or falling edge. You can do this with the following parameter. Note that the camera must match with these settings.

7.1.1. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0

Table 7.1. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | CXP Link Trigger 0 Source | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tr><td>GND</td><td>GND</td></tr> <tr><td>VCC</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH</td><td>Signal Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL</td><td>Signal Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL</td><td>Signal Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam1 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam2 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam3 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0</td><td>Signal Front GPI 0</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1</td><td>Signal Front GPI 1</td></tr> </table> | GND | GND | VCC | VCC | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 |
| GND | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VCC | VCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 7.1. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.1.2. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0

Table 7.2. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0 |
| Display Name | CXP Link Trigger 0 Source Edge |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_RISING_EDGE Rising Edge FG_FALLING_EDGE Falling Edge |
| Default value | FG_RISING_EDGE |

Example 7.2. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_RISING_EDGE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.1.3. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1

Table 7.3. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | CXP Link Trigger 1 Source | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tr><td>GND</td><td>GND</td></tr> <tr><td>VCC</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH</td><td>Signal Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL</td><td>Signal Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL</td><td>Signal Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam1 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam2 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam3 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0</td><td>Signal Front GPI 0</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1</td><td>Signal Front GPI 1</td></tr> </table> | GND | GND | VCC | VCC | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 |
| GND | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VCC | VCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 7.3. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.1.4. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1

Table 7.4. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1 |
| Display Name | CXP Link Trigger 1 Source Edge |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_RISING_EDGE Rising Edge FG_FALLING_EDGE Falling Edge |
| Default value | FG_FALLING_EDGE |

Example 7.4. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_FALLING_EDGE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.1.5. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP2

Table 7.5. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP2

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | CXP Link Trigger 2 Source | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tbody> <tr><td>GND</td><td>GND</td></tr> <tr><td>VCC</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH</td><td>Signal Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL</td><td>Signal Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL</td><td>Signal Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam1 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam2 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam3 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0</td><td>Signal Front GPI 0</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1</td><td>Signal Front GPI 1</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | GND | GND | VCC | VCC | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 |
| GND | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VCC | VCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 7.5. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP2

```

int result = 0;
int value = GND;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP2, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP2, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.1.6. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP2

Table 7.6. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP2

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP2 |
| Display Name | CXP Link Trigger 2 Source Edge |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_RISING_EDGE Rising Edge FG_FALLING_EDGE Falling Edge |
| Default value | FG_RISING_EDGE |

Example 7.6. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP2

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_RISING_EDGE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP2, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP2, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.1.7. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP3

Table 7.7. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP3

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | CXP Link Trigger 3 Source | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tr><td>GND</td><td>GND</td></tr> <tr><td>VCC</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH</td><td>Signal Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL</td><td>Signal Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL</td><td>Signal Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam1 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam2 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam3 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0</td><td>Signal Front GPI 0</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1</td><td>Signal Front GPI 1</td></tr> </table> | GND | GND | VCC | VCC | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 |
| GND | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VCC | VCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 7.7. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP3

```

int result = 0;
int value = GND;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP3, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP3, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.1.8. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP3

Table 7.8. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP3

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP3 |
| Display Name | CXP Link Trigger 3 Source Edge |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_RISING_EDGE Rising Edge FG_FALLING_EDGE Falling Edge |
| Default value | FG_RISING_EDGE |

Example 7.8. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP3

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_RISING_EDGE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP3, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP3, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.2. GPO

7.2.1. FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_SOURCE et al.



Note

This description applies also to the following parameters:
FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_1_SOURCE

Select the signal source of the Front General Purpose Output (Front GPO). For further explanation of the available sources see Chapter 7, 'Digital I/O'.

You can change the polarity using parameter *FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_POLARITY*.

Table 7.9. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_SOURCE

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_SOURCE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | Trigger Out Front GPO 0 Source | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tr><td>GND</td><td>GND</td></tr> <tr><td>VCC</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH</td><td>Signal Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL</td><td>Signal Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL</td><td>Signal Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam1 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam2 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam3 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0</td><td>Signal Front GPI 0</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1</td><td>Signal Front GPI 1</td></tr> </table> | GND | GND | VCC | VCC | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 |
| GND | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VCC | VCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 7.9. Usage of FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_SOURCE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.2.2. FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_POLARITY et al.



Note

This description applies also to the following parameters:
FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_1_POLARITY

Select the output polarity the Front General Purpose Output (Front GPO). For further explanation of the available sources see Chapter 7, 'Digital I/O'.

Table 7.10. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_POLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_POLARITY |
| Display Name | Trigger Front Out GPO 0 Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_LOW Low Active FG_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | FG_HIGH |

Example 7.10. Usage of FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_POLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_HIGH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGEROUT_FRONT_GPO_0_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.3. GPI

7.3.1. FG_DIGIO_INPUT

Parameter *FG_DIGIO_INPUT* is used to monitor the digital inputs of the frame grabber. This AcquisitionApplets has 4 digital inputs. You can read the current state of these inputs using parameter *FG_DIGIO_INPUT*. Bit 0 of the read value represents input 0, bit 1 represents input 1 and so on. For example, if you obtain the value 37 or hexadecimal 0x25, the frame grabber will have high level on its digital inputs 0, 2 and 5.

Table 7.11. Parameter properties of FG_DIGIO_INPUT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_DIGIO_INPUT |
| Display Name | Digital Input |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 4095 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | |

Example 7.11. Usage of FG_DIGIO_INPUT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;

```

```
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;
if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DIGIO_INPUT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

7.4. Event Source

7.4.1. FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_SOURCE

Select the source for the custom signal event.

Table 7.12. Parameter properties of FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_SOURCE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_SOURCE |
| Display Name | Custom Signal Event 0 Source |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | GND GND VCC VCC FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC Signal Exsync FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 Signal Exsync2 FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH Signal Flash FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL Signal Line Valid FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL Signal Frame Valid FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_START Signal Line Start FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_END Cam0 Line Transfer End FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_START Signal Frame Start FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_END Signal Frame End FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC Signal Cam1 Exsync FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 Signal Cam1 Exsync2 FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH Signal Cam1 Flash FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL Signal Cam1 Line Valid FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL Signal Cam1 Frame Valid FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_START Signal Cam1 Line Start FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_END Signal Cam1 Line End FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_START Signal Cam1 Frame Start FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_END Signal Cam1 Frame End FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC Signal Cam2 Exsync FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 Signal Cam2 Exsync2 FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH Signal Cam2 Flash FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL Signal Cam2 Line Valid FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL Signal Cam2 Frame Valid FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_START Signal Cam2 Line Start FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_END Signal Cam2 Line End FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_START Signal Cam2 Frame Start FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_END Signal Cam2 Frame End FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC Signal Cam3 Exsync FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 Signal Cam3 Exsync2 FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH Signal Cam3 Flash FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL Signal Cam3 Line Valid FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL Signal Cam3 Frame Valid FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_START Signal Cam3 Line Start FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_END Signal Cam3 Line End FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_START Signal Cam3 Frame Start FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_END Signal Cam3 Frame End FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 Signal Front GPI 0 FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 Signal Front GPI 1 |
| Default value | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC |

Example 7.12. Usage of FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_SOURCE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

```

```

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.4.2. FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_POLARITY

Select the polarity for the custom signal event.

Table 7.13. Parameter properties of FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_POLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_POLARITY |
| Display Name | Custom Signal Event 0 Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_LOW Low Active FG_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | FG_HIGH |

Example 7.13. Usage of FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_POLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_HIGH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.4.3. FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_SOURCE

Select the source for the custom signal event.

Table 7.14. Parameter properties of FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_SOURCE

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_SOURCE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | Custom Signal Event 1 Source | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tbody> <tr><td>GND</td><td>GND</td></tr> <tr><td>VCC</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH</td><td>Signal Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL</td><td>Signal Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL</td><td>Signal Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_START</td><td>Signal Line Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_END</td><td>Cam0 Line Transfer End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_START</td><td>Signal Frame Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_END</td><td>Signal Frame End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam1 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_START</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_END</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_START</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_END</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam2 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_START</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_END</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_START</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_END</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam3 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_START</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_END</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_START</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_END</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0</td><td>Signal Front GPI 0</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1</td><td>Signal Front GPI 1</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | GND | GND | VCC | VCC | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_START | Signal Line Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_END | Cam0 Line Transfer End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_START | Signal Frame Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_END | Signal Frame End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_START | Signal Cam1 Line Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_END | Signal Cam1 Line End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_START | Signal Cam1 Frame Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_END | Signal Cam1 Frame End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_START | Signal Cam2 Line Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_END | Signal Cam2 Line End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_START | Signal Cam2 Frame Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_END | Signal Cam2 Frame End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_START | Signal Cam3 Line Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_END | Signal Cam3 Line End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_START | Signal Cam3 Frame Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_END | Signal Cam3 Frame End | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 |
| GND | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VCC | VCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_START | Signal Line Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_END | Cam0 Line Transfer End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_START | Signal Frame Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_END | Signal Frame End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_START | Signal Cam1 Line Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_END | Signal Cam1 Line End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_START | Signal Cam1 Frame Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_END | Signal Cam1 Frame End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_START | Signal Cam2 Line Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_END | Signal Cam2 Line End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_START | Signal Cam2 Frame Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_END | Signal Cam2 Frame End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_START | Signal Cam3 Line Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_END | Signal Cam3 Line End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_START | Signal Cam3 Frame Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_END | Signal Cam3 Frame End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 7.14. Usage of FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_SOURCE

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;
```

```

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.4.4. FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_POLARITY

Select the polarity for the custom signal event.

Table 7.15. Parameter properties of FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_POLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_POLARITY |
| Display Name | Custom Signal Event 1 Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_LOW Low Active FG_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | FG_HIGH |

Example 7.15. Usage of FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_POLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_HIGH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

7.5. Events

In programming or runtime environments, a callback function is a piece of executable code that is passed as an argument, which is expected to call back (execute) exactly that time an event is triggered. This applet can generate some software callback events based on trigger inputs as explained in the following section. These events are not related to a special camera functionality. Other event sources are described in additional sections of this document.

Basler Framegrabber SDK enables an application to get these event notifications about certain state changes at the data flow from camera to RAM and the image and trigger processing as well. Please consult the Basler Framegrabber SDK documentation for more details concerning the implementation of this functionality.

7.5.1. FG_TRIGGER_INPUT0_RISING

This event is generated for each rising signal edge at trigger input 0. Except for the timestamp, the event has no additional data included. Keep in mind that fast changes of the input signal can cause high interrupt rates which might slow down the system. This event can occur independent of the acquisition status.

7.5.2. FG_TRIGGER_INPUT0_FALLING

This event is generated for each falling signal edge at trigger input 0. Except for the timestamp, the event has no additional data included. Keep in mind that fast changes of the input signal can cause high interrupt rates which might slow down the system. This event can occur independent of the acquisition status.

7.5.3. FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0

The event defined by *FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_SOURCE* and *FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_0_POLARITY*.

7.5.4. FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1

The event defined by *FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_SOURCE* and *FG_CUSTOM_SIGNAL_EVENT_1_POLARITY*.

Chapter 8. Line Trigger / ExSync

The line trigger function block uses signals to control the line scan acquisition of the specific camera. A external synchronization signal or internal generated puls with fixed frequency being sent to the line scan camera is called ExSync. With the help of this signal it is possible to control the exposure of the connected camera.

The camera needs to be configured accordingly to use the ExSync as control signal. Furthermore the camera might expect the ExSync at a particular CC signal and/or polarity.

For CoaXPress the the exposure control is sent in two independent packets. A single start- and a single end-packet. The time in between is interpreted as pulse width. The timing of these is very precise.

An sensor exposure control based on pulse length/duration is very common. Please make sure that the exposure time is less than the period of the expected maximum line frequency. Consult the camera's manual for more details because these are device specific. More details concerning ExSync can be found in the parameter description of *FG_EXSYNCON*.

Basically two different generation modes for the ExSync signals are available,

- a simple periodical and
- an externally triggered generation.

Additionally, two variants of these are available,

- the first is independent from the image gate,
- and the second is gated by the image gate, which creates ExSync signals only during the actual acquisition.

All details can be found in the parameter description of *FG_LINETRIGGERMODE*.

For the mapping of the ExSync signals to the digital outputs check Chapter 7, 'Digital I/O'.

8.1. FG_LINETRIGGERMODE

Please choose one of the line trigger modes described here. Make sure that the operation modes of the frame grabber and the camera are the same.

Image independent ExSync modes:

- **Grabber Controlled**

For the grabber controlled line trigger, the ExSync signal is a simple periodical signal. Its period defines the line frequency and its active time is used by many cameras to define the exposure time.

- **External Trigger**

The external trigger mode for ExSync generates a single ExSync pulse when the external trigger source becomes active. The ExSync defines the exposure time for the camera. During the exposure time is not possible to re-trigger the ExSync. If the camera needs an additional setup time, it is possible to extend the deadtime of the trigger - the time where no re-trigger is possible - beyond the exposure time. If you want to trigger fewer lines than pulses available at the trigger input, it is possible to downscale the trigger input, e.g. a downscaler of 2 will generate an ExSync every 2nd input pulse, a downscaler of 3 only every third of the input pulses, and so on.

Image gate dependent ExSync modes:

- **Grabber Controlled Gated**

For the grabber controlled gated line trigger, the ExSync signal is generated the very same way as for the grabber controlled mode described above. However, the generator for the ExSync is starting the rising image gate and stops with the image gate becoming inactive. This gives a smaller jitter for the time from the start of the image gate and the generation of the first ExSync, especially for very long ExSync periods.

- **External Trigger Gated**

For the external trigger gated controlled line trigger, the ExSync signal is generated the very same way as for the external trigger mode described above. However, the generator for the ExSync is starting the rising image gate and stops with the image gate becoming inactive. For this mode two downscalers are available. The first is the downscaler from the beginning of the image gate to the first ExSync, it is called phase. The second is downscaling all succeeding input triggers and is the same as the downscaler used in external trigger mode described above. The options downscale and phase allow further adjustment of the camera trigger with respect to its external source, the trigger input. The value downscale determines the divisor of the input frequency, e.g. a downscale of 16 will produce an ExSync every $16 * n$ of the input trigger. Furthermore, the phase gives the possibility to shift the camera trigger. A phase shift of 90° is achieved when setting phase to 4, which produces a camera trigger at times $16 * n + 4$ of the input trigger signal.

Table 8.1. Parameter properties of FG_LINETRIGGERMODE

| Property | Value | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Name | FG_LINETRIGGERMODE | |
| Display Name | Line Trigger Mode | |
| Type | Enumeration | |
| Access policy | Read/Write | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | |
| Allowed values | GRABBER_CONTROLLED | Grabber Controlled |
| | ASYNC_TRIGGER | Async External Trigger |
| | GRABBER_CONTROLLED_GATED | Grabber Controlled Gated |
| | ASYNC_GATED | Async Gated Trigger |
| Default value | GRABBER_CONTROLLED | |

Example 8.1. Usage of FG_LINETRIGGERMODE

```
int result = 0;
int value = GRABBER_CONTROLLED;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERMODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERMODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

8.2. FG_EXSYNCON

This parameter enables the transmission of ExSync signals to the camera.

Please take care to first start the acquisition before setting this ExSyncOn parameter to On (**FG_ON**) if you want to acquire all lines being generated by the camera. The signal will be sent as soon as the ExSync has been started. As soon as the acquisition is started the used timeout parameter becomes valid independent of the ExSyncOn parameter being On (**FG_ON**) or Off (**FG_OFF**). By switching this parameter On (**FG_ON**) and Off (**FG_OFF**) during an acquisition you can check if the camera is configured to use this external signal for exposure start.

Whether the ExSync is really used by the camera is based on the settings of the camera. Consult the camera's manual for more details because these are device specific.

Table 8.2. Parameter properties of FG_EXSYNCON

| Property | Value |
|----------------|------------------------|
| Name | FG_EXSYNCON |
| Display Name | ExSync On |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_ON |

Example 8.2. Usage of FG_EXSYNCON

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_ON;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_EXSYNCON, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_EXSYNCON, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

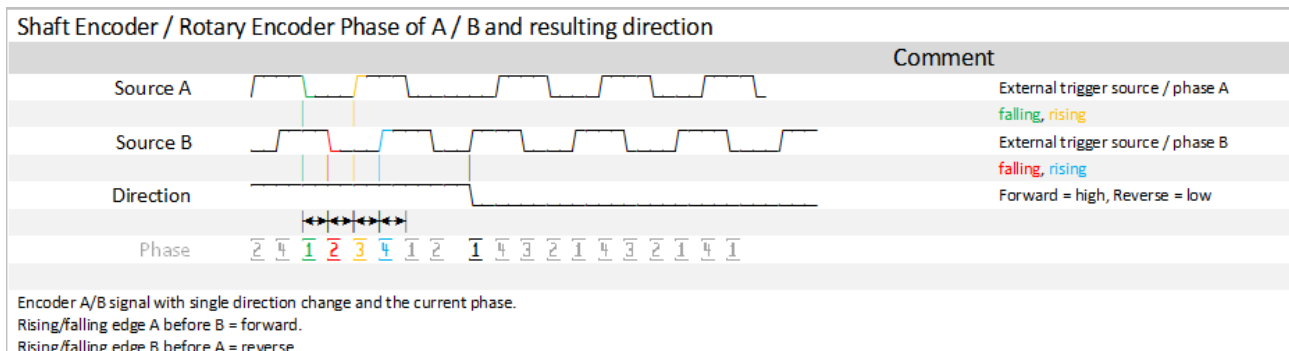
8.3. Line Trigger Input

In the line trigger input category of the line trigger module, the applet is configured for a possible external line trigger input. Here, debouncing times, downscales, polarities and a shaft encoder input are configured.

The external peripheral line trigger source will be in most cases a shaft encoder, also called a rotary encoder. These devices convert the objects movement over an angular motion into relative incremental pulses. The angular motion is taken from the motor axis or a wheel being connected to the translational motion of the scanned object. For most line scan applications it is relevant to get exact feedback of the relative motion between camera and object. By this a certain number of incremental pulses per distance is given to the frame grabber trigger input interface. Depending on the used incremental shaft encoders a certain number (500, 1000, ...) of incremental pulses per rotation is produced.

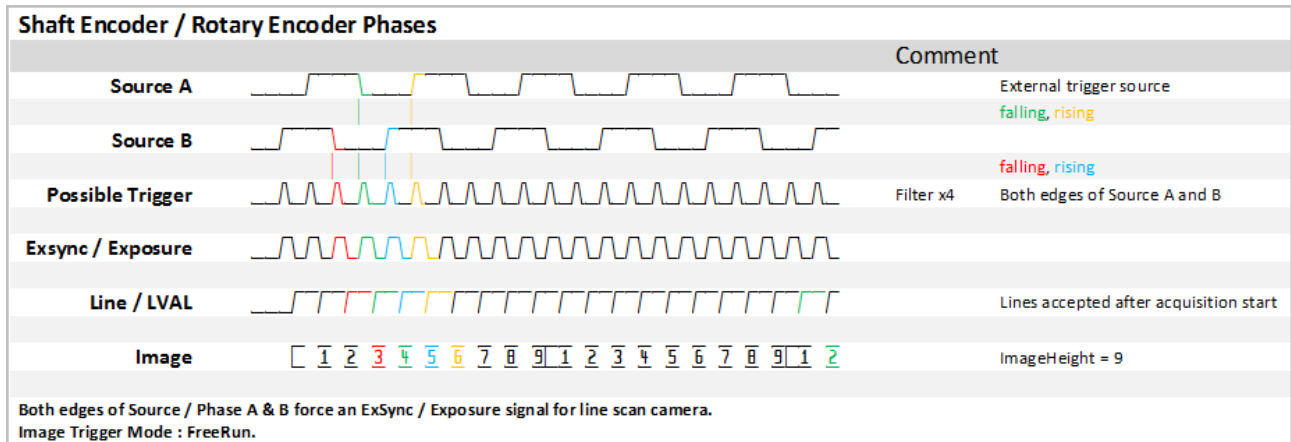
Most incremental shaft encoders provide 2 signals that are called A & B. By using these two signals the relative increments can be seen at the edges of these signals and a direction. In one direction the A-phase high state rises before the B-phase in the other direction, i.e. vice versa. If we do not need a direction for our application, only the A-phase is necessary. A combination of A & B may provide a higher resolution. Please see `FG_SHAFTENCODERMODE` and `FG_SHAFTENCODERON` for this.

Figure 8.1. Shaft Encoder, A & B phase, direction



During an acquisition the shaft encoder signals trigger the ExSync signals and force the sensor to perform an exposure. After the sensor exposure the line is read-out and transferred. The time between exposure and transfer is for most line scan cameras very short.

Figure 8.2. Shaft Encoder, A & B signal, acquisition



The different phases are defined as seen in the following table. A positive phase increment is forward direction, a negative means reverse. This induces rising/falling edge A before B equals forward direction and rising/falling edge B before A means reverse.

Table 8.3. Phases of an A/B Shaft Encoder

| Phase | A-state | B-state |
|-------|---------|---------|
| 1 | low | high |
| 2 | low | low |
| 3 | high | low |
| 4 | high | high |

Some shaft encoders provide a third signal that is pulsed for each full rotation which is called Z or index. This signal Z could become interesting for an image trigger mode. For more details see Chapter 9, 'Image Trigger / Flash'.

For most applications and several camera or line scan sensor types it is necessary to have the same resolution in X and Y direction of an image. Due to this the number of pixels per mm in sensor- and motion-direction needs to be the same. In case of an 1024 pixel line scan sensor looking at 10 cm we have 10.24 pixel per mm orthogonal to the web direction. In order to reach an 1:1 scaling we need 10.24 ExSync signals per mm. If a perfectly round object is scanned with an 1:1 scaling then it is exactly round in the image too. When the result becomes elliptic, the scaling is not perfect and some line scan sensor architectures (Bi/Tri-Linear, Dual-Line, ...) will show some additional artefacts.

8.3.1. FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC

This parameter specifies the digital signal source for phase A, which is used to trigger the ExSync signal. If an A/B shaft encoder is used, configure source B at `FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC`, too. For more details consult the Framegrabber SDK manual.

It is possible to use the shaft encoder A phase only if the direction of scanning is not of interest in the target application. Concerning more details to the shaft encoder please consider the introduction of Section 8.3, 'Line Trigger Input'.

Table 8.4. Parameter properties of FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC |
| Display Name | Line Trigger In Source |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_0 Trigger In Source Front GPI 0 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_1 Trigger In Source Front GPI 1 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_2 Trigger In Source Front GPI 2 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_3 Trigger In Source Front GPI 3 |
| Default value | TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_1 |

Example 8.3. Usage of FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC

```

int result = 0;
int value = TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_1;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.3.2. FG_LINETRIGGERINPOLARITY

The parameter defines the polarity of the external input trigger signal encoder source A and source B. When set to LowActive, the ExSync generator starts on a falling edge of the signal specified by the parameter *FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC*. Otherwise, the ExSync generation starts on a rising edge. This is only relevant if the *FG_LINETRIGGERMODE* is set to an external trigger.

Table 8.5. Parameter properties of FG_LINETRIGGERINPOLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_LINETRIGGERINPOLARITY |
| Display Name | Line Trigger In Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | HIGH_ON_ZERO_LOW Low Active HIGH_ON_ZERO_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | HIGH_ACTIVE |

Example 8.4. Usage of FG_LINETRIGGERINPOLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = HIGH_ACTIVE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERINPOLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

```

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERINPOLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.3.3. FG_LINETRIGGERDEBOUNCING

This parameter specifies the debouncing time. This is the time for which the input line trigger signals must keep the same value to be detected as such. Fast signal changes within the debouncing time will be filtered out.

Table 8.6. Parameter properties of FG_LINETRIGGERDEBOUNCING

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_LINETRIGGERDEBOUNCING |
| Display Name | Line Trigger Debouncing |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0032 Maximum 26.0 Stepsize 0.0032 |
| Default value | 0.112 |
| Unit of measure | µs |

Example 8.5. Usage of FG_LINETRIGGERDEBOUNCING

```

int result = 0;
double value = 0.112;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERDEBOUNCING, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERDEBOUNCING, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.3.4. Downscale

8.3.4.1. FG_LINE_DOWNSCALE

Sets the value after how many pulses of the input trigger signal a single one is passed through as ExSync. For example, a value of 2 creates an ExSync pulse at each 2nd input trigger signal. This is only relevant if the *FG_LINETRIGGERMODE* is set to an external trigger mode. The parameter *FG_LINE_DOWNSCALEINIT* selects an initial delay of incoming pulses.

Figure 8.3. Downscale and Init phase behaviour

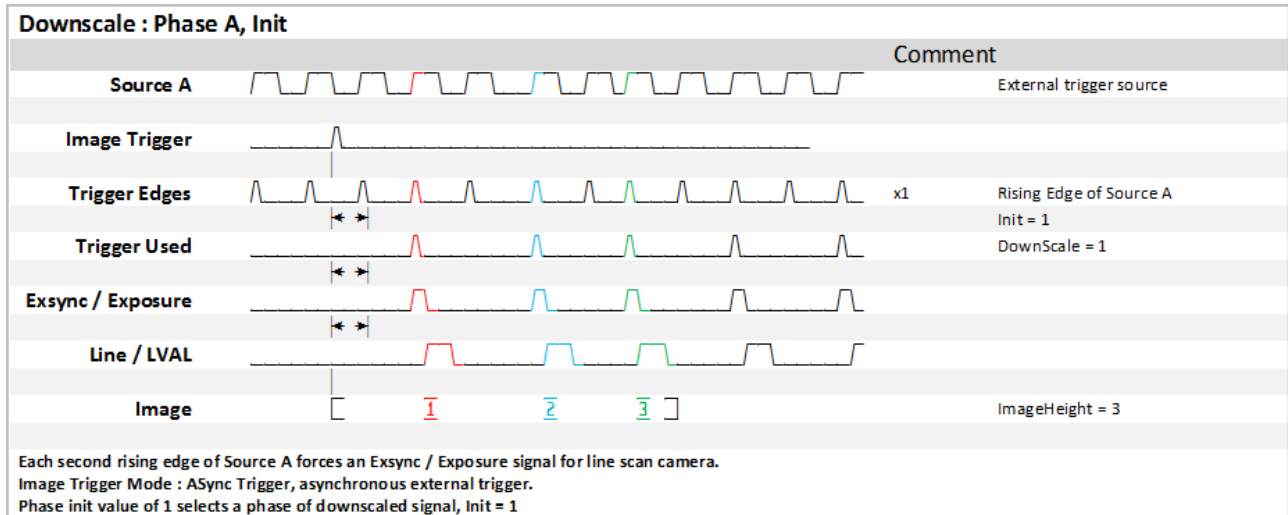


Table 8.7. Parameter properties of FG_LINE_DOWNSCALE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_LINE_DOWNSCALE |
| Display Name | Line Downscale |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 255 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1 |
| Unit of measure | pulses |

Example 8.6. Usage of FG_LINE_DOWNSCALE

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINE_DOWNSCALE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINE_DOWNSCALE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
    
```

8.3.4.2. FG_LINE_DOWNSCALEINIT

In addition to the downscale value this parameter sets a phase position. This parameter specifies the number of external input trigger signals, which are needed to generate the first ExSync of a frame. This is only relevant if the `FG_LINETRIGGERMODE` is set to an image gate dependent ExSync mode. This value is applied after the image start pulse. The parameter `FG_LINE_DOWNSCALE` represents the number of possible steps and an explaining figure is found in its description (Init=1).

Table 8.8. Parameter properties of FG_LINE_DOWNSCALEINIT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_LINE_DOWNSCALEINIT |
| Display Name | Line Downscale Init |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 255 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1 |
| Unit of measure | pulses |

Example 8.7. Usage of FG_LINE_DOWNSCALEINIT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINE_DOWNSCALEINIT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINE_DOWNSCALEINIT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.4. Shaft Encoder A/B Filter

With the support of signal A/B for shaft encoders it is possible to detect the rotary direction of an attached encoder and filter the encoder signals accordingly. Also a compensation is performed for up to 16,777,216 reverse encoder signals. A brief description about this feature is found in the shaft encoder documentation.

8.4.1. FG_SHAFTENCODERON

Switch the shaft encoder filter On or Off. This is only relevant if the `FG_LINETRIGGERMODE` is set to an external trigger mode. The functionalities of `FG_SHAFTENCODERMODE`, `FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC`, `FG_SHAFTENCODERLEADING`, `FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE`, `FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT` become relevant in the case this parameter is set to On = **FG_ON**. When enabling the shaft encoder, a reset of the encoder compensation is performed. If this filter is switched on a correct A & B encoder signal is expected and necessary for correct functionality. Please be aware that the input signal at `FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC` is interpreted as phase B and the input signal at `FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC` as phase A. A sketch of the signal can be found in the description of parameter `FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC`.

Table 8.9. Parameter properties of FG_SHAFTENCODERON

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_SHAFTENCODERON |
| Display Name | Shaft Encoder On |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_OFF |

Example 8.8. Usage of FG_SHAFTENCODERON

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_OFF;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODERON, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODERON, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.4.2. FG_SHAFTENCODERMODE

The shaft encoder mode can be run in three operation modes. Please choose the according operation mode for your application. This feature can be used if *FG_SHAFTENCODERON* is switched on. It enables you to adjust the number of increments per rotation of the shaft encoder. Together with the parameter *FG_LINE_DOWNSCALE* you can adjust the increment re-scaling.

The following modes are available:

- Filter x1

ExSync is generated for a forward rotation of the shaft encoder in single resolution, i.e. a trigger pulse for rising edge of Source A.

- Filter x2

ExSync is generated for a forward rotation of the shaft encoder in double resolution, i.e. a trigger pulse for a rising and falling edge of Source A, edges of Source B are not used.

- Filter x4

ExSync is generated for a forward rotation of the shaft encoder in quad resolution, i.e. a trigger pulse for a rising and falling edge of Source A and a rising and falling edge of Source B.

Figure 8.4. Shaft Encoder Mode : Filter x4, x2, x1

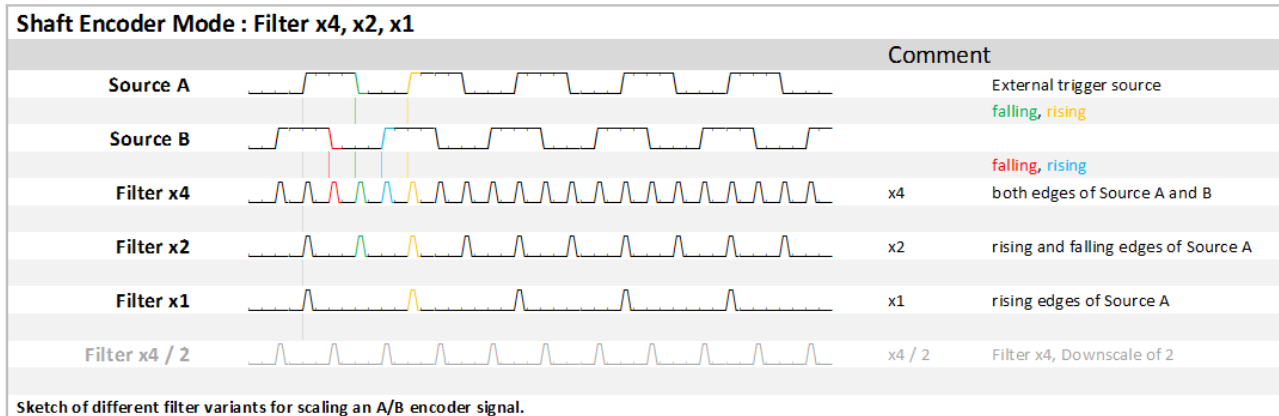


Table 8.10. Parameter properties of FG_SHAFTENCODERMODE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SHAFTENCODERMODE |
| Display Name | Shaft Encoder Mode |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FILTER_X1 Filter X1 FILTER_X2 Filter X2 FILTER_X4 Filter X4 |
| Default value | FILTER_X1 |

Example 8.9. Usage of FG_SHAFTENCODERMODE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FILTER_X1;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODERMODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODERMODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.4.3. FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC

Specifies the input signal source / phase B for the shaft encoder filter. Signal source B of the shaft encoder is 90 degree phase shifted to source / phase A. In this document you can get more explanations regarding the input pins in the context of parameter `FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC` and concerning the shaft encoder in the introduction of Section 8.3, 'Line Trigger Input'. Check the hardware documentation of the microEnable trigger board and the Framegrabber SDK manual for more details.

Table 8.11. Parameter properties of FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC |
| Display Name | Shaft Encoder Input Source |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_0 Trigger In Source Front GPI 0 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_1 Trigger In Source Front GPI 1 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_2 Trigger In Source Front GPI 2 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_3 Trigger In Source Front GPI 3 |
| Default value | TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_2 |

Example 8.10. Usage of FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC

```

int result = 0;
int value = TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_2;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.4.4. FG_SHAFTENCODERLEADING

This parameter defines the leading signal (= direction) of the shaft encoder filter. This induces rising/falling edge A before B equals forward direction and rising/falling edge B before A means reverse. The default setting is A as the leading signal. Flipping the input pins or their polarity will have the same effect as changing this to B as the leading signal. It simply defines the valid direction of the scan. An explanation of the direction detection based on an encoder A / B signal is found in Section 8.3, 'Line Trigger Input'.

Table 8.12. Parameter properties of FG_SHAFTENCODERLEADING

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SHAFTENCODERLEADING |
| Display Name | Shaft Encoder Leading |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | SOURCE_A Source A SOURCE_B Source B |
| Default value | SOURCE_A |

Example 8.11. Usage of FG_SHAFTENCODERLEADING

```

int result = 0;
int value = SOURCE_A;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODERLEADING, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

```

}
if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODERLEADING, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

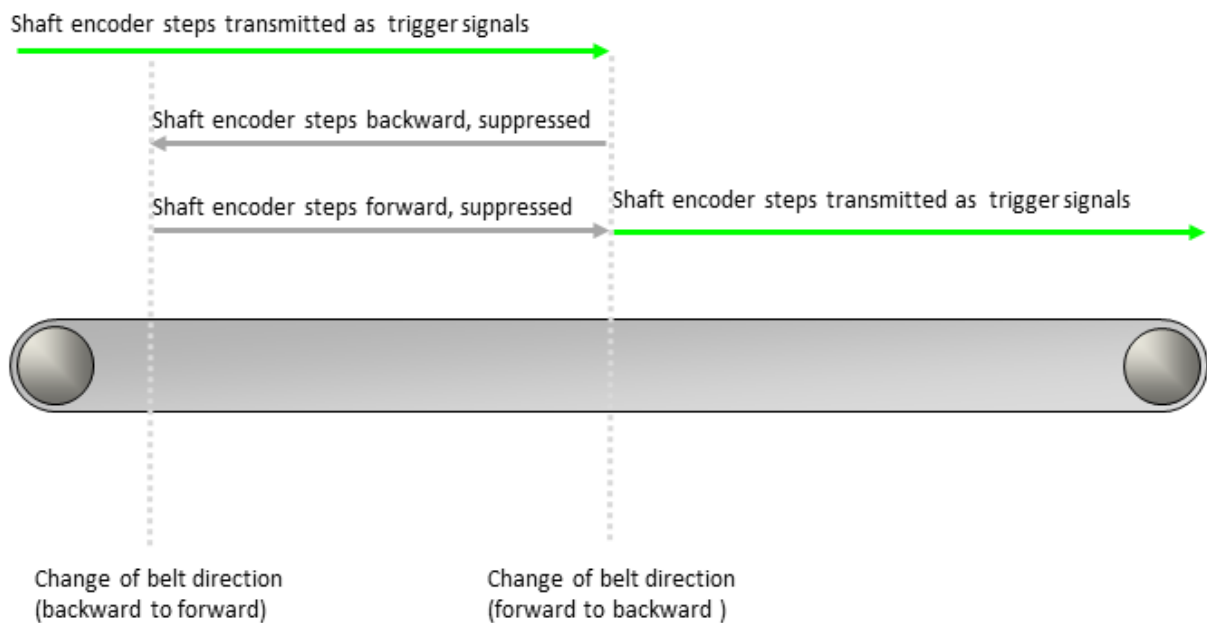
```

8.4.5. FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE

The shaft encoder analyzer includes a rollback compensation. In case the rollback compensation is enabled, the module will compensate the reverse movement so that no object is scanned twice. The module will count the number of reverse pulses and will suppress all reverse and forward pulses until position of maximum progress is reached again. If switched to ON, in case of shaft encoder backward movement, the operator counts how many shaft encoder steps the shaft encoder moves backwards. When the shaft encoder moves forwards again, this number of shaft encoder steps (now forward direction) is not transmitted as external trigger signals. Only after the transportation belt is back to the place where the backward movement started, the shaft encoder steps (forward direction) are transmitted as external trigger signals again.

Parameter *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE* switched ON:

Figure 8.5. Shaft Encoder Compensation Enable = ON



In case the rollback compensation is disabled, the shaft encoder analyzer will only suppress reverse pulses but use all forward pulses. If switched to OFF, the operator simply doesn't transmit any trigger signals as long as the transportation belt moves backwards. As soon as the transport belt starts to move forwards again, the operator transmits the shaft encoder steps (forward direction) as trigger signals.

Parameter *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE* switched OFF:

Figure 8.6. Shaft Encoder Compensation Enable = OFF

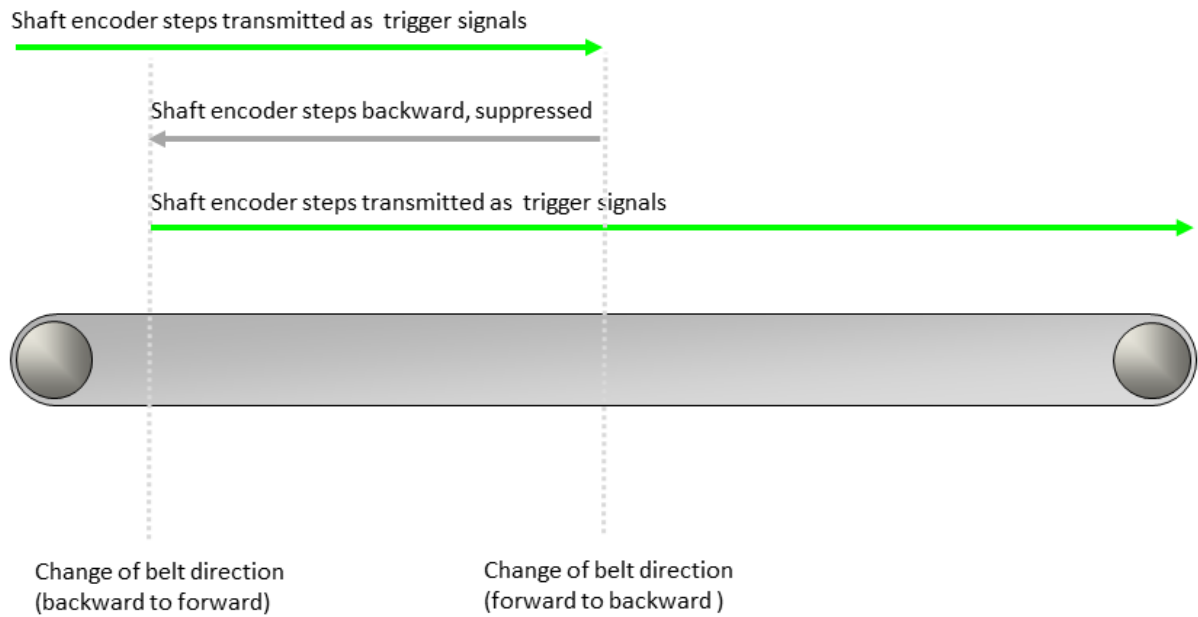


Table 8.13. Parameter properties of FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE |
| Display Name | Shaft Encoder Compensation Enable |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_ON |

Example 8.12. Usage of FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_ON;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.4.6. FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT

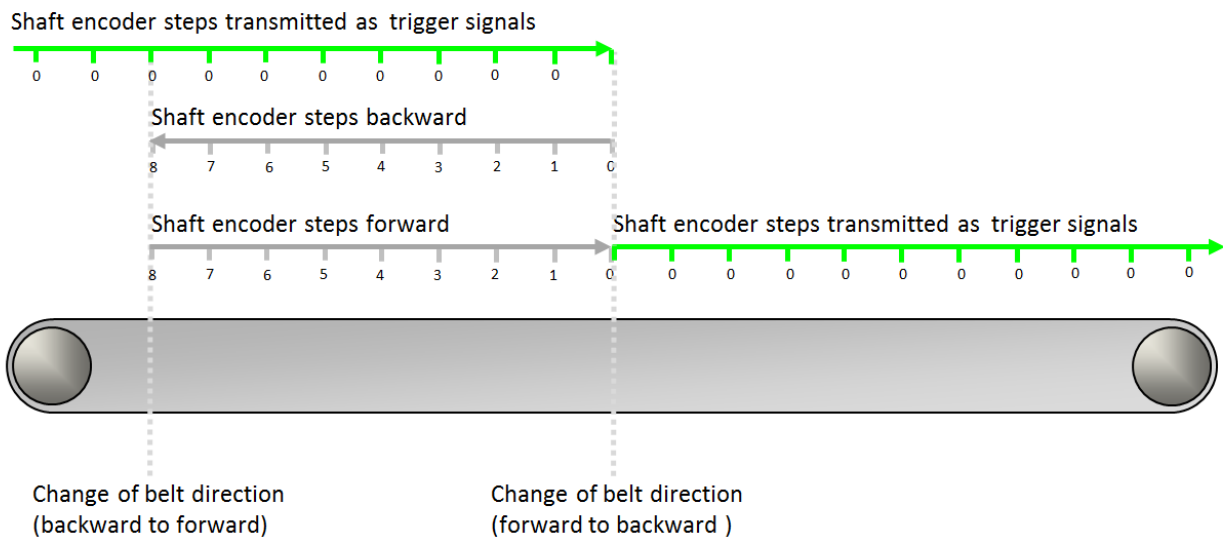
Using this parameter you can read and write the current shaft encoder rollback compensation counter. A compensation value zero indicates that currently no compensation is made. Therefore, you can reset the compensation by writing value zero to this parameter. Any other value will set a new compensation value. By knowing the distance / resolution for every encoder pulse, the compensation distance can be set. Concerning the shaft encoder find some more details in the introduction of Section 8.3, 'Line Trigger Input'.

It is based on a 20bit counter enabling a backward movement of up to 1048575 encoder pulses. An overflow of this value will not occur since it will skip all additional pulses for a compensation state of more than 1048575. By this the count of the rollback compensation is limited by 2 to the power of 20 pulses, what is enough for most applications in practice. As an example we could use a pretty high resolution of 20 pulses per mm, what is already sufficient for a maximum rollback distance of more than 50 meters.

Basic Conditions

If parameter *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_ENABLE* is set to ON, an internal counter counts the shaft encoder steps the transportation belt moves backwards. This is necessary to be able to compensate the exact number of shaft encoder steps when the transportation belt starts moving forwards again:

Figure 8.7. Shaft Encoder Compensation Enable = ON



The internal counter counts forwards as long as the transportation belt moves backwards. (In figure 8.7, from 0 to 8.)

The internal counter counts backwards while the transportation belt moves forwards. (In figure 8.7, from 8 to 0.)

When the internal counter holds the value 0, the shaft encoder steps are transmitted as trigger signals.

The value the internal counter holds at a given moment is the value of parameter *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT*. Only if this value is 0, encoder steps are transmitted as trigger signals. If the value of parameter *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT* is not 0, the shaft encoder steps are not transmitted as trigger signals and the value keeps changing with every encoder step until it reaches the value 0 again.

Reading the Parameter

The parameter *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT* is a read/write parameter. Therefore, at any given moment, you can always read out the value the counter holds at a given moment.

Defining an Offset

On the other hand, you can always modify the parameter value since you have write access during acquisition. If you need to define an offset to the standard encoder compensation, you can use this parameter to enter the number of steps you need the offset to be.

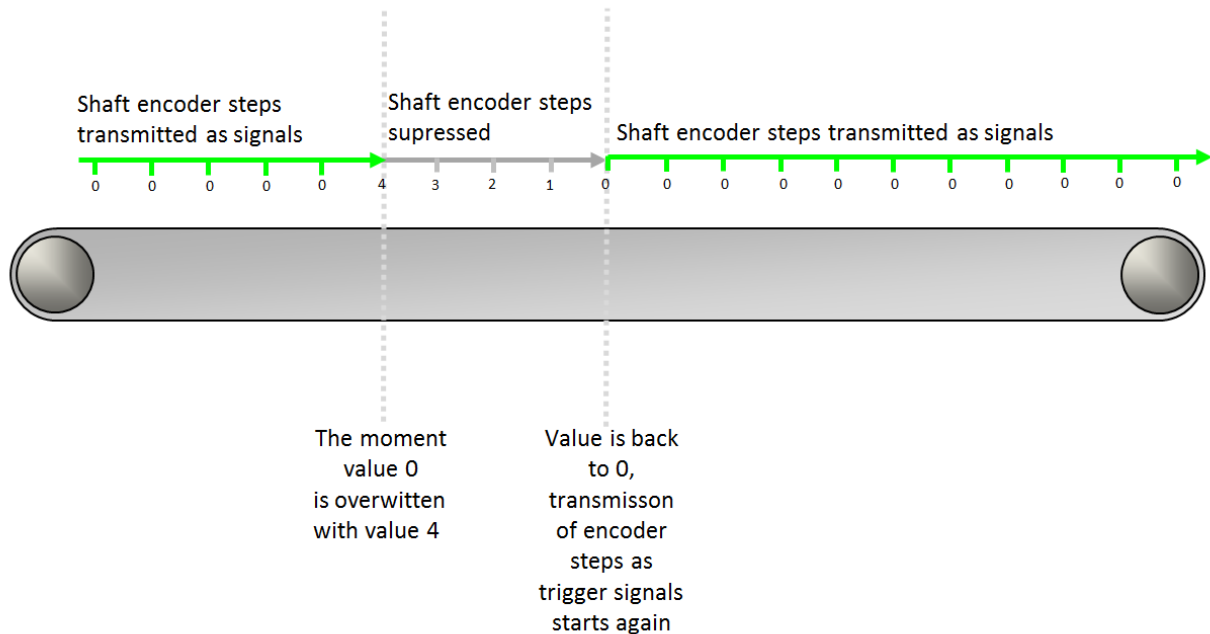
As soon as you enter a value for *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT*, this value overwrites the value the parameter holds before.

In the following let's look at some examples for overwriting the current value of `FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT`:

Example 1:

The transportation belt is moving forward, the shaft encoder steps are transmitted as trigger signals, and the value of `FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT` is 0. Then, the value 0 of `FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT` is overwritten by value 4. Result: 4 shaft encoder steps are not transmitted as trigger signals.

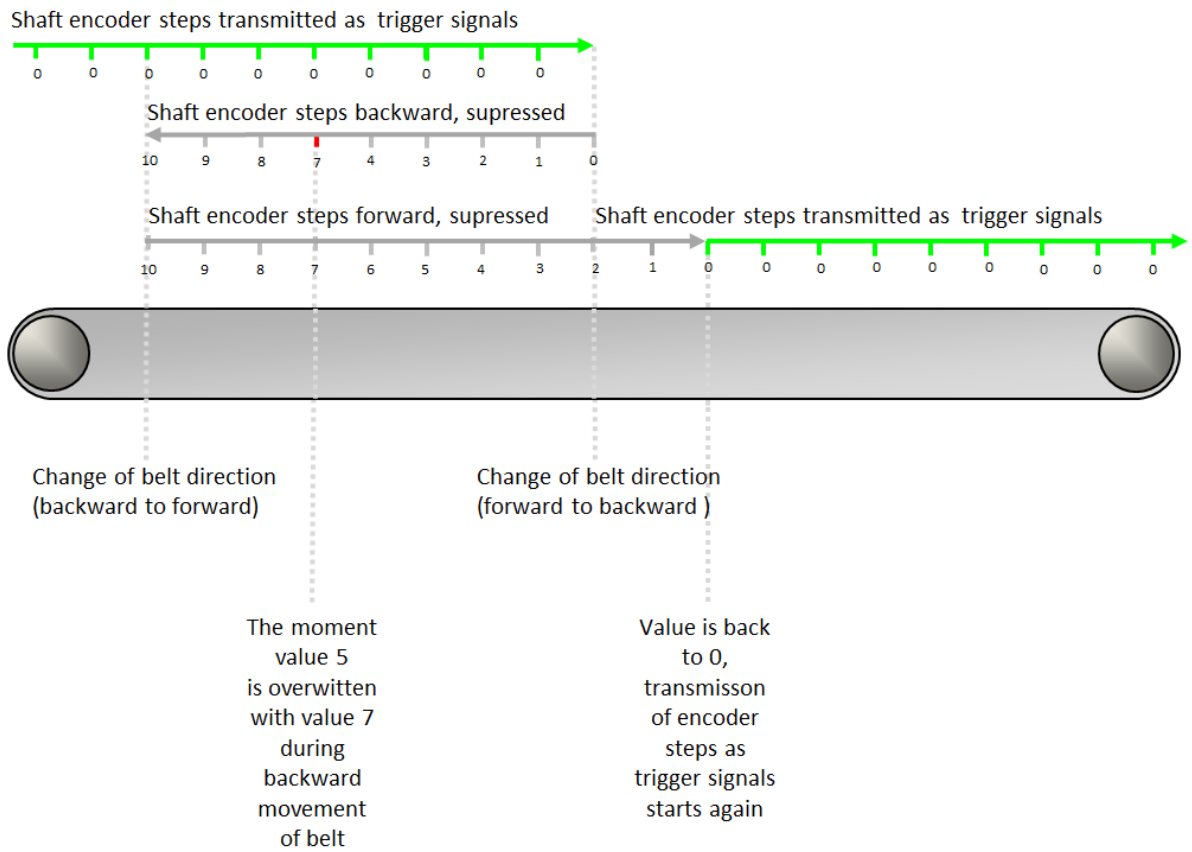
Figure 8.8. Shaft Encoder Compensation Count Example 1



Example 2:

The transportation belt is moving backward, the (backward) shaft encoder steps are suppressed, and the value of `FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT` is not 0. Then, during backward movement of the transportation belt, the value 5 of `FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT` is overwritten by value 7. Result: Offset of 2 shaft encoder steps.

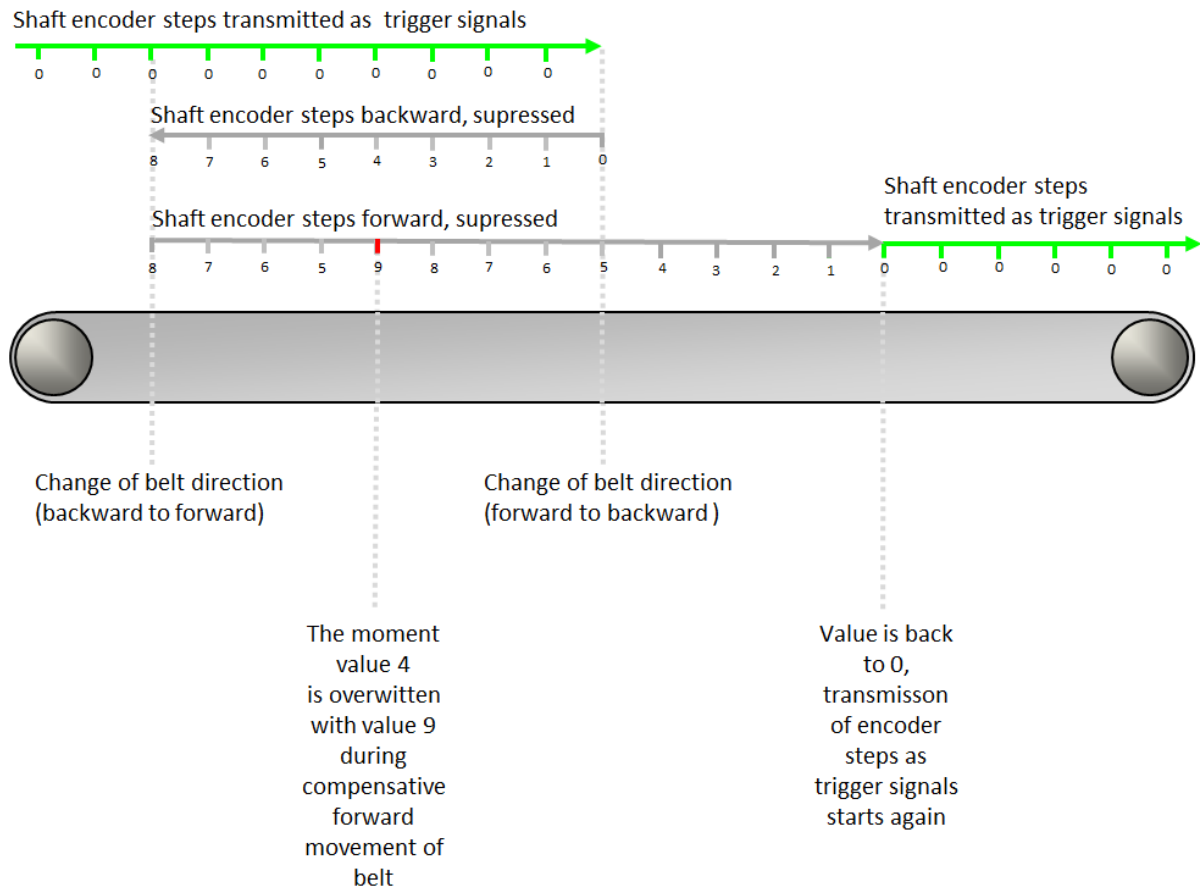
Figure 8.9. Shaft Encoder Compensation Count Example 2



Example 3:

The transportation belt is moving forward during compensation, the (forward) shaft encoder steps are suppressed, and the value of *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT* is not 0. Then, during compensative forward movement of the transportation belt, the value 4 of *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT* is overwritten with value 9. Result: Offset of 5 shaft encoder steps.

Figure 8.10. Shaft Encoder Compensation Count Example 3

**Example 4:**

The transportation belt is moving forward during compensation, the (forward) shaft encoder steps are suppressed, and the value of *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT* is not 0. Then, during compensative forward movement of the transportation belt, the value 4 of *FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT* is overwritten with a smaller value, in our case with value 3. Result: Negative offset of -1 shaft encoder step.

Figure 8.11. Shaft Encoder Compensation Count Example 4

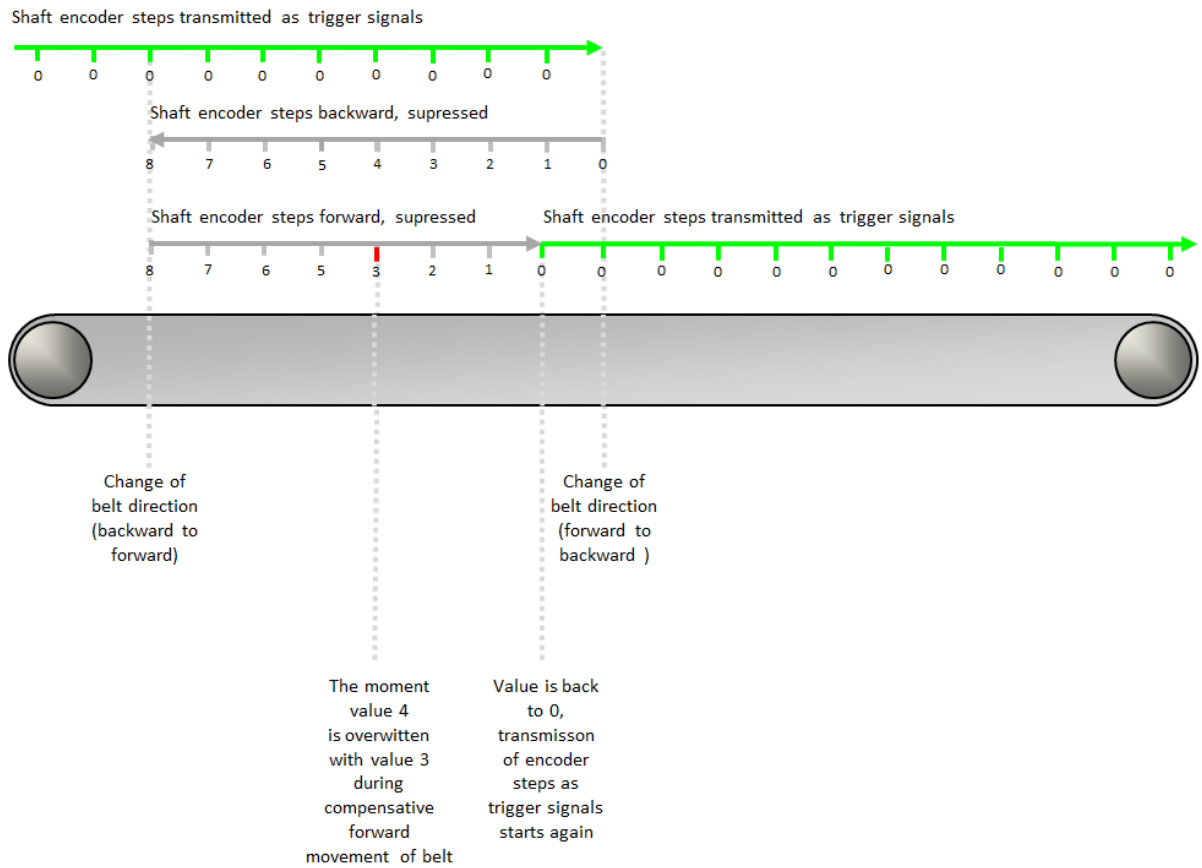


Table 8.14. Parameter properties of FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT |
| Display Name | Shaft Encoder Compensation Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 1048575 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | pulses |

Example 8.13. Usage of FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SHAFTENCODER_COMPENSATION_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
    
```

8.5. ExSync Output

This category includes parameters to specify and parameterize the generated ExSync output signals.

8.5.1. FG_LINEPERIODE

This parameter specifies the period of the ExSync signal. Therefore, it defines the line frequency when using the grabber controlled mode to trigger the connected camera. This period is of interest if a grabber controlled line trigger mode is used; more details for this can be found at *FG_LINETRIGGERMODE*. The line period is not allowed to be shorter than the minimum period - maximum line frequency - being supported by the camera, or in other words:

Please do not try to trigger the camera at a higher frequency than possible.

This maximum frequency is limited by the exposure time and the line scan sensor maximum speed. Please consider the camera manual for more details.

The following equations are mentioned in order to support the setup process if no period for *FG_LINEPERIODE* is mentioned:

- **Frequency**

The period **T** is the duration of time of one cycle in a repeating event, so the period is the reciprocal of the frequency **f**.

Equation 8.1. Frequency to Period

$$T = \frac{1}{f}$$

Equation 8.2. Example: 17.6 kHz to Period

$$\begin{aligned} T &= \frac{1}{F} = \frac{1}{17.6kHz} = \frac{1}{17600Hz} \\ T &= 0.0000568s = 0.0568ms = 56.8\mu s \end{aligned}$$

- **Velocity and Pixel / mm**

The period **T** is the duration of time of one cycle in a repeating event. At a velocity **v** and a given number **n** of pixels / mm together with the number **n** of pixels / mm being based on the resolution count **r** of the line scan sensor pixels and the width of view **w** in mm the following equations are valid.

Equation 8.3. Velocity and Resolution to Period

$$\begin{aligned} n &= \frac{r}{w} \\ v &= \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}} \\ f &= v * n \\ T &= \frac{1}{f} \end{aligned}$$

Equation 8.4. Example: $v = 53.4$ m/min, $r = 4096$ pixels, $w = 19.2$ cm Wide Web to Period

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= \frac{r}{w} = \frac{4096}{19.2\text{cm}} = \frac{4096}{192\text{mm}} = \frac{21.33}{\text{mm}} \\
 v &= \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}} = \frac{53.4\text{m}}{\text{min}} = \frac{53.4\text{m}}{60\text{s}} = 0.89 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \\
 f &= v * n = 0.89 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} * \frac{21.33}{\text{mm}} = 890 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{s}} * \frac{21.33}{\text{mm}} \\
 &= \frac{890 * 21.33}{\text{s}} = \frac{18983.7}{\text{s}} = 18983.7\text{Hz} = 18.9837\text{kHz} \\
 T &= \frac{1}{f} \\
 &= \frac{1}{18983.7\text{Hz}} = 52.68\mu\text{s}
 \end{aligned}$$

Table 8.15. Parameter properties of FG_LINEPERIODE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_LINEPERIODE |
| Display Name | Line Period |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.2048 Maximum 838.8576 Stepsize 0.0032 |
| Default value | 200.0 |
| Unit of measure | μs |

Example 8.14. Usage of FG_LINEPERIODE

```

int result = 0;
double value = 200.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINEPERIODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINEPERIODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.5.2. FG_LINEEXPOSURE

This parameter specifies the pulse width of the ExSync signal, which can be used by many cameras to specify the exposure time. It is possible to adjust the exposure time via software, even while grabbing. The value is set in microseconds and may not exceed the period time of the ExSync *FG_LINEPERIODE*. In order to check the polarity simply increase this value and the resulting frame should become brighter. If this behaves in an opposite way check the polarity using *FG_EXSYNCPOLARITY*.

Table 8.16. Parameter properties of FG_LINEEXPOSURE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_LINEEXPOSURE |
| Display Name | Line Exposure |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.2048 Maximum 419.4272 Stepsize 0.0032 |
| Default value | 19.0 |
| Unit of measure | µs |

Example 8.15. Usage of FG_LINEEXPOSURE

```

int result = 0;
double value = 19.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINEEXPOSURE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINEEXPOSURE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.5.3. FG_EXSYNCPOLARITY

The parameter adjusts the polarity of the ExSync signal generator. Use Low Active, if the camera opens the shutter on a falling edge, otherwise use High Active. For the mapping of the ExSync signals to the digital outputs check Chapter 7, 'Digital I/O'.

Table 8.17. Parameter properties of FG_EXSYNCPOLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_EXSYNCPOLARITY |
| Display Name | ExSync Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_LOW Low Active FG_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | FG_HIGH |

Example 8.16. Usage of FG_EXSYNCPOLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_HIGH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_EXSYNCPOLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_EXSYNCPOLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

8.5.4. FG_LINETRIGGERDELAY

This parameter specifies the delay between the generated ExSync and ExSync2 signals with respect to an external trigger input. Therefore, the ExSync2 signal is a delayed clone of the ExSync (polarity, period, etc. are the same as for ExSync). For the mapping of the ExSync signals to the digital outputs check Chapter 7, 'Digital I/O'.

Please note that the line trigger delay needs to be less than the line trigger period. You might need to increase the line period first before increasing the line delay. This constraint also applies for external line trigger modes.

Table 8.18. Parameter properties of FG_LINETRIGGERDELAY

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_LINETRIGGERDELAY |
| Display Name | Line Trigger Delay |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 419.4272 Stepsize 0.0032 |
| Default value | 0.0 |
| Unit of measure | µs |

Example 8.17. Usage of FG_LINETRIGGERDELAY

```
int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERDELAY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_LINETRIGGERDELAY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

Chapter 9. Image Trigger / Flash

The image trigger for line-scan cameras is in charge to generate an internal signal called image gate. Lines sent by the camera are only accepted if this image gate is active = open. Therefore, with help of the Image Gate it is possible to define frames by grouping all lines that belong to the same image gate into one frame.

This AcquisitionApplets supports three distinct operation modes of the image trigger:

- Free run

In free run mode the image gate basically remains active all time. Therefore, all lines sent by the camera are grabbed. Moreover, it cuts the input lines into frames of the height specified by parameter *FG_HEIGHT* of the display module. Also, offsets defined by *FG_YOFFSET* are covered and removed from the camera transfers for each image.

- Async Trigger

For the external trigger mode of the image trigger, the image gate is inactive = closed until an external trigger signal activates the image gate for *FG_HEIGHT* + *FG_YOFFSET* lines. Therefore, for each external trigger event, the frame grabber records a frame of the specified height.

- Async Trigger Multi Buffer

For the external trigger mode of the image trigger, the image gate is inactive = closed until an external trigger signal activates the image gate. In contrast to the **ASYNC_TRIGGER** mode, the gate is open for *FG_IMGTRIGGER_ASYNC_HEIGHT* lines while this image is split into smaller chunks of *FG_HEIGHT* lines. Therefore, for each external trigger event, the frame grabber records a frame of a large specified height and split the large image into smaller chunks. The purpose of the mode is to start processing in PC while the image is still recorded.

The parameter value of *FG_YOFFSET* is without influence in this mode.

- Gated, Trigger

For the external gated mode of the image trigger, the image gate is active as long as the external trigger source is active, but is becoming inactive when *FG_HEIGHT* + *FG_YOFFSET* lines have been grabbed. Therefore, during an external trigger phase the frame grabber records a frame with a height depending on the duration of active time of the external trigger signal, but is not exceeding an image height of *FG_HEIGHT* + *FG_YOFFSET* lines.

- Gated Multi Buffer, Triggered

Equal to the 'Gated Trigger' mode, for the 'Gated Multi Buffer Trigger' the image gate is active as long as the external trigger source is active. In contrast, it does not limit the height to *FG_HEIGHT* lines. It will cut the image after *FG_HEIGHT* lines and start a new frame. Thus, for each gate, multiple frames are generated when a gate is active for more lines than defined by *FG_HEIGHT*.

All images of a generated sequence will have a height of *FG_HEIGHT* lines. However, the last image of each sequence might have a lower number of lines in the image.

To detect the last image of a sequence in your software. Parameter **FG_IMAGE_TAG** can be used. This parameter is of type unsigned 32 bit integer. The most significant bit i.e. bit 31 includes a flag which is set to one if the respective image is the last image of a multi buffer sequence.

```
uint32_t imageTag = 0;
int returnCode = Fg_getParameterEx(fg, FG_IMAGE_TAG, &imageTag, 0, pmem0, imageNumber);
bool isLastImageOfSequence = imageTagRAW >> 31;
```

All other bits of parameter **FG_IMAGE_TAG** are fixed to value 0. The image tag parameter does not output the image number as available for older AcquisitionApplets.

Note that the value of parameter *FG_YOFFSET* is not considered if the 'Gated Multi Buffer Trigger' mode is used. An y-offset cannot be set in the applet.

9.1. FG_IMGTRIGGERMODE

Choose one of the image trigger modes described above. Please make sure that the operation mode of frame grabber and camera is the same.

Table 9.1. Parameter properties of FG_IMGTRIGGERMODE

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Name | FG_IMGTRIGGERMODE | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | Image Trigger Mode | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tr> <td>FREE_RUN</td> <td>Free Run</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ASYNC_TRIGGER</td> <td>Async External Trigger</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ASYNC_TRIGGER_MULTIFRAME</td> <td>Async External Trigger Multiframe</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ASYNC_GATED</td> <td>Async Gated Trigger</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ASYNC_GATED_MULTIFRAME</td> <td>Async Gated Trigger Multiframe</td> </tr> </table> | FREE_RUN | Free Run | ASYNC_TRIGGER | Async External Trigger | ASYNC_TRIGGER_MULTIFRAME | Async External Trigger Multiframe | ASYNC_GATED | Async Gated Trigger | ASYNC_GATED_MULTIFRAME | Async Gated Trigger Multiframe |
| FREE_RUN | Free Run | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASYNC_TRIGGER | Async External Trigger | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASYNC_TRIGGER_MULTIFRAME | Async External Trigger Multiframe | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASYNC_GATED | Async Gated Trigger | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASYNC_GATED_MULTIFRAME | Async Gated Trigger Multiframe | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | FREE_RUN | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 9.1. Usage of FG_IMGTRIGGERMODE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FREE_RUN;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERMODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERMODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.2. FG_IMGTRIGGERON

The generation of image triggers can be switched on or off by use of this parameter. When the image trigger is disabled and the image trigger is not running in free-run mode, the image acquisition is terminated. If the image trigger is enabled, the acquisition will start immediately.

Table 9.2. Parameter properties of FG_IMGTRIGGERON

| Property | Value | | | | |
|----------------|---|--------------|----|---------------|-----|
| Name | FG_IMGTRIGGERON | | | | |
| Display Name | Image Trigger On | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tr> <td>FG_ON</td> <td>On</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FG_OFF</td> <td>Off</td> </tr> </table> | FG_ON | On | FG_OFF | Off |
| FG_ON | On | | | | |
| FG_OFF | Off | | | | |
| Default value | FG_ON | | | | |

Example 9.2. Usage of FG_IMGTRIGGERON

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_ON;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERON, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERON, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.3. FG_FLASHON

To enable the flash output use this parameter.

For the mapping of the flash signal to the digital IO check Chapter 7, 'Digital I/O'.

Table 9.3. Parameter properties of FG_FLASHON

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_FLASHON |
| Display Name | Flash On |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_ON |

Example 9.3. Usage of FG_FLASHON

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_ON;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_FLASHON, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_FLASHON, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.4. FG_IMGTRIGGER_ASYNC_HEIGHT

This parameter only has influence in the image trigger mode *FG_IMGTRIGGERMODE Async Trigger Multi Frame ASYNC_TRIGGER_MULTIFRAME*. The value is used to define the image height of the frame after the trigger pulse. Whereas parameter *FG_HEIGHT* defines the chunk height.

If the value of *FG_IMGTRIGGER_ASYNC_HEIGHT* is less than *FG_HEIGHT*, the frame is not split into multiple frames and will result in a smaller output frame.

Table 9.4. Parameter properties of FG_IMGTRIGGER_ASYNC_HEIGHT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_IMGTRIGGER_ASYNC_HEIGHT |
| Display Name | Image Trigger Async Height |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 16777216 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1024 |
| Unit of measure | lines |

Example 9.4. Usage of FG_IMGTRIGGER_ASYNC_HEIGHT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGER_ASYNC_HEIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGER_ASYNC_HEIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.5. FG_IMGTRIGGER_IS_BUSY

The image trigger is busy if the current requested frame from the camera has not been completely transferred to the grabber. This parameter can be used to check if the camera can accept a new software trigger pulse.

Table 9.5. Parameter properties of FG_IMGTRIGGER_IS_BUSY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_IMGTRIGGER_IS_BUSY |
| Display Name | Image Trigger is Busy |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | IS_BUSY Busy IS_NOT_BUSY Not Busy |

Example 9.5. Usage of FG_IMGTRIGGER_IS_BUSY

```

int result = 0;
int value = IS_NOT_BUSY;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGER_IS_BUSY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.6. Image Trigger Input

This category includes parameters to specify and control the image trigger inputs. The input can either be input pins of the frame grabber's trigger connector or trigger pulses generated by software register accesses.

9.6.1. FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC

This parameter specifies the signal source, which is used to trigger the image acquisition gate. If a software image trigger has to be used select option **TRGINSOFTWARE**.

Table 9.6. Parameter properties of FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC |
| Display Name | Image Trigger Input Source |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_0 Trigger In Source Front GPI 0 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_1 Trigger In Source Front GPI 1 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_2 Trigger In Source Front GPI 2 TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_3 Trigger In Source Front GPI 3 TRGINSOFTWARE Software Trigger |
| Default value | TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_0 |

Example 9.6. Usage of FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC

```

int result = 0;
int value = TRGINSRC_FRONT_GPI_0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.6.2. FG_IMGTRIGGERINPOLARITY

The parameter defines the polarity of the external input trigger signal.

Table 9.7. Parameter properties of FG_IMGTRIGGERINPOLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_IMGTRIGGERINPOLARITY |
| Display Name | Image Trigger Input Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | HIGH_ON_ZERO_LOW Low Active HIGH_ON_ZERO_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | HIGH_ACTIVE |

Example 9.7. Usage of FG_IMGTRIGGERINPOLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = HIGH_ACTIVE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERINPOLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERINPOLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {

```

```

    /* error handling */
}

```

9.6.3. FG_IMGTRIGGERGATEDELAY

With this parameter, a delay of lines can be configured before the activation of the image gate. This delays the start of the image acquisition. The parameter y-offest (as in free run mode) rejects the first lines from the camera. Delay and y-offset seem to have the same effect, however the difference is, that y-offset doesn't affect the image gate, which is relevant while using the gated line trigger mode.

Table 9.8. Parameter properties of FG_IMGTRIGGERGATEDELAY

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_IMGTRIGGERGATEDELAY |
| Display Name | Image Trigger Gate Delay |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 65535 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | lines |

Example 9.8. Usage of FG_IMGTRIGGERGATEDELAY

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERGATEDELAY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERGATEDELAY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.6.4. FG_IMGTRIGGERDEBOUNCING

This parameter specifies the debouncing time. This is the time for which the input image trigger signal must keep the same value to be detected as such. Fast signal changes within the debounce time will be filtered out.

Table 9.9. Parameter properties of FG_IMGTRIGGERDEBOUNCING

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_IMGTRIGGERDEBOUNCING |
| Display Name | Image Trigger Debouncing |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0032 Maximum 26.0 Stepsize 0.0032 |
| Default value | 0.112 |
| Unit of measure | µs |

Example 9.9. Usage of FG_IMGTRIGGERDEBOUNCING

```

int result = 0;
double value = 0.112;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERDEBOUNCING, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMGTRIGGERDEBOUNCING, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.6.5. FG_STROBEPULSEDELAY

This parameter specifies the delay of the generated flash signal with respect to an external trigger input. Therefore, it is possible to synchronize the flash to the external trigger input. The delay is set in image line ticks.

Table 9.10. Parameter properties of FG_STROBEPULSEDELAY

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_STROBEPULSEDELAY |
| Display Name | Strobe Pulse Delay |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 65535 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | lines |

Example 9.10. Usage of FG_STROBEPULSEDELAY

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_STROBEPULSEDELAY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_STROBEPULSEDELAY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.6.6. Flash**9.6.6.1. FG_FLASH_POLARITY**

The polarity of the generated flash signal can be changed with this parameter. For the mapping of the flash signal to the digital outputs check Chapter 7, 'Digital I/O'.

Table 9.11. Parameter properties of FG_FLASH_POLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_FLASH_POLARITY |
| Display Name | Flash Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_LOW Low Active FG_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | FG_HIGH |

Example 9.11. Usage of FG_FLASH_POLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_HIGH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_FLASH_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_FLASH_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.6.7. Software Trigger

For the image trigger it is possible to use a software generated trigger signal to replace the external trigger input.

The software trigger control modules allows the to either generate a software trigger pulse or allows to set the state of the software trigger signal to generate a gate i.e. for gated image trigger mode.

To enable the software trigger set parameter *FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC* to software trigger.

9.6.7.1. FG_SENDSOFTWARETRIGGER

A software trigger pulse can be sent by use of this parameter. Ensure to enable the software trigger by *FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC*.

Table 9.12. Parameter properties of FG_SENDSOFTWARETRIGGER

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SENDSOFTWARETRIGGER |
| Display Name | Send Software Trigger |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 1 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1 |

Example 9.12. Usage of FG_SENDSOFTWARETRIGGER

```

int result = 0;

```

```

unsigned int value = 1;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SENDSOFTWARETRIGGER, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SENDSOFTWARETRIGGER, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

9.6.7.2. FG_SETSOFTWARETRIGGER

The software trigger state can be set to zero = inactive = low or one = active = high. Ensure to enable the software trigger by `FG_IMGTRIGGERINSRC`.

Table 9.13. Parameter properties of FG_SETSOFTWARETRIGGER

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SETSOFTWARETRIGGER |
| Display Name | Set Software Trigger |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_LOW Low Active FG_HIGH High Active |

Default value

Example 9.13. Usage of FG_SETSOFTWARETRIGGER

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_ZERO;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SETSOFTWARETRIGGER, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SETSOFTWARETRIGGER, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

Chapter 10. Signal Analyzer

The signal analyzer module computes some information on a signal source. These are

- Pulse Count
- Period (current, min, max)
- Difference between two pulse counters

The module is used to detect unexpected behaviors of the trigger system. For example a bouncing encode signal resulting in overtriggering of the camera. Another example is the detection of trigger lost signals or corrupted camera data which can result in extra lines.

Simply select the analyzer source signal and polarity. The measurement values can be obtained using read-only parameters. All measurements can be cleared synchronously.

Note that the module is available only once for the applet. All cameras share the same module. The camera/DMA index in the setParameter and getParameter functions has no influence.

10.1. FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_SOURCE et al.



Note

This description applies also to the following parameters: FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_1_SOURCE

Select the source signal for the trigger analyzer. For further explanation of the available sources see Chapter 7, 'Digital I/O'. In addition, the line/frame start/end pulses can be used as signal sources, too.

Table 10.1. Parameter properties of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_SOURCE

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_SOURCE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | Signal Analyzer 0 Source | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tbody> <tr><td>GND</td><td>GND</td></tr> <tr><td>VCC</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH</td><td>Signal Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL</td><td>Signal Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL</td><td>Signal Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_START</td><td>Signal Line Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_END</td><td>Cam0 Line Transfer End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_START</td><td>Signal Frame Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_END</td><td>Signal Frame End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam1 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_START</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_END</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_START</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_END</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam2 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_START</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_END</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_START</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_END</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam3 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_START</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_END</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_START</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Start</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_END</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame End</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0</td><td>Signal Front GPI 0</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1</td><td>Signal Front GPI 1</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | GND | GND | VCC | VCC | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_START | Signal Line Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_END | Cam0 Line Transfer End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_START | Signal Frame Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_END | Signal Frame End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_START | Signal Cam1 Line Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_END | Signal Cam1 Line End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_START | Signal Cam1 Frame Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_END | Signal Cam1 Frame End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_START | Signal Cam2 Line Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_END | Signal Cam2 Line End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_START | Signal Cam2 Frame Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_END | Signal Cam2 Frame End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_START | Signal Cam3 Line Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_END | Signal Cam3 Line End | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_START | Signal Cam3 Frame Start | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_END | Signal Cam3 Frame End | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 |
| GND | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VCC | VCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_START | Signal Line Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LINE_END | Cam0 Line Transfer End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_START | Signal Frame Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FRAME_END | Signal Frame End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_START | Signal Cam1 Line Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LINE_END | Signal Cam1 Line End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_START | Signal Cam1 Frame Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FRAME_END | Signal Cam1 Frame End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_START | Signal Cam2 Line Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LINE_END | Signal Cam2 Line End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_START | Signal Cam2 Frame Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FRAME_END | Signal Cam2 Frame End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_START | Signal Cam3 Line Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LINE_END | Signal Cam3 Line End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_START | Signal Cam3 Frame Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FRAME_END | Signal Cam3 Frame End | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 10.1. Usage of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_SOURCE

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;
```

```

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

10.2. FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_POLARITY et al.



Note

This description applies also to the following parameters: FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_1_POLARITY

Select the polarity for the signal analyzer of the selected source. With this parameter you can invert the signal. The signal analyzer module will only measure on rising edges.

Table 10.2. Parameter properties of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_POLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_POLARITY |
| Display Name | Signal Analyzer 0 Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_LOW Low Active FG_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | FG_HIGH |

Example 10.2. Usage of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_POLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_HIGH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

10.3. FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_CURRENT et al.



Note

This description applies also to the following parameters: FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_1_PERIOD_CURRENT

This read-only parameter returns the last measured period of the selected signal source. Keep in mind that the module requires two rising edges to obtain a measurement result. Selecting a new source or changing the acquisition states can result in very long periods.

Table 10.3. Parameter properties of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_CURRENT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_CURRENT |
| Display Name | Signal Analyzer 0 Current Period |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 1.3743895344E7 Stepsize 0.0032 |
| Unit of measure | ns |

Example 10.3. Usage of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_CURRENT

```

int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_CURRENT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

10.4. FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MAX et al.



Note

This description applies also to the following parameters:
FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_1_PERIOD_MAX

This read-only parameter returns the maximum measured period after the last reset. Keep in mind that selecting a new source or changing the acquisition states can result in very long periods.

Table 10.4. Parameter properties of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MAX

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MAX |
| Display Name | Signal Analyzer 0 Max Period |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 1.3743895344E7 Stepsize 0.0032 |
| Unit of measure | ns |

Example 10.4. Usage of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MAX

```

int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MAX, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

10.5. FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MIN et al.

**Note**

This description applies also to the following parameters:
FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_1_PERIOD_MIN

This read-only parameter returns the minimum measured period after the last reset.

Table 10.5. Parameter properties of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MIN

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MIN |
| Display Name | Signal Analyzer 0 Min Period |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0032 Maximum 1.3743895344E7 Stepsize 0.0032 |
| Unit of measure | ns |

Example 10.5. Usage of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MIN

```
int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PERIOD_MIN, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

10.6. FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PULSE_COUNT et al.

**Note**

This description applies also to the following parameters:
FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_1_PULSE_COUNT

Returns the counter value of the selected source. For each rising edge the counter is increased. This, after the first pulse, the counter value will be one. On counter overflow, it will start from 0 again.

Table 10.6. Parameter properties of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PULSE_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PULSE_COUNT |
| Display Name | Signal Analyzer 0 Pulse Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 4294967295 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | pulses |

Example 10.6. Usage of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PULSE_COUNT

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;
```

```

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_0_PULSE_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

10.7. FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_PULSE_COUNT_DIFFERENCE

Use this read only parameter to check the difference of the signal analyzer 0 and 1 pulse counter values (Analyzer 0 - Analyzer 1 value). This can be used to check for trigger lost signals if analyzer 0 will count the exsync pulses and analyzer 1 the returned camera lines. In this case the difference is between 0 and 1 for single line cameras with no extra delay. If the difference exceeds 1, the camera did not return a line for all trigger pulses i.e. a trigger is lost or ignored due to overtriggering. If the difference is less than 0 an additional camera line was generated and received by the frame grabber. The reason for this can be a noisy trigger cable which added extra spikes or a corrupted data transfer which split the data into several parts.

Table 10.7. Parameter properties of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_PULSE_COUNT_DIFFERENCE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_PULSE_COUNT_DIFFERENCE |
| Display Name | Signal Analyzer Pulse Count Difference |
| Type | Signed Integer (64 Bit) |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum -4294967296 Maximum 4294967295 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | pulses |

Example 10.7. Usage of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_PULSE_COUNT_DIFFERENCE

```

int result = 0;
int64_t value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT64_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_PULSE_COUNT_DIFFERENCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

10.8. FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_CLEAR

To clear all signal analyzer measurement results and counters use this parameter. All counters will be reset synchronously and are ready to restart immediately.

Table 10.8. Parameter properties of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_CLEAR

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_CLEAR |
| Display Name | Signal Analyzer Clear |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 1 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1 |

Example 10.8. Usage of FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_CLEAR

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_CLEAR, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SIGNAL_ANALYZER_CLEAR, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

Chapter 11. Overflow

The applet processes image data as fast as possible. Any image data sent by the camera is immediately processed and sent to the PC. The latency is minimal. In general, only one concurrent image line is stored and processed in the interface card. However, the transfer bandwidth to the PC via DMA channel can vary caused by interrupts, other hardware and the current CPU load. Furthermore, if operated in **selective mode**, it is possible to queue buffer slower than the camera offers new images and therefore generate an overflow condition on the frame grabber. Also, the camera frame rate can vary due to an fluctuating trigger. For these cases, the applet is equipped with a memory to buffer the input frames. The fill level of the buffer can be obtained by reading from parameter *FG_FILLLEVEL*.

In normal operation conditions the buffer will always remain almost empty. For fluctuating camera bandwidths or for short and fast acquisitions, the buffer can easily fill up quickly. Of course, the input bandwidth must not exceed the maximum bandwidth of the applet. Check Section 1.2, 'Bandwidth' for more information.

If the buffer's fill level reaches 100%, the applet is in overflow condition, as no more data can be buffered and camera data will be discarded. This can result in two different behaviors:

- Corrupted Frames:

The transfer of a current frame is interrupted by an overflow. This means, the first pixels or lines of the frame were transferred into the buffer, but not the full frame. The output of the applet i.e. the DMA transfer will be shorter. The output image will not have it's full height. These images will be marked incomplete in the **FG_IMAGE_TAG** (bit 30 is set to '1').

- Lost Frames:

A full camera frame was discarded due to a full buffer memory. No DMA transfer will exist for the discarded frame. This means the number of applet output images can differ from the number of applet input images.

The buffer overflow threshold *FG_OVERFLOW_ON_THRESHOLD* and *FG_OVERFLOW_ON_SYNC_THRESHOLD* default ensures that under normal conditions frames can be completed or will be fully dropped so that corrupted frames are avoided.

A way to detect the overflows is to read parameter *FG_OVERFLOW* or check for event *FG_OVERFLOW_CAM0*. Reading from the parameter will provide information about an overflow condition. As soon as the parameter is read, it will reset. Using the parameter an overflow condition can be detected, but it is not possible to obtain the exact image number and the moment. For this, the overflow event can be used.

11.1. FG_FILLLEVEL

The fill-level of the interface card buffers used in this applet can be read-out by use of this parameter. The value allows to check if the mean input bandwidth of the camera is too high to be processed with the applet.

Table 11.1. Parameter properties of FG_FILLLEVEL

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_FILLLEVEL |
| Display Name | Fill Level |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 100 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | % |

Example 11.1. Usage of FG_FILLLEVEL

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_FILLLEVEL, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

11.2. FG_OVERFLOW

If the applet runs into overflow, a value "1" can be read by the use of this parameter. Note that an overflow results in loss of images. To avoid overflows reduce the mean input bandwidth.

The parameter is reset at each readout cycle. The program microDisplayX will continuously poll the value, thus the occurrence of an overflow might not be visible in microDisplayX.

A more effective and robust way is to detect overflows is the use of the event system.

Table 11.2. Parameter properties of FG_OVERFLOW

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_OVERFLOW |
| Display Name | Buffer overflow |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 1 Stepsize 1 |

Example 11.2. Usage of FG_OVERFLOW

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

11.3. FG_OVERFLOW_OFF_THRESHOLD

The Overflow state will be deactivated once the buffer Fillevel (*FG_FILLLEVEL*) will fall below this value. As long as the applet remains in overflow state all images arriving will be discarded. This will result in Overflow events with a set "lost" flag.

Table 11.3. Parameter properties of FG_OVERFLOW_OFF_THRESHOLD

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_OVERFLOW_OFF_THRESHOLD |
| Display Name | Overflow Off Threshold |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 100.0 Stepsize 0.5 |
| Default value | 50.0 |

Example 11.3. Usage of FG_OVERFLOW_OFF_THRESHOLD

```

int result = 0;
double value = 50.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW_OFF_THRESHOLD, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW_OFF_THRESHOLD, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

11.4. FG_OVERFLOW_ON_THRESHOLD

The applet will enter Overflow state once the buffer Fillevel exceeds this filllevel (*FG_FILLLEVEL*). If the overflow state is active images will be stopped imidiately. This may lead to an incomplete frame. Incomplete frames are marked incomplete in the image Tag and an overflow event can be generated.

Table 11.4. Parameter properties of FG_OVERFLOW_ON_THRESHOLD

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_OVERFLOW_ON_THRESHOLD |
| Display Name | Overflow On Threshold |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 100.0 Stepsize 0.5 |
| Default value | 99.5 |

Example 11.4. Usage of FG_OVERFLOW_ON_THRESHOLD

```

int result = 0;
double value = 99.5;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW_ON_THRESHOLD, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW_ON_THRESHOLD, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

11.5. FG_OVERFLOW_ON_SYNC_THRESHOLD

The applet will enter Overflow state once the buffer filllevel (*FG_FILLLEVEL*) exceeds this filllevel and the currently arriving frame is stored to the buffer. If the applet remains in overflow state frames might be dropped. If the buffer falls below this filllevel frames are accepted again. There is no hysteresis for this threshold.

Table 11.5. Parameter properties of FG_OVERFLOW_ON_SYNC_THRESHOLD

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_OVERFLOW_ON_SYNC_THRESHOLD |
| Display Name | Overflow Sync On Threshold |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 100.0 Stepsize 0.5 |
| Default value | 80.0 |

Example 11.5. Usage of FG_OVERFLOW_ON_SYNC_THRESHOLD

```

int result = 0;
double value = 80.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW_ON_SYNC_THRESHOLD, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW_ON_SYNC_THRESHOLD, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

11.6. FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_SELECT

The *FG_OVERFLOW_CAM0* Event. Allows to generate events if one of the following conditions is meet.

Table 11.6. Event select for *FG_OVERFLOW_CAM0*

| Value | Description |
|--|--|
| FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_INCOMPLETE | Each incomplete frame will generate an Event containing the information that the frame is incomplete and the frameID |
| FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_LOST | Each lost frame will generate an Event containing the information that the frame is lost and the frameID |
| FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_INCOMPLETE_LOST | Each lost or incomplete frame will generate an Event containing the information that the frame is lost/incomplete and the frameID |
| FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_OK | Each correct frame will generate an Event containing the information that the frame is transferred correct and the frameID of the frame |
| FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_OK_INCOMPLETE | Each incomplete or correct frame will generate an Event containing the information that the frame is correct or incomplete and the frameID |
| FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_OK_LOST | Each lost or correct frame will generate an Event containing the information that the frame is correct or lost and the frameID |
| FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_ALL | Each frame will generate an Event containing the status (lost, incomplete or correct) of the frame and the frameID |

Table 11.7. Parameter properties of *FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_SELECT*

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_SELECT |
| Display Name | Overflow Event Select |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_INCOMPLETE Incomplete FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_LOST Lost FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_INCOMPLETE_LOST Incomplete Lost FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_OK OK FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_OK_INCOMPLETE Incomplete OK FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_OK_LOST Lost OK FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_ALL All |
| Default value | FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_INCOMPLETE_LOST |

Example 11.6. Usage of *FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_SELECT*

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_INCOMPLETE_LOST;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_SELECT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_SELECT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

11.7. Events

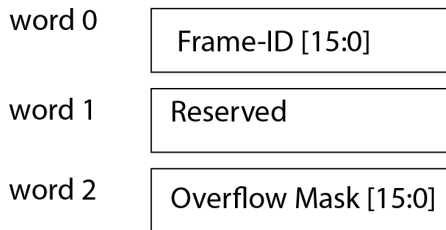
In programming or runtime environments, a callback function is a piece of executable code that is passed as an argument, which is expected to call back (execute) exactly that time an event is triggered. This applet can generate some software callback events based on the memory overflow condition as explained in the following section. These events are not related to a special camera functionality. Other event sources are described in additional sections of this document.

The Basler Framegrabber SDK and pylon SDK via GenTL enables an application to get these event notifications about certain state changes at the data flow from camera to RAM and the image and trigger processing as well. Please consult the Basler Framegrabber SDK, pylon SDK or GenTL documentation for more details concerning the implementation of this functionality.

11.7.1. FG_OVERFLOW_CAM0

Overflow events are generated for each truncated, lost or complete frame. The selection can be done using *FG_OVERFLOW_EVENT_SELECT*. The overflow event contains data, namely the type of overflow, the image number and the timestamp. The following figure illustrates the event data. Data is contained in a 64-bit data packet. The first 16 bits contain the frame-ID from the camera. Bits 32 to 47 provide an overflow mask.

Figure 11.1. Illustration of Overflow Data Packet



Overflow Mask [15:0]

| | |
|----|--------------------|
| 0 | Frame is truncated |
| 1 | Frame is lost |
| 2 | Reserved |
| 3 | Frame is complete |
| 4 | End of sequence |
| 5 | Reserved |
| 6 | |
| 7 | |
| 8 | |
| 9 | |
| 10 | |
| 11 | |
| 12 | |
| 13 | |
| 14 | |
| 15 | |

Note that the frame-ID is taken from the camera stream. See Section 1.5, 'Frame ID' for more information. The frame-ID is a 16-bit value. If its maximum is reached, the frame-ID starts at zero again. If the **frame truncated** flag is set, the frame with the frame-ID in the event is truncated i.e. it doesn't have its full length but is still transferred via DMA channel. If the **frame lost** flag is set, the frame with the frame-ID in the event was fully discarded. No DMA transfer exists for this frame. The **truncated frame** flag and the **frame lost** flag never occur for the same event.

Chapter 12. Image Selector

The Image Selector allows the user to cut out a period of p images from the image stream and select a particular image n from it.

The following example will explain the settings of p and n which represent the frame grabber parameters `FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD` and `FG_IMG_SELECT`. Suppose two frame grabbers being connected to a camera signal multiplexer, providing all camera images to both devices. Grabber 0 is required to process all even frames, while grabber 1 is required to process all odd frames. The settings will then be:

1. Grabber 0:
 - `FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD = 2`
`FG_IMG_SELECT = 0`
2. Grabber 1:
 - `FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD = 2`
`FG_IMG_SELECT = 1`

Ensure that both grabbers are used synchronously. This is possible with a triggered camera. To do so, initialize and configure both frame grabbers. Configure the camera for external trigger and the trigger system of master grabber which is directly connected to the camera.

12.1. FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD

This parameter specifies the period length p . The parameter can be changed at any time. However, changing during acquisition can result in an asynchronous switching which will result in the loss of a synchronous grabbing. It is recommended to change the parameter only when the acquisition is stopped.

The parameter's value has to be greater than `FG_IMG_SELECT`.

Table 12.1. Parameter properties of `FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD`

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | <code>FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD</code> |
| Display Name | Image Select Period |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 256 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1 |
| Unit of measure | image |

Example 12.1. Usage of `FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD`

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

```

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

12.2. FG_IMG_SELECT

The parameter *FG_IMG_SELECT* specifies a particular image from the image set defined by *FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD*. This parameter can be changed at any time. However, changing during acquisition can result in an asynchronous switching which will result in the loss of a synchronous grabbing. It is recommended to change the parameter only when the acquisition is stopped.

The parameter's value has to be less than *FG_IMG_SELECT_PERIOD*.

Table 12.2. Parameter properties of FG_IMG_SELECT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_IMG_SELECT |
| Display Name | Image Select |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 255 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | image |

Example 12.2. Usage of FG_IMG_SELECT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMG_SELECT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_IMG_SELECT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

Chapter 13. White Balance

The applet enables a spectral adaptation of the image to the lighting situation of the application. The color values for the red, green and blue components can be individually enhanced or reduced by a scaling factor to adjust the spectral sensibility of the camera sensor.

The applet Acq_QuadCXP12Line performs a Bayer de-mosaicing. The white balancing is performed prior to the Bayer de-mosaicing, to ensure the correction of the raw data and avoid subsequent faults during processing.

13.1. FG_SCALINGFACTOR_GREEN

Table 13.1. Parameter properties of FG_SCALINGFACTOR_GREEN

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SCALINGFACTOR_GREEN |
| Display Name | Scaling Factor Green |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 3.9990234375 Stepsize 9.765625E-4 |
| Default value | 1.0 |

Example 13.1. Usage of FG_SCALINGFACTOR_GREEN

```
int result = 0;
double value = 1.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SCALINGFACTOR_GREEN, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SCALINGFACTOR_GREEN, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

13.2. FG_SCALINGFACTOR_RED

Table 13.2. Parameter properties of FG_SCALINGFACTOR_RED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SCALINGFACTOR_RED |
| Display Name | Scaling Factor Red |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 3.9990234375 Stepsize 9.765625E-4 |
| Default value | 1.0 |

Example 13.2. Usage of FG_SCALINGFACTOR_RED

```

int result = 0;
double value = 1.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SCALINGFACTOR_RED, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SCALINGFACTOR_RED, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

13.3. FG_SCALINGFACTOR_BLUE

Table 13.3. Parameter properties of FG_SCALINGFACTOR_BLUE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SCALINGFACTOR_BLUE |
| Display Name | Scaling Factor Blue |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 3.9990234375 Stepsize 9.765625E-4 |
| Default value | 1.0 |

Example 13.3. Usage of FG_SCALINGFACTOR_BLUE

```

int result = 0;
double value = 1.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_SCALINGFACTOR_BLUE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SCALINGFACTOR_BLUE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

Chapter 14. Color Converter

The color converter module is used to convert the input pixel format to an output pixel format. The conversion is performed post to the Bayer de-mosicing and just before the lookup table.

This applet can perform the following conversions.

Table 14.1. Color Conversion

| Input Format | Mono | RGB | BiColor | YCbCr |
|---------------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| Output Format | | | | |
| Mono | yes | yes | yes | N/A |
| RGB | yes | yes | yes | N/A |
| BiColor | N/A | N/A | yes | N/A |
| YCbCr | N/A | N/A | N/A | yes |

By setting the input and output format the conversion is automatically applied if a conversion is possible. Otherwise the applet will output unchanged values. See *FG_PIXELFORMAT* and *FG_FORMAT*.

Chapter 15. Output Format

The following parameter can be used to configure the applet's image output format i.e. the format and bit alignment.

15.1. FG_FORMAT

Parameter *FG_FORMAT* is used to set and determine the output formats of the DMA channels. An output format value specifies the number of bits and the color format of the output.

This applet has an internal processing bit width of 16 bits. Any selected camera pixel format is mapped to this internal bit width. Check the camera parameter section to learn about the mapping of the camera bits to the internal bit width. For a definition on how to map the internal bits to the output bits, check parameter *FG_BITALIGNMENT*.

Moreover, the color converter of this applet can convert between different color formats of the input and output. Check Chapter 14, '*Color Converter*' for more information.

This applet supports the following output formats:

- **FG_BGR8** and **FG_RGB8**: 24 bit BGR/RGB color format with 8 bit/component.
- **FG_BGRA8** and **FG_RGBA8**: Color format with 8 bit/component. Component "a" has value zero.
- **FG_BGR10** and **FG_RGB10**: 30 bit BGR/RGB color format with 10 bit/component.



30 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 30 bit output format 1 pixel and its 3 color components are distributed over multiple bytes. Also, two successive pixel might share one byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 8 successive color components are stored in 10 byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_BGR12** and **FG_RGB12**: 36 bit BGR/RGB color format with 12 bit/component.



36 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 36 bit output format 1 pixel and its 3 color components are distributed over multiple bytes. Also, two successive pixel might share one byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 2 successive color components are stored in 3 byte or two pixel in 9 Byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_BGR14** and **FG_RGB14**: 42 bit BGR/RGB color format with 14 bit/component.



42 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 42 bit output format 1 pixel and its 3 color components are distributed over multiple bytes. Also, two successive pixel might share one byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 4 successive color components are stored in 7 byte or four pixel in 21 Byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_BGR16** and **FG_RGB16**: 48 bit BGR/RGB color format with 16 bit/component.



BGR vs. RGB Memory Alignment

Note that the color components are either written to the PC buffer in the common blue, green, red (BGR) or red, green, blue order. So either the blue or red color component is at the lower memory address.

- **FG_MONO8**: 8 bit grayscale format
- **FG_MONO10**: 10 bit grayscale format



10 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 10 bit output format 1 pixel is distributed over more than one byte. Also, two successive pixel share one byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 8 successive pixel are stored in 10 byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_MONO12**: 12 bit grayscale format



12 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 12 bit output format 1 pixel is distributed over more than one byte. Also, two successive pixel share the same byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 2 successive pixel are stored in 3 byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_MONO14**: 14 bit grayscale format



14 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 14 bit output format 1 pixel is distributed over more than one byte. Also, two successive pixel share the same byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 12 successive pixel are stored in 21 byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_MONO16**: 16 bit grayscale format



DMA Bandwidth

Keep in mind that for the 16 bit output mode, the DMA bandwidth might not be sufficient to process the camera input data. Check Section 1.2, 'Bandwidth' for more information.

- **FG_BAYERGR8, FG_BAYERRG8, FG_BAYERGB8** and **FG_BAYERBG8**: 8 bit Bayer format Green-followed-by-Red, Red-followed-by-Green, Green-followed-by-Blue and Blue-followed-by-Green.
- **FG_BAYERGR10, FG_BAYERRG10, FG_BAYERGB10** and **FG_BAYERBG10**: 10 bit Bayer format Green-followed-by-Red, Red-followed-by-Green, Green-followed-by-Blue and Blue-followed-by-Green.



10 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 10 bit output format 1 pixel is distributed over more than one byte. Also, two successive pixel share one byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 8 successive pixel are stored in 10 byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_BAYERGR12, FG_BAYERRG12, FG_BAYERGB12** and **FG_BAYERBG12**: 12 bit Bayer format Green-followed-by-Red, Red-followed-by-Green, Green-followed-by-Blue and Blue-followed-by-Green.



12 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 12 bit output format 1 pixel is distributed over more than one byte. Also, two successive pixel share the same byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 2 successive pixel are stored in 3 byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_BAYERGR14, FG_BAYERRG14, FG_BAYERGB14** and **FG_BAYERBG14**: 14 bit Bayer format Green-followed-by-Red, Red-followed-by-Green, Green-followed-by-Blue and Blue-followed-by-Green.



14 Bit Output Format

Note that in the 14 bit output format 1 pixel is distributed over more than one byte. Also, two successive pixel share the same byte. The pixel are directly aligned in memory. Thus 12 successive pixel are stored in 21 byte. The DMA transfer might be filled with random content for the last bytes.

- **FG_BAYERGR16**, **FG_BAYERRG16**, **FG_BAYERGB16** and **FG_BAYERBG16**: 16 bit Bayer format Green-followed-by-Red, Red-followed-by-Green, Green-followed-by-Blue and Blue-followed-by-Green.



DMA Bandwidth

Keep in mind that for the 16 bit output mode, the DMA bandwidth might not be sufficient to process the camera input data. Check Section 1.2, 'Bandwidth' for more information.

- **FG_YUV422_8**: YUV 422 output in 8 bit per component.

Table 15.1. Parameter properties of FG_FORMAT

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------|--------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|------------------|---------|----------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Name | FG_FORMAT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | Output Format | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tr><td>FG_MON08</td><td>Mono 8</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_MON010</td><td>Mono 10p</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_MON012</td><td>Mono 12p</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_MON014</td><td>Mono 14p</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_MON016</td><td>Mono 16</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BGR8</td><td>BGR 8bit</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BGR10</td><td>BGR 10bit</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BGR12</td><td>BGR 12bit</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BGR14</td><td>BGR 14p</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BGR16</td><td>BGR 16bit</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_RGB8</td><td>RGB 8</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_RGB10</td><td>RGB 10p</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_RGB12</td><td>RGB 12p</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_RGB14</td><td>RGB 14p</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_RGB16</td><td>RGB 16</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BGRA8</td><td>BGRA 8</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_RGBA8</td><td>RGBA 8</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BICOLOR_RGBG8</td><td>BiColor RG BG 8</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BICOLOR_RGBG10</td><td>BiColor RG BG 10</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BICOLOR_RGBG12</td><td>BiColor RG BG 12</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BICOLOR_BGRG8</td><td>BiColor BG RG 8</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BICOLOR_BGRG10</td><td>BiColor BG RG 10</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_BICOLOR_BGRG12</td><td>BiColor BG RG 12</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_YUV422_8</td><td>YCbCr422_8</td></tr> </table> | FG_MON08 | Mono 8 | FG_MON010 | Mono 10p | FG_MON012 | Mono 12p | FG_MON014 | Mono 14p | FG_MON016 | Mono 16 | FG_BGR8 | BGR 8bit | FG_BGR10 | BGR 10bit | FG_BGR12 | BGR 12bit | FG_BGR14 | BGR 14p | FG_BGR16 | BGR 16bit | FG_RGB8 | RGB 8 | FG_RGB10 | RGB 10p | FG_RGB12 | RGB 12p | FG_RGB14 | RGB 14p | FG_RGB16 | RGB 16 | FG_BGRA8 | BGRA 8 | FG_RGBA8 | RGBA 8 | FG_BICOLOR_RGBG8 | BiColor RG BG 8 | FG_BICOLOR_RGBG10 | BiColor RG BG 10 | FG_BICOLOR_RGBG12 | BiColor RG BG 12 | FG_BICOLOR_BGRG8 | BiColor BG RG 8 | FG_BICOLOR_BGRG10 | BiColor BG RG 10 | FG_BICOLOR_BGRG12 | BiColor BG RG 12 | FG_YUV422_8 | YCbCr422_8 |
| FG_MON08 | Mono 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_MON010 | Mono 10p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_MON012 | Mono 12p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_MON014 | Mono 14p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_MON016 | Mono 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BGR8 | BGR 8bit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BGR10 | BGR 10bit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BGR12 | BGR 12bit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BGR14 | BGR 14p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BGR16 | BGR 16bit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_RGB8 | RGB 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_RGB10 | RGB 10p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_RGB12 | RGB 12p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_RGB14 | RGB 14p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_RGB16 | RGB 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BGRA8 | BGRA 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_RGBA8 | RGBA 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BICOLOR_RGBG8 | BiColor RG BG 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BICOLOR_RGBG10 | BiColor RG BG 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BICOLOR_RGBG12 | BiColor RG BG 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BICOLOR_BGRG8 | BiColor BG RG 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BICOLOR_BGRG10 | BiColor BG RG 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_BICOLOR_BGRG12 | BiColor BG RG 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_YUV422_8 | YCbCr422_8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | FG_MON08 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 15.1. Usage of FG_FORMAT

```
int result = 0;
```

```

int value = FG_MONO8;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_FORMAT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_FORMAT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

15.2. FG_BITALIGNMENT

The bit alignment is used to map the pixel bits of the internal processing with a depth of 16 bit to the configured DMA output bit depth defined by parameter `FG_FORMAT`.

You can select three different modes: Left aligned, right aligned and a custom shift mode. If you select left aligned, the applet will map the upper bits of the internal processing bit width to the available output bits. If you select right aligned, the applet will map the lower bits of the internal processing bit width to the available output bits. If you want to define a custom bit shift, you'll need to set the parameter to `CustomBitShift` and use parameter `FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_RIGHT` to define the bit shift.

Keep in mind that the internal processing bit width has nothing to do with the camera pixel format. Check the camera parameter section to learn about the mapping of the camera bits to the internal bit width.

Table 15.2. Parameter properties of `FG_BITALIGNMENT`

| Property | Value | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Name | FG_BITALIGNMENT | |
| Display Name | Bit Alignment | |
| Type | Enumeration | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | |
| Allowed values | FG_LEFT_ALIGNED | Left Aligned |
| | FG_RIGHT_ALIGNED | Right Aligned |
| | FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_MODE | Custom Bit Shift |
| Default value | FG_LEFT_ALIGNED | |

Example 15.2. Usage of `FG_BITALIGNMENT`

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_LEFT_ALIGNED;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_BITALIGNMENT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_BITALIGNMENT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

15.3. FG_PIXELDEPTH

The pixel depth read-only parameter is used to determine the number of bits used to process a pixel in the applet. It represents the internal bit width.

Table 15.3. Parameter properties of FG_PIXELDEPTH

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_PIXELDEPTH |
| Display Name | Pixel Depth |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 128 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | bit |

Example 15.3. Usage of FG_PIXELDEPTH

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 8;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_PIXELDEPTH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

15.4. FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_RIGHT

This parameter can only be used if parameter *FG_BITALIGNMENT* is set to **FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_MODE**. If it is enabled, you can define a custom right bit shift value for the DMA output of the interface card. A shift of 0 means that the most significant bits (MSB) of the internal processing bit width are mapped to the output MSB. For example, if the applet has an internal processing bit width of 12 bit and you select a 10 bit output, the upper 10 bits are mapped to the output. If you select however a bit width of two, the lower 10 bits are mapped to the output. Note that this applet has an internal bit width of 16 bits.

Table 15.4. Parameter properties of FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_RIGHT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_RIGHT |
| Display Name | Bit Shift Right |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 15 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | bit |

Example 15.4. Usage of FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_RIGHT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_RIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CUSTOM_BIT_SHIFT_RIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {

```

```
/* error handling */  
}
```

Chapter 16. Camera Simulator

The camera simulator is a convenient way to simulate cameras for first time applet tests. If the simulator is enabled it generates pattern frames of specified size and speed. The image data is replaced at the position of the camera i.e. all applet processing functionalities are applied to the generated images. Note that camera specific settings of the applet will not have any functionality.

The generated images are horizontal, diagonal or vertical grayscale patterns, such as the one shown in the following figure.

Figure 16.1. Generator Pattern



No Sub-Sensor sorting in Generated Images

The camera simulator will generate a simple grayscale pattern. If the camera or this applet uses sub sensor pixel sorting (sensor correction), the simulator will not generate images which represent the camera sensor.

16.1. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ENABLE

The camera simulator is enabled with this parameter. When you switch between camera mode and simulator, the applet will finalize the current frame before switching to the other input. Note that an activated simulator will have effect on parameter *FG_CAMSTATUS*.



Only 8bit support

The camera simulator will produce valid 8bit values only for 8bit pixel format. All other pixel formats will consist of packed 8bit data inside the packed format.

This will cause strange images in the simulation for higher bit depth than 8bit. Since this function is not related to productive usage this should be acceptable.

Table 16.1. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ENABLE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ENABLE |
| Display Name | Image Source |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_CAMPOR Camera FG_CAMERASIMULATOR Simulator |
| Default value | FG_CAMPOR |

Example 16.1. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ENABLE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_CAMPOR;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ENABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ENABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.2. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_WIDTH

The width of the generated frame is set with this parameter. You can enter any value. The applet will automatically round up to the next valid value limited due to internal processing granularity.

The range of the width depends on other parameters and is automatically determined from the applet. Decrease the speed for extending the range of the width value.

Table 16.2. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_WIDTH

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_WIDTH |
| Display Name | Width |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 65536 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1024 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 16.2. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_WIDTH

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

```

```

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_WIDTH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_WIDTH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.3. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINE_GAP

The simulator will generate a gap between the lines. The length of the gap is defined by this parameter. So the time of the gap depends on the pixel clock and the value.

You can enter any value. The applet will automatically round up to the next valid value.

The range of the line gap depends on other parameters and is automatically determined from the applet. Decrease the speed for extending the range of the line gap value.

The parameter can only be changed if `FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE` is set to **FG_PIXEL_FREQUENCY**.

Table 16.3. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINE_GAP

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINE_GAP |
| Display Name | Line Gap |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 65536 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 16.3. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINE_GAP

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINE_GAP, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINE_GAP, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.4. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_HEIGHT

The height of the generated frame is set with this parameter.

The range of the height depends on other parameters and is automatically determined from the applet. Decrease the speed for extending the range of the height value.

Table 16.4. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_HEIGHT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_HEIGHT |
| Display Name | Height |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 65536 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1024 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 16.4. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_HEIGHT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_HEIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_HEIGHT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.5. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAME_GAP

The simulator will generate a gap between the frames. The length of the gap is defined by this parameter. So the time of the gap depends on the line rate and the value.

The range of the frame gap depends on other parameters and is automatically determined from the applet. Decrease the speed for extending the range of the frame gap value.

The parameter can not be changed if parameter *FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE* is set to **FG_FRAMERATE**.

Table 16.5. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAME_GAP

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAME_GAP |
| Display Name | Frame Gap |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 65536 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 16.5. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAME_GAP

```

int result = 0;

```

```

unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAME_GAP, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAME_GAP, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.6. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN

The simulator will generate pixel value ramps from 0 to 255. As this applet is capable of using monochrome bayer or RGB inputs.

The following three types of patterns can be generated and selected by this parameter.

- **FG_HORIZONTAL**

A horizontal pattern. Values are increased by 1 in x-direction.

- **FG_VERTICAL**

A vertical pattern. Values are increased by 1 in y-direction.

- **FG_DIAGONAL**

A diagonal pattern. Values are increased by 1 in x and y-direction.

Table 16.6. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN |
| Display Name | Pattern |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_HORIZONTAL Horizontal FG_VERTICAL Vertical FG_DIAGONAL Diagonal |
| Default value | FG_DIAGONAL |

Example 16.6. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_DIAGONAL;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.7. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN_OFFSET

Using this parameter, an offset value can be added to the generated patterns. After acquisition start, the offset is added. For example, the very first pixel of an image will start with the offset value instead of 0.

Table 16.7. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN_OFFSET

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN_OFFSET |
| Display Name | Pattern Offset |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 255 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |
| Unit of measure | pixel value |

Example 16.7. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN_OFFSET

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN_OFFSET, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PATTERN_OFFSET, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.8. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ROLL

The generated pattern can be 'rolled'. With every new frame, all pattern pixels are increased by value one. At the wrap-around value 256, the pixel will get value 0. The generated images look like a moving (rolling) image.

Table 16.8. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ROLL

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ROLL |
| Display Name | Roll |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_ON |

Example 16.8. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ROLL

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_ON;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ROLL, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ROLL, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.9. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE

The simulator will generate the images with a certain speed. Users are allowed to select whether they want to set the pixel frequency, line rate or frame rate to control the speed. This parameter selects the mode.

Table 16.9. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE |
| Display Name | Speed Mode |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_PIXEL_FREQUENCY Pixel Frequency FG_LINERATE Line Rate FG_FRAMERATE Frame Rate |
| Default value | FG_LINERATE |

Example 16.9. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_LINERATE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

16.10. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PIXEL_FREQUENCY

This parameter sets the pixel frequency. Note that the generator only simulates cameras. It is made for a first time use of the applet and user SDK verification. The camera simulator cannot reflect the exact timings and frequencies of cameras.

To set the pixel frequency, you will need to set parameter *FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE* to **FG_PIXEL_FREQUENCY**.

Any floating point value can be inserted to the parameter. However, the applet will round the value to the next valid value. Read the parameter value to find out the new rounded value.

Table 16.10. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PIXEL_FREQUENCY

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PIXEL_FREQUENCY |
| Display Name | Pixel Frequency |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.31249999999999994 Maximum 1250.0 Stepsize 0.625 |
| Default value | 39.375 |
| Unit of measure | MHz |

Example 16.10. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PIXEL_FREQUENCY

```

int result = 0;
double value = 39.375;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PIXEL_FREQUENCY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PIXEL_FREQUENCY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.11. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINERATE

This parameter sets the line rate of the generated images.

To set the line rate, you will need to set parameter *FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE* to **FG_LINERATE**.

In line rate mode, the pixel frequency is set to the maximum.

Any floating point value can be inserted to the parameter. However, the applet will round the value to the next valid value. Read the parameter value to find out the new rounded value.

Table 16.11. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINERATE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINERATE |
| Display Name | Line Rate |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.15 Maximum 4.464285714285714E7 Stepsize 7.0E-11 |
| Default value | 10240.0 |
| Unit of measure | Hz |

Example 16.11. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINERATE

```

int result = 0;
double value = 10240.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINERATE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_LINERATE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.12. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAMERATE

This parameter sets the frame rate of the generated images.

To set the frame rate, you will need to set parameter *FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_SELECT_MODE* to **FG_FRAMERATE**.

In frame rate mode, the pixel frequency is set to the maximum and the line gap is set to zero.

Any floating point value can be inserted to the parameter. However, the applet will round the value to the next valid value. Read the parameter value to find out the new rounded value.

Table 16.12. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAMERATE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAMERATE |
| Display Name | Framerate |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.15 Maximum 4.464285714285714E7 Stepsize 7.0E-11 |
| Default value | 10.0 |
| Unit of measure | Hz |

Example 16.12. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAMERATE

```

int result = 0;
double value = 10.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAMERATE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_FRAMERATE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.13. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_TRIGGER_MODE

You can either use the camera simulator in free run mode or the simulator can be triggered by the output of the trigger module of this applet. As this applet uses a CoaxPress camera interface, the CXP trigger output of the respective camera port is used as camera simulator trigger input. The rising edge of the trigger will be used.

You can choose between line trigger and frame trigger mode. In line trigger mode, a rising edge at the input will output a line from the camera simulator. For frame trigger mode, the input will trigger the output of a frame.



Trigger frequency must not exceed the speed of the camera simulator

Same as for real cameras, it is very important that the frequency of the trigger pulses do not exceed the maximum speed of the camera simulator. Set the camera simulator to a sufficiently large speed to avoid line or frame lost.

Table 16.13. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_TRIGGER_MODE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_TRIGGER_MODE |
| Display Name | Trigger Mode |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | SIMULATION_FREE_RUN Free Run RISING_EDGE_TRIGGERS_LINE Rising Edge Triggers Line RISING_EDGE_TRIGGERS_FRAME Rising Edge Triggers Frame |
| Default value | SIMULATION_FREE_RUN |

Example 16.13. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_TRIGGER_MODE

```

int result = 0;
int value = SIMULATION_FREE_RUN;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_TRIGGER_MODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_TRIGGER_MODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.14. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ACTIVE

Table 16.14. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ACTIVE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ACTIVE |
| Display Name | Active Parts |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 2000 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 16.14. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ACTIVE

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_ACTIVE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

16.15. FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PASSIVE

Table 16.15. Parameter properties of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PASSIVE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PASSIVE |
| Display Name | Passive Parts |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 2000 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 16.15. Usage of FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PASSIVE

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1024;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMERASIMULATOR_PASSIVE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

Chapter 17. Miscellaneous

This category summarizes other read and write parameters such as the camera status, buffer fill levels, DMA transfer lengths, and time stamps.

17.1. FG_TIMEOUT

This parameter is used to set a timeout for DMA transfers. After a timeout the acquisition is stopped. But it is only an internal value that should not be used directly. Use the timeout value described in the Framegrabber API or microDisplay for acquisition in order to handle the functionality correctly.

Table 17.1. Parameter properties of FG_TIMEOUT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_TIMEOUT |
| Display Name | Timeout |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 2 Maximum 2147483646 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 1000000 |
| Unit of measure | seconds |

Example 17.1. Usage of FG_TIMEOUT

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 1000000;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TIMEOUT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TIMEOUT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.2. FG_APPLET_ID

This parameter returns the unique applet id of the applet as a string parameter.

Table 17.2. Parameter properties of FG_APPLET_ID

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------|
| Name | FG_APPLET_ID |
| Display Name | Applet Id |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 17.2. Usage of FG_APPLET_ID

```
int result = 0;
```

```

char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_APPLET_ID, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.3. FG_APPLET_BUILD_TIME

This string parameter returns the hardware applet (HAP) build timestamp. To obtain the build time of the applet, check the DLL / SO file details. Mainly, this parameter is required for internal usage only.

Table 17.3. Parameter properties of FG_APPLET_BUILD_TIME

| Property | Value |
|----------------|----------------------|
| Name | FG_APPLET_BUILD_TIME |
| Display Name | Build Time |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 17.3. Usage of FG_APPLET_BUILD_TIME

```

int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_APPLET_BUILD_TIME, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.4. FG_HAP_FILE

The name of the Hardware-Applet (HAP) file on which this applet is based. Please report this read-only string parameter for any support case of the applet.

Table 17.4. Parameter properties of FG_HAP_FILE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-------------|
| Name | FG_HAP_FILE |
| Display Name | HAP file |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 17.4. Usage of FG_HAP_FILE

```

int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_HAP_FILE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.5. FG_CAMSTATUS

For CoaXPRESS, this parameter is not used. Please use the SDK's GenICam functions to identify camera detection state. More details on this can be found in the Basler Framegrabber SDK documentation.

Table 17.5. Parameter properties of FG_CAMSTATUS

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CAMSTATUS |
| Display Name | Camera Status |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 1 Stepsize 1 |

Example 17.5. Usage of FG_CAMSTATUS

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMSTATUS, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.6. FG_CAMSTATUS_EXTENDED

This parameter provides extended information on the pixel clock from the camera, LVAL and FVAL, as well as the camera trigger signals, external trigger signals, buffer overflow status and buffer status. Each bit of the eight bit output word represents one parameter listed in the following:

- 0 = CameraClk, currently NOT supported by CoaXPress interface.
- 1 = CameraLval, currently NOT supported by CoaXPress interface.
- 2 = CameraFval, currently NOT supported by CoaXPress interface.
- 3 = Camera CC1 Signal, currently NOT supported by CoaXPress interface.
- 4 = ExTrg / external trigger, currently NOT supported by CoaXPress interface.
- 5 = BufferOverflow
- 6 = BufStatus, LSB
- 7 = BufStatus, MSB

Table 17.6. Parameter properties of FG_CAMSTATUS_EXTENDED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CAMSTATUS_EXTENDED |
| Display Name | Camera Status Extended |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 255 Stepsize 1 |

Example 17.6. Usage of FG_CAMSTATUS_EXTENDED

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

```

```

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CAMSTATUS_EXTENDED, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.7. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_LOW

The parameter `FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_LOW` provides the lower 57 bit unique FPGA DNA.

Table 17.7. Parameter properties of `FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_LOW`

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | <code>FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_LOW</code> |
| Display Name | FPGA DNA Low |
| Type | Unsigned Integer (64 Bit) |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 144115188075855872 Stepsize 1 |

Example 17.7. Usage of `FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_LOW`

```

int result = 0;
uint64_t value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT64_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_LOW, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.8. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_HIGH

The parameter `FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_HIGH` provides the upper 32s bit unique FPGA DNA.

Table 17.8. Parameter properties of `FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_HIGH`

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | <code>FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_HIGH</code> |
| Display Name | FPGA DNA High |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 4294967295 Stepsize 1 |

Example 17.8. Usage of `FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_HIGH`

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_DNA_HIGH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.9. Version

The category provides version information.

17.9.1. FG_APPLET_VERSION

This parameter indicates the version number of the applet. Report this value when contacting the Basler support.

Table 17.9. Parameter properties of FG_APPLET_VERSION

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_APPLET_VERSION |
| Display Name | Applet Version |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 256 Stepsize 1 |

Example 17.9. Usage of FG_APPLET_VERSION

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_APPLET_VERSION, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.9.2. FG_APPLET_REVISION

This parameter indicates the revision number of the applet. Report this value when contacting the Basler support.

Table 17.10. Parameter properties of FG_APPLET_REVISION

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_APPLET_REVISION |
| Display Name | Applet Revision |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 256 Stepsize 1 |

Example 17.10. Usage of FG_APPLET_REVISION

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_APPLET_REVISION, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.9.3. FG_VISUALAPPLETS_BUILD_VERSION

Returns the VisualApplets version used to build the applets.

Table 17.11. Parameter properties of FG_VISUALAPPLETS_BUILD_VERSION

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Name | FG_VISUALAPPLETS_BUILD_VERSION |
| Display Name | VisualApplets Build Version |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 17.11. Usage of FG_VISUALAPPLETS_BUILD_VERSION

```
int result = 0;
char* value = n/a;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_VISUALAPPLETS_BUILD_VERSION, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.10. Legacy

This category includes the legacy parameter for user software compatibility. The parameter of this category shouldn't be used anymore.

17.10.1. FG_CXP_TRIGGER_PACKET_MODE

This parameter is for legacy use only and shouldn't be used anymore.

Setting the parameter to the CXP standard triggers re-writing the *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE* legacy parameter.

However, if you set the parameter to rising edge only, the legacy compatibility mode applies. In this case, *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1*, *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP2* and *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP3* are set to **GND**.

Be careful with this parameter as it overwrites the *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0* and *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0* parameters.

This legacy parameter can't be used in configuration files anymore.

Table 17.12. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_TRIGGER_PACKET_MODE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_TRIGGER_PACKET_MODE |
| Display Name | CXP Trigger Packet Mode |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_STANDARD CXP Trigger Standard FG_RISING_EDGE_ONLY CXP Trigger Rising |
| Default value | FG_STANDARD |

Example 17.12. Usage of FG_CXP_TRIGGER_PACKET_MODE

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_STANDARD;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_TRIGGER_PACKET_MODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

```

}
if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_TRIGGER_PACKET_MODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.10.2. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE

This is a legacy parameter. It is replaced by the *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0* and *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1* parameters. Before, the legacy parameter controlled the generation for CXP LinkTrigger0 associated with the start of a pulse and CXP LinkTrigger1 associated with the end of a pulse depending on the polarity settings. To keep the compatibility, when writing to this parameter, the value is copied to *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0* and sets the same value to *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1*.

Furthermore, *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1* is set to the inverse value of *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0*.

Reading the value only represents the status of *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0* and can be ambiguous as the new parameters offer more possibilities which can't be represented with the legacy parameter.

This legacy parameter can't be used in configuration files anymore.

Table 17.13. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE

| Property | Value | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Name | Legacy Trigger Camera Source | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Transient | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tbody> <tr><td>GND</td><td>GND</td></tr> <tr><td>VCC</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH</td><td>Signal Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL</td><td>Signal Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL</td><td>Signal Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam1 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam1 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam1 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam2 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam2 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam2 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2</td><td>Signal Cam3 Exsync2</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH</td><td>Signal Cam3 Flash</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Line Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL</td><td>Signal Cam3 Frame Valid</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0</td><td>Signal Front GPI 0</td></tr> <tr><td>FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1</td><td>Signal Front GPI 1</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | GND | GND | VCC | VCC | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 |
| GND | GND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VCC | VCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | Signal Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC2 | Signal Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FLASH | Signal Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_LVAL | Signal Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_FVAL | Signal Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC | Signal Cam1 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam1 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FLASH | Signal Cam1 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_LVAL | Signal Cam1 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM1_FVAL | Signal Cam1 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC | Signal Cam2 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam2 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FLASH | Signal Cam2 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_LVAL | Signal Cam2 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM2_FVAL | Signal Cam2 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC | Signal Cam3 Exsync | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_EXSYNC2 | Signal Cam3 Exsync2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FLASH | Signal Cam3 Flash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_LVAL | Signal Cam3 Line Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_CAM3_FVAL | Signal Cam3 Frame Valid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_0 | Signal Front GPI 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FG_SIGNAL_FRONT_GPI_1 | Signal Front GPI 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default value | FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Example 17.13. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_SIGNAL_CAM0_EXSYNC;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.10.3. FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_POLARITY

This is a legacy parameter. It is replaced by the parameters *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0* and *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1* as well as *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0* and *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1*. Before, the legacy parameter defined which edge of the trigger signal is used for CXP LinkTrigger and CXP LinkTrigger1. Now, this can be done individually for each CXP link trigger.

To keep the compatibility, when writing to this parameter, the value is copied to *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0* and sets the inverse value to *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP1*.

Furthermore, the value of parameter *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP0* is copied to *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_CXP1*.

Reading the value only represents the status of *FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE_EDGE_CXP0* and can be ambiguous as the new parameters offer more possibilities which can't be represented with the legacy parameter.

This legacy parameter can't be used in configuration files anymore.

Table 17.14. Parameter properties of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_POLARITY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_POLARITY |
| Display Name | Legacy Trigger Camera Polarity |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | FG_LOW Low Active FG_HIGH High Active |
| Default value | FG_HIGH |

Example 17.14. Usage of FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_POLARITY

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_HIGH;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_POLARITY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11. Debug

17.11.1. FG_DEBUGSOURCE

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.15. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGSOURCE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_DEBUGSOURCE |
| Display Name | Debug Source |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 0 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |

Example 17.15. Usage of FG_DEBUGSOURCE

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGSOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGSOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.2. FG_DEBUGSOURCECENAME

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.16. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGSOURCECENAME

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUGSOURCECENAME |
| Display Name | Debug Source Name |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 17.16. Usage of FG_DEBUGSOURCECENAME

```
int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGSOURCECENAME, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.3. FG_DEBUGSAVECONFIG

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.17. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGSAVECONFIG

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUGSAVECONFIG |
| Display Name | Debug Save Config |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Default value | "" |

Example 17.17. Usage of FG_DEBUGSAVECONFIG

```

int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGSAVECONFIG, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGSAVECONFIG, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.4. FG_DEBUG_SLOWMODE

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.18. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUG_SLOWMODE

| Property | Value | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------------|-----|------------------|----------|-------------|-----|
| Name | FG_DEBUG_SLOWMODE | | | | | | |
| Display Name | Debug Slow Output | | | | | | |
| Type | Enumeration | | | | | | |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change | | | | | | |
| Storage policy | Persistent | | | | | | |
| Allowed values | <table border="0"> <tr> <td>FG_SLOW_OFF</td> <td>Off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FG_SLOW_SOFTWARE</td> <td>Software</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FG_SLOW_PWM</td> <td>PWM</td> </tr> </table> | FG_SLOW_OFF | Off | FG_SLOW_SOFTWARE | Software | FG_SLOW_PWM | PWM |
| FG_SLOW_OFF | Off | | | | | | |
| FG_SLOW_SOFTWARE | Software | | | | | | |
| FG_SLOW_PWM | PWM | | | | | | |
| Default value | FG_SLOW_OFF | | | | | | |

Example 17.18. Usage of FG_DEBUG_SLOWMODE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_SLOW_OFF;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_SLOWMODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_SLOWMODE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.5. FG_DEBUG_SOFTWRAE_SLOWGATE

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.19. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUG_SOFTWRAE_SLOWGATE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_DEBUG_SOFTWRAE_SLOWGATE |
| Display Name | Debug Slow Software |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off FG_PULSE Pulse |
| Default value | FG_OFF |

Example 17.19. Usage of FG_DEBUG_SOFTWRAE_SLOWGATE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_OFF;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_SOFTWRAE_SLOWGATE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_SOFTWRAE_SLOWGATE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.6. FG_DEBUG_PWM_SLOWRATE

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.20. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUG_PWM_SLOWRATE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_DEBUG_PWM_SLOWRATE |
| Display Name | Slowrate PWM |
| Type | Unsigned Integer (64 Bit) |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 144115188075855872 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 10000000 |

Example 17.20. Usage of FG_DEBUG_PWM_SLOWRATE

```

int result = 0;
uint64_t value = 10000000;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT64_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_PWM_SLOWRATE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_PWM_SLOWRATE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.7. FG_DEBUG_VERSION

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.21. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUG_VERSION

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUG_VERSION |
| Display Name | Version |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 17.21. Usage of FG_DEBUG_VERSION

```
int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_VERSION, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.8. FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID_TO_FIRSTPIXEL

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.22. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID_TO_FIRSTPIXEL

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID_TO_FIRSTPIXEL |
| Display Name | FrameID mapped |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_OFF |

Example 17.22. Usage of FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID_TO_FIRSTPIXEL

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_OFF;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID_TO_FIRSTPIXEL, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID_TO_FIRSTPIXEL, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.9. Input

17.11.9.1. FG_DEBUGINENABLE

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.23. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGINENABLE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUGINENABLE |
| Display Name | Debug Input Mode |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_OFF |

Example 17.23. Usage of FG_DEBUGINENABLE

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_OFF;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGINENABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGINENABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.9.2. FG_DEBUGFILE

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.24. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGFILE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUGFILE |
| Display Name | Debug File |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Default value | "" |

Example 17.24. Usage of FG_DEBUGFILE

```

int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGFILE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGFILE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.9.3. FG_DEBUGINSERT

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.25. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGINSERT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUGINSERT |
| Display Name | Debug Insert Image |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | FG_APPLY Apply |
| Default value | FG_APPLY |

Example 17.25. Usage of FG_DEBUGINSERT

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_APPLY;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGINSERT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGINSERT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.9.4. FG_DEBUGWRITEPIXEL

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.26. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGWRITEPIXEL

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_DEBUGWRITEPIXEL |
| Display Name | Debug Write Pixel |
| Type | Unsigned Integer (64 Bit) |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 144115188075855872 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |

Example 17.26. Usage of FG_DEBUGWRITEPIXEL

```

int result = 0;
uint64_t value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT64_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGWRITEPIXEL, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGWRITEPIXEL, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.9.5. FG_DEBUGWRITEFLAG

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.27. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGWRITEFLAG

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_DEBUGWRITEFLAG |
| Display Name | Debug Write Flag |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | FG_ENDOFLINE EndOfLine FG_ENDOFFRAME EndOfFrame |
| Default value | FG_ENDOFLINE |

Example 17.27. Usage of FG_DEBUGWRITEFLAG

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_ENDOFLINE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGWRITEFLAG, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGWRITEFLAG, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.9.6. FG_DEBUGREADY

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.28. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGREADY

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUGREADY |
| Display Name | Debug Write Ready |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | FG_YES Yes FG_NO No |

Example 17.28. Usage of FG_DEBUGREADY

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_NOE;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGREADY, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.9.7. FG_DEBUG_FORCE_FRAMEID

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.29. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUG_FORCE_FRAMEID

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUG_FORCE_FRAMEID |
| Display Name | Debug force FrameID |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_OFF |

Example 17.29. Usage of FG_DEBUG_FORCE_FRAMEID

```

int result = 0;
int value = FG_OFF;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_FORCE_FRAMEID, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_FORCE_FRAMEID, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.9.8. FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.30. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID |
| Display Name | Debug FrameID |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 65535 Stepsize 1 |
| Default value | 0 |

Example 17.30. Usage of FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_FRAMEID, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.11.9.9. FG_DEBUG_ENABLE_SEQUENCEID

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.31. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUG_ENABLE_SEQUENCEID

| Property | Value |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUG_ENABLE_SEQUENCEID |
| Display Name | Debug enable Sequence ID |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_OFF |

Example 17.31. Usage of FG_DEBUG_ENABLE_SEQUENCEID

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_OFF;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_ENABLE_SEQUENCEID, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUG_ENABLE_SEQUENCEID, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.10. Output

17.11.10.1. FG_DEBUGOUTENABLE

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.32. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGOUTENABLE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|------------------------|
| Name | FG_DEBUGOUTENABLE |
| Display Name | Debug Output Mode |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read/Write/Change |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | FG_ON On FG_OFF Off |
| Default value | FG_OFF |

Example 17.32. Usage of FG_DEBUGOUTENABLE

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_OFF;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_setParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGOUTENABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGOUTENABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.10.2. FG_DEBUGOUTXPOS

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.33. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGOUTXPOS

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_DEBUGOUTXPOS |
| Display Name | Debug Output XPosition |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 8 Maximum 32768 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 17.33. Usage of FG_DEBUGOUTXPOS

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGOUTXPOS, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.10.3. FG_DEBUGOUTYPOS

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.34. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGOUTYPOS

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_DEBUGOUTYPOS |
| Display Name | Debug Output YPosition |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 1 Maximum 8388607 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 17.34. Usage of FG_DEBUGOUTYPOS

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGOUTYPOS, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.11.10.4. FG_DEBUGOUTPIXEL

This parameter is for internal testing. Please DON'T use this parameter.

Table 17.35. Parameter properties of FG_DEBUGOUTPIXEL

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_DEBUGOUTPIXEL |
| Display Name | Debug Output Pixel |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum -1 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | pixel |

Example 17.35. Usage of FG_DEBUGOUTPIXEL

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DEBUGOUTPIXEL, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.12. GenTL

17.12.1. FG_GENTL_INFO_VERSION

This parameter gives the version of the GenTL description used by our GenTL producer. This parameter is of internal use only.

Table 17.36. Parameter properties of FG_GENTL_INFO_VERSION

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Name | FG_GENTL_INFO_VERSION |
| Display Name | Version |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Unit of measure | |

Example 17.36. Usage of FG_GENTL_INFO_VERSION

```
int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_GENTL_INFO_VERSION, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

17.12.2. FG_GENTL_INFO_IGNOREFGFORMAT

This parameter describes the handling of outputformats in the GenTL producer. If the parameter is set to 1 the handling of Output formats is done by the producer ignoring the Outputformatsettings of the Applet.

Table 17.37. Parameter properties of FG_GENTL_INFO_IGNOREFGFORMAT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_GENTL_INFO_IGNOREFGFORMAT |
| Display Name | IgnoreFGFormat |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 17.37. Usage of FG_GENTL_INFO_IGNOREFGFORMAT

```

int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_GENTL_INFO_IGNOREFGFORMAT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

17.12.3. FG_GENTL_INFO_OVERFLOWCAPABLE

This parameter informs the producer that the Applet is capable of extended overflow management.

Table 17.38. Parameter properties of FG_GENTL_INFO_OVERFLOWCAPABLE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_GENTL_INFO_OVERFLOWCAPABLE |
| Display Name | OverflowCapable |
| Type | String |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 17.38. Usage of FG_GENTL_INFO_OVERFLOWCAPABLE

```

int result = 0;
char* value = "";
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_CHAR_PTR;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_GENTL_INFO_OVERFLOWCAPABLE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

Chapter 18. Boardstatus

This category gives information about the current framegrabber board status. For example, the number of used PCIe lanes, or the mapping of the physical and logical CXP ports. For imaWorx and imaFLex, it also shows if a trigger board is connected.

18.1. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_CURRENT

Returns the power consumption of the CXP channel (PoCXP) in Ampere.

Table 18.1. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_CURRENT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_CURRENT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Channel Current |
| Type | Double Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Unit of measure | A |

Example 18.1. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_CURRENT

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterDouble access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMDOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_CURRENT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

18.2. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_VOLTAGE

Returns the voltage of the CXP channel (PoCXP).

Table 18.2. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_VOLTAGE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_VOLTAGE |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Channel Voltage |
| Type | Double Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Unit of measure | V |

Example 18.2. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_VOLTAGE

```
int result = 0;
```



```

FieldParameterDouble access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMDOUBLE;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CHANNEL_VOLTAGE, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

18.3. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_MAPPED_TO_FG_PORT

Indicates the frame grabber port mapping. Range: between 0 and 3.

Table 18.3. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_MAPPED_TO_FG_PORT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_MAPPED_TO_FG_PORT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Mapped to Fg Port |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 18.3. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_MAPPED_TO_FG_PORT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_MAPPED_TO_FG_PORT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

18.4. FG_DMASTATUS

Returns the status of the DMA transmission, i.e. the acquisition state. 0 = stopped DMA, 1 = started DMA.

Table 18.4. Parameter properties of FG_DMASTATUS

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_DMASTATUS |
| Display Name | DMA Status |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 1 Stepsize 1 |

Example 18.4. Usage of FG_DMASTATUS

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_DMASTATUS, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

}

18.5. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_TEMPERATURE

Returns the current FGPA temperature.

Table 18.5. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_TEMPERATURE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_TEMPERATURE |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor FGPA Temperature |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 1000.0 Stepsize 0.0 |
| Unit of measure | Celsius |

Example 18.5. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_TEMPERATURE

```
int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_TEMPERATURE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

18.6. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_INT

Returns the internal voltage of the FPGA.

Table 18.6. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_INT

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_INT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor FGPA Vcc Int |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum -1000.0 Maximum 1000.0 Stepsize 0.0 |
| Unit of measure | V |

Example 18.6. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_INT

```
int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_INT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

}

18.7. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_AUX

Returns the VCC auxiliary voltage of the FPGA.

Table 18.7. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_AUX

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_AUX |
| Display Name | FGPA Vcc Aux |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum -1000.0 Maximum 1000.0 Stepsize 0.0 |
| Unit of measure | V |

Example 18.7. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_AUX

```
int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_AUX, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

18.8. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_BRAM

Returns the VCC of the BlockRAM voltage of the FPGA.

Table 18.8. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_BRAM

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_BRAM |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor FGPA Vcc BRAM |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum -1000.0 Maximum 1000.0 Stepsize 0.0 |
| Unit of measure | V |

Example 18.8. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_BRAM

```
int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_FPGA_VCC_BRAM, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

18.9. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_WIDTH

Returns the current link width of the frame grabber representing the number of PCIe lanes that are used for data transfer. This is a value that should correspond to the number of hardware lanes the frame grabber is requiring, otherwise the possible maximum of DMA bandwidth can be reduced drastically.

Table 18.9. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_WIDTH

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_WIDTH |
| Display Name | Current Link Width |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 15 Stepsize 0 |
| Unit of measure | lanes |

Example 18.9. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_WIDTH

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_WIDTH, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

18.10. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_SPEED

Returns the current link width of the frame grabber representing the number of PCIe lanes that are used for data transfer. This is a value that should correspond to the number of hardware lanes the frame grabber is requiring, otherwise the possible maximum of DMA bandwidth can be reduced drastically.

Table 18.10. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_SPEED

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_SPEED |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Current Link Speed |
| Type | Double |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0.0 Maximum 1000.0 Stepsize 0.5 |
| Unit of measure | Gb/s |

Example 18.10. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_SPEED

```
int result = 0;
double value = 0.0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_DOUBLE;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_CURRENT_LINK_SPEED, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

}

18.11. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_PAYLOAD_SIZE

Returns the PCIe packet size that was evaluated during the training period at boot-time.

Table 18.11. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_PAYLOAD_SIZE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_PAYLOAD_SIZE |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor PCIe Trained Payload Size |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 1024 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | byte |

Example 18.11. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_PAYLOAD_SIZE

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_PAYLOAD_SIZE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

18.12. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_REQUEST_SIZE

Returns the size (in bytes) of the PCIe packets payload that are used for the data transmission between the frame grabber and the PCIe bridge.

Table 18.12. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_REQUEST_SIZE

| Property | Value |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_REQUEST_SIZE |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor PCIe Trained Request Size |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 4096 Stepsize 1 |
| Unit of measure | byte |

Example 18.12. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_REQUEST_SIZE

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PCIE_TRAINED_REQUEST_SIZE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

}

18.13. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_EXTERNAL_POWER

Indicates whether the external power connector is connected.

Table 18.13. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_EXTERNAL_POWER

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_EXTERNAL_POWER |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor External Power |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | FG_GOOD Good FG_NO_POWER No Power |

Example 18.13. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_EXTERNAL_POWER

```
int result = 0;
int value = NO_POWER;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_EXTERNAL_POWER, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

18.14. FG_CXP_INPUT_MAPPED_FW_PORT_PORT

This parameter returns the firmware CXP channel, which is currently monitored by the module. There is not necessarily a one-by-one mapping between firmware port (i.e. the camera port resource) and frame grabber port (i.e. the physical connector). Instead, the mapping can be any permutation. The software discovery process reorders the channels and ports to achieve correct virtual interconnect. Range: 0 to 3 (2 bit).

Table 18.14. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_INPUT_MAPPED_FW_PORT_PORT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_INPUT_MAPPED_FW_PORT_PORT |
| Display Name | CXP Input Mapped to Firmware Port Port |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 18.14. Usage of FG_CXP_INPUT_MAPPED_FW_PORT_PORT

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_INPUT_MAPPED_FW_PORT_PORT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

Chapter 19. Errors

This category gives information about the current error status. It shows error counters for different error types, such as packet errors, missing connection, undefined data or overtriggering. Additionally, it reports warning type errors, like the number of both corrected and uncorrected packets.

19.1. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_DECODER_8B_10B_ERROR

Link stability counter. It is incremented when the number of measured symbols received by the channel transceiver are not in 8b10b encoding or/and have wrong disparity. Range: 0 to (2⁴⁸ - 1) (48 bit).

Table 19.1. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_DECODER_8B_10B_ERROR

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_DECODER_8B_10B_ERROR |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Decoder 8b10b Error |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field (64 Bit) |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.1. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_DECODER_8B_10B_ERROR

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterAccess access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMACCESS;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_DECODER_8B_10B_ERROR, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

19.2. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_BYTE_ALIGNMENT_8B_10B_LOCKED

Monitors whether the clock recovery has worked and valid 8b/10b signals are recognized.

Table 19.2. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_BYTE_ALIGNMENT_8B_10B_LOCKED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_BYTE_ALIGNMENT_8B_10B_LOCKED |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Byte Alignment 8B 10 B Locked |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.2. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_BYTE_ALIGNMENT_8B_10B_LOCKED

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;
```

```

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_BYTE_ALIGNMENT_8B_10B_LOCKED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.3. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_STREAM_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

Returns the number of received incomplete stream counts. Range: between 0 and 8191 in steps of 1.

Table 19.3. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_STREAM_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_STREAM_INCOMPLETE_COUNT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Rx Stream Incomplete Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.3. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_STREAM_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_STREAM_INCOMPLETE_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.4. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNKNOWN_DATA_RECEIVED_COUNT

Returns the number of received unknown data, i.e. packets received that aren't defined in the CXP standard. Range: between 0 and 8191 in steps of 1.

Table 19.4. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNKNOWN_DATA_RECEIVED_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNKNOWN_DATA_RECEIVED_COUNT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Rx Unknown Data Received Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.4. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNKNOWN_DATA_RECEIVED_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNKNOWN_DATA_RECEIVED_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```


}

19.5. FG_CXP_OVERTRIGGER_REQUEST_PULSECOUNT

This parameter counts the trigger requests that were skipped, because the transmitter was still busy by sending the previous trigger packet. See CXP 2.0 standard, chapter 9.3.2. Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range: 0 to 4095 (12 bit). Bit 12 indicates an overflow.

Table 19.5. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_OVERTRIGGER_REQUEST_PULSECOUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_OVERTRIGGER_REQUEST_PULSECOUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Overtrigger Request Pulse Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.5. Usage of FG_CXP_OVERTRIGGER_REQUEST_PULSECOUNT

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_OVERTRIGGER_REQUEST_PULSECOUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

19.6. FG_CXP_TRIGGER_ACK_MISSING_COUNT

This parameter counts the situations in which a trigger packet was sent, but no acknowledgment packet was received for it yet, which then led to a timeout (480ns for 1-6Gb/s, 240ns for 10-12.5Gb/s). See CXP 2.0 standard, chapter 9.3.2. Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range: 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.6. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_TRIGGER_ACK_MISSING_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_TRIGGER_ACK_MISSING_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Lost Trigger ACK Missing Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.6. Usage of FG_CXP_TRIGGER_ACK_MISSING_COUNT

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_TRIGGER_ACK_MISSING_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
```

```

    } /* error handling */
}

```

19.7. FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_LOST_COUNT

This parameter counts situations in which a control packet was sent but no acknowledgment packet was received for it yet and the timeout of 200 ms is reached. See CXP 2.0 standard, chapter 9.6.1.1. Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.7. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_LOST_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_LOST_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Control ACK Lost Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.7. Usage of FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_LOST_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_LOST_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

19.8. FG_CXP_CONTROL_TAG_ERROR_COUNT

This parameter counts situations in which an acknowledgment for a control packet was received with a tag that doesn't match the expected tag sent in the corresponding request control packet. See CXP 2.0 standard, chapter 9.6.1.2. Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.8. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CONTROL_TAG_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_CONTROL_TAG_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Control Tag Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.8. Usage of FG_CXP_CONTROL_TAG_ERROR_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

```

```

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CONTROL_TAG_ERROR_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.9. FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

This parameter counts situations in which an incorrectly formatted acknowledgment for a control packet was received. Incorrectly formatted means that e.g. the end of packet indicator is missing etc. Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.9. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_INCOMPLETE_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Control ACK Incomplete Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.9. Usage of FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_INCOMPLETE_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.10. FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

This parameter counts situations in which the received heart beat packet is incomplete, e.g. it misses the end of the packet indicator. Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.10. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_INCOMPLETE_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Heartbeat Incomplete Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.10. Usage of FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_INCOMPLETE_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

```

```

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_INCOMPLETE_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.11. FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_MAX_PERIOD_VIOLATION_COUNT

The heartbeat period is defined in CXP 2.0 standard as 100ms maximum, i.e. within that time at least 1 heartbeat packet must be sent by the camera. This parameter counts the situations in which heartbeat packets exceeded this timeout (100ms). Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.11. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_MAX_PERIOD_VIOLATION_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_MAX_PERIOD_VIOLATION_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Hearbeat Max Period Violation Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.11. Usage of FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_MAX_PERIOD_VIOLATION_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_HEARTBEAT_MAX_PERIOD_VIOLATION_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.12. FG_PACKET_TAG_ERROR_COUNT

The parameter counts the number of lost CXP stream packets.

Table 19.12. Parameter properties of FG_PACKET_TAG_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_PACKET_TAG_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | Packet Tag Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 4095 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.12. Usage of FG_PACKET_TAG_ERROR_COUNT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;

```

```

const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_PACKET_TAG_ERROR_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

19.13. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_COUNT

This parameter counts the number of overflows that occur due to not correctly aligned package orders.

Table 19.13. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_COUNT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Packetbuffer Overflow Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 4095 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.13. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_COUNT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

19.14. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_SOURCE

This parameter returns the port that has overflows due to not correctly aligned package order.

Table 19.14. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_SOURCE

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_SOURCE |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Packetbuffer Overflow Source |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 15 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.14. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_SOURCE

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_PACKETBUFFER_OVERFLOW_SOURCE, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

}

19.15. FG_CXP_IMAGETAG_ERROR_COUNT

This parameter returns the number of image tag errors (jumps) in the CXP headers.

Table 19.15. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_IMAGETAG_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_IMAGETAG_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Image Tag Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 8191 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.15. Usage of FG_CXP_IMAGETAG_ERROR_COUNT

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_IMAGETAG_ERROR_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

19.16. FG_CXP_STREAMID_ERROR_COUNT

The parameter counts how often the received stream ID value in the stream packets mismatches the stream ID value specified in the image header. The parameter is 13 bit wide, where the bits [11:0] represent the actual counter value and the bit [12] stands for the counter overflow. When the overflow bit is set, the counter value shall be treated as don't care. Range: 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.16. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_STREAMID_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_STREAMID_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Stream ID Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 8191 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.16. Usage of FG_CXP_STREAMID_ERROR_COUNT

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_STREAMID_ERROR_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

}

19.17. FG_CXP_CAMERA_MARKER_ERROR_COUNT

This parameter counts how often the sequence of the CXP stream marker and the header or the line markers were incorrect. The parameter is 13 bit wide, where the bits [11:0] represent the actual counter value and the bit [12] stands for the counter overflow. When the overflow bit is set, the counter value shall be treated as don't care. Range: 0 to 8192 (13 bit).

Table 19.17. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CAMERA_MARKER_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_CAMERA_MARKER_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Camera Marker Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 8191 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.17. Usage of FG_CXP_CAMERA_MARKER_ERROR_COUNT

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CAMERA_MARKER_ERROR_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

19.18. FG_CXP_CAMERA_UNEXPECTED_STARTUP_DATA

This parameter detects the error situation in which the first data value after the operator reset was unexpected, i.e. no image header has been received. This situation can happen due to a buggy implementation of the camera, frame grabber firmware or wrong software control of the discovery procedure. Also, a hardware defect of the camera could theoretically cause such a situation. Range: NO or YES.

Table 19.18. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CAMERA_UNEXPECTED_STARTUP_DATA

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_CAMERA_UNEXPECTED_STARTUP_DATA |
| Display Name | CXP Camera Unexpected Startup Data Status |
| Type | Enumeration |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |
| Allowed values | FG_YES Yes FG_NO No |

Example 19.18. Usage of FG_CXP_CAMERA_UNEXPECTED_STARTUP_DATA

```
int result = 0;
int value = FG_NO;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_INT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CAMERA_UNEXPECTED_STARTUP_DATA, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
```

```

    /* error handling */
}

```

19.19. FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_LOST_COUNT

This parameter counts the frames that were lost during acquisition and aren't sent into the applet image pipeline. Frames are lost when an error in the image header is detected or when a frame overlaps with another frame. The parameter is 25 bit wide where the bits [23:0] represent the actual counter value and bit [24] stands for the counter overflow. When the overflow bit is set, the counter value shall be treated as don't care. Range 0 to 33554431 (25 bit).

Table 19.19. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_LOST_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_LOST_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Camera Frame Lost Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 33554431 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.19. Usage of FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_LOST_COUNT

```

int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_LOST_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

19.20. FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_CORRUPT_COUNT

This parameter counts the corrupted frames during acquisition. Corrupted frames are frames with error pixels which are sent to the applet image pipeline. The parameter is 25 bit wide where the bits [23:0] represent the actual counter value and bit [24] stands for the counter overflow. When the overflow bit is set, the counter value shall be treated as don't care. Range 0 to 33554431 (25 bit).

Table 19.20. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_CORRUPT_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_CORRUPT_COUNT |
| Display Name | CXP Camera Frame Corrupt Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 33554431 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.20. Usage of FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_CORRUPT_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

```



```

unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CAMERA_FRAME_CORRUPT_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

19.21. CRC

This category gives information about packet CRC errors detected for stream packets and control packets.

19.21.1. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_PACKET_CRC_ERROR_COUNT

Returns the number of received packet CRC errors. Range: between 0 and 8191 in steps of 1.

Table 19.21. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_PACKET_CRC_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_PACKET_CRC_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Rx Packet CRC Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.21. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_PACKET_CRC_ERROR_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_PACKET_CRC_ERROR_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.21.2. FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_CRC_ERROR

This parameter returns information whether there were CRC errors in received stream packets. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.22. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_CRC_ERROR

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_CRC_ERROR |
| Display Name | CXP Stream Packet CRC Error |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.22. Usage of FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_CRC_ERROR

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;

```

```

const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_CRC_ERROR, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.21.3. FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_PACKET_CRC_ERROR

This parameter returns information whether there were CRC errors in received control acknowledgement packets. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.23. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_PACKET_CRC_ERROR

| Property | Value |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_PACKET_CRC_ERROR |
| Display Name | CXP Control ACK Packet CRC Error |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.23. Usage of FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_PACKET_CRC_ERROR

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_CONTROL_ACK_PACKET_CRC_ERROR, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.22. LengthErrors

This category gives information about packet length mismatches for different types of packets.

19.22.1. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT

This parameter counts how often the length of a CXP packet doesn't correspond to what is specified in the header and returns the number of length errors. Range: between 0 and 8191 in steps of 1.

Table 19.24. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Rx Length Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.24. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT

```

int result = 0;

```

```

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_LENGTH_ERROR_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.22.2. FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_LENGTH_ERROR

This parameter returns information whether a length error in the stream packets was detected. Range: 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.25. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_LENGTH_ERROR

| Property | Value |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_LENGTH_ERROR |
| Display Name | CXP Stream Packet Length Error |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.25. Usage of FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_LENGTH_ERROR

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_STREAMPACKET_LENGTH_ERROR, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.23. ReceivedPacketsCorrected

This category gives information about errors which occurred in received packets which have been corrected.

19.23.1. FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED

This parameter counts errors received in packet headers and trailers that were corrected. Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.26. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED |
| Display Name | CXP Error Corrected |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.26. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.23.2. FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER

This parameter returns the information whether errors were corrected in received trigger packets. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.27. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER |
| Display Name | CXP Error Corrected Trigger |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.27. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.23.3. FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK

This parameter returns the information whether errors were corrected in received trigger acknowledge packets. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.28. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK |
| Display Name | CXP Error Corrected Trigger ACK |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.28. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK

```

int result = 0;

```

```

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.23.4. FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_STREAM

This parameter returns the information whether errors were corrected in received stream packets. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.29. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_STREAM

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_STREAM |
| Display Name | CXP Error Corrected Stream |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.29. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_STREAM

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_STREAM, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.23.5. FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK

This parameter returns the information whether errors were corrected in received stream acknowledge packets. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.30. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK |
| Display Name | CXP Error Corrected Control ACK |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.30. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

```

```

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.23.6. FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_LINKTEST

This parameter returns the information whether errors were corrected in received link test packets. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.31. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_LINKTEST

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_LINKTEST |
| Display Name | CXP Error Corrected Link Test |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.31. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_LINKTEST

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_LINKTEST, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.23.7. FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_HEARTBEAT

This parameter returns the information whether errors were corrected in received heartbeat packets. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.32. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_HEARTBEAT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_HEARTBEAT |
| Display Name | CXP Error Corrected Heartbeat |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.32. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_HEARTBEAT

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_CORRECTED_HEARTBEAT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

```
}
}
```

19.23.8. FG_CORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT

The parameter counts the number of single-byte error corrections in CXP stream packets.

Table 19.33. Parameter properties of FG_CORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | Corrected Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 4095 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.33. Usage of FG_CORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

19.24. ReceivedPacketsUncorrected

This category gives information about errors which occurred in received packets and which could not be corrected.

19.24.1. FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED

This parameter counts errors received in packet headers and trailers that haven't been corrected. Bits [11:0] count the amount of violations. Bit [12] is set when a counter overflow occurs. Range 0 to 8191 (13 bit).

Table 19.34. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED |
| Display Name | CXP Error Uncorrected |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.34. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED

```
int result = 0;
```

```

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.24.2. FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER

This parameter returns the information whether there were errors in received trigger packets that haven't been corrected. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.35. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER |
| Display Name | CXP Error Uncorrected Trigger |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.35. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.24.3. FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK

This parameter returns the information whether there were errors in received trigger acknowledgement packets that haven't been corrected. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.36. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK |
| Display Name | CXP Error Uncorrected Trigger ACK |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.36. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

```



```

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_TRIGGER_ACK, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.24.4. FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_STREAM

This parameter returns the information whether there were errors in received stream packets that haven't been corrected. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.37. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_STREAM

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_STREAM |
| Display Name | CXP Error Uncorrected Stream |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.37. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_STREAM

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_STREAM, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

19.24.5. FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK

This parameter returns information whether there were errors in received control acknowledgement packets that haven't been corrected. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.38. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK |
| Display Name | CXP Error Uncorrected Control ACK |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.38. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_CONTROL_ACK, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}

```

```
}
}
```

19.24.6. FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_LINKTEST

This parameter returns information whether there were errors in received link test packets that haven't been corrected. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.39. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_LINKTEST

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_LINKTEST |
| Display Name | CXP Error Uncorrected Link Test |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.39. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_LINKTEST

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_LINKTEST, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

19.24.7. FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_HEARTBEAT

This parameter returns information whether there were errors in received heartbeat packets that haven't been corrected. Range 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.40. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_HEARTBEAT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_HEARTBEAT |
| Display Name | CXP Error Uncorrected Heartbeat |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.40. Usage of FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_HEARTBEAT

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_ERROR_UNCORRECTED_HEARTBEAT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

19.24.8. FG_UNCORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT

This parameter counts the number of uncorrected errors. Bit[2] indicates multiple byte errors in CXP stream packets.

Table 19.41. Parameter properties of FG_UNCORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_UNCORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT |
| Display Name | Uncorrected Error Count |
| Type | Unsigned Integer |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Persistent |
| Allowed values | Minimum 0 Maximum 4095 Stepsize 1 |

Example 19.41. Usage of FG_UNCORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT

```
int result = 0;
unsigned int value = 0;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_UINT32_T;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_UNCORRECTED_ERROR_COUNT, &value, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

19.25. UnsupportedPackets

This category gives information about unsupported packets that have been received.

19.25.1. FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNSUPPORTED_PACKET_COUNT

This parameter returns the number of received unsupported packets. Range: between 0 and 8191 in steps of 1.

Table 19.42. Parameter properties of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNSUPPORTED_PACKET_COUNT

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNSUPPORTED_PACKET_COUNT |
| Display Name | Systemmonitor Rx Unsupported Packet Unit |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.42. Usage of FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNSUPPORTED_PACKET_COUNT

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_SYSTEMMONITOR_RX_UNSUPPORTED_PACKET_COUNT, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
```

}

19.25.2. FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_RECEIVED

This parameter returns information whether a GPIO packet was received while using a CXP standard higher than 1.0. Range: 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.43. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_RECEIVED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---|
| Name | FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_RECEIVED |
| Display Name | CXP Unsupported GPIO Received |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.43. Usage of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_RECEIVED

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_RECEIVED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

19.25.3. FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_EVENT_RECEIVED

This parameter returns information whether an event packet was received while using a CXP standard less than 2.0. Range: 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.44. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_EVENT_RECEIVED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_EVENT_RECEIVED |
| Display Name | CXP Unsupported Event Received |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.44. Usage of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_EVENT_RECEIVED

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_EVENT_RECEIVED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}
}
```

19.25.4. FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_HEARTBEAT_RECEIVED

This parameter returns information whether a heartbeat packet was received while using a CXP standard less than 2.0. Range: 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.45. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_HEARTBEAT_RECEIVED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_HEARTBEAT_RECEIVED |
| Display Name | CXP Unsupported Hearbeat Received |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.45. Usage of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_HEARTBEAT_RECEIVED

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_HEARTBEAT_RECEIVED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}
```

19.25.5. FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_ACK_RECEIVED

This parameter returns information whether a GPIO acknowledgment was received while using a CXP standard higher than 1.0. Range: 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.46. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_ACK_RECEIVED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name | FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_ACK_RECEIVED |
| Display Name | CXP Unsupported GPIO ACK Received |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.46. Usage of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_ACK_RECEIVED

```
int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

    if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_ACK_RECEIVED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
        /* error handling */
    }
}
```

19.25.6. FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_REQUEST_RECEIVED

This parameter returns information whether a GPIO request from VisualApplets was received while using a CXP standard higher than 1.0. Range: 0 (NO) to 1 (YES).

Table 19.47. Parameter properties of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_REQUEST_RECEIVED

| Property | Value |
|----------------|--|
| Name | FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_REQUEST_RECEIVED |
| Display Name | CXP Unsupported GPIO Request Received |
| Type | Unsigned Integer Field |
| Field Size | 4 |
| Access policy | Read-Only |
| Storage policy | Transient |

Example 19.47. Usage of FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_REQUEST_RECEIVED

```

int result = 0;

FieldParameterInt access;
const enum FgParamTypes type = FG_PARAM_TYPE_STRUCT_FIELDPARAMINT;

if ((result = Fg_getParameterWithType(fg, FG_CXP_UNSUPPORTED_GPIO_REQUEST_RECEIVED, &access, 0, type)) < 0) {
    /* error handling */
}

```

Chapter 20. Revision History

Revision history of Acquisition Applets releases.

| Applet Version | Release Date | Change Log | Delivered with |
|----------------|--------------|---|-------------------------|
| 1.0.1.0 | 30 Jun 2023 | Initial version of this applet. | Framegrabber SDK 5.11 |
| 1.1.1.0 | 22 Dec 2023 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">CoaXPress trigger packets updated to CoaXPress 2.1: The applet now supports sending the CXP LinkTrigger0, LinkTrigger1, LinkTrigger2 and LinkTrigger3. For each link trigger, an individual source can be selected. By default, LinkTrigger0 is the rising edge of the trigger source and LinkTrigger1 is the falling edge of the trigger, which usually represents the exposure time. The default setting is equal to previous versions. Thus, the applet is fully compatible to CXP 1.1 and 2.0. LinkTrigger2 and LinkTrigger3 are not used by default. <p>The parameters <i>FG_CXP_TRIGGER_PACKET_MODE</i> (CxpTriggerPacketMode), <i>FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_SOURCE</i> (TriggerCameraSource) and <i>FG_TRIGGERCAMERA_POLARITY</i> (TriggerCameraPolarity) became legacy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Bug fixes. | Framegrabber SDK 5.11.2 |
| 1.2.1.0 | 31 Jul 2024 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">This applet has been extended with additional parameters and events for problem analysis, e.g. to find errors in the CXP stream. The new parameters and events have been added to the parameter tree.Bug fixes. See Section 20.1, 'Fixed Issues' for a detailed list of fixed issues. | Framegrabber SDK 5.11.3 |
| 1.3.2.0 | 25 Feb 2025 | Bug fixes. See Section 20.1, 'Fixed Issues' for a detailed list of fixed issues. | Framegrabber SDK 5.11.4 |

20.1. Fixed Issues

20.1.1. Fixed in Version 1.3.2.0

- To have less artifacts at the edges, the pixels are mirrored. Before fixing this issue, the mirroring on the right side copied the last pixel before starting to mirror. This led to a shift by 1 pixel and therefore moved a red/blue pixel to the position of a green one and vice versa. This has been fixed. (Ticket ID: 318735)
- The filter coefficients have been adjusted to match the ones used in the camera. It used to be -4 8 -4 and has been changed to -0.5 1 -0.5. (Ticket ID: 318737)
- The modes using a leading green component are not defined in PFNC and thus aren't defined in CXP. To reduce confusion, these modes have been removed. (Ticket ID: 319377)
- Before fixing this issue, the applet stated that the signal analyzer measures the period in micro seconds (μ s), although it does measure it in nano seconds (ns). The unit has been corrected.

- Before fixing this issue, the event **CameraStreamStatus** returned information that was hard to understand as it required in-depth knowledge of the underlying implementation. This has been fixed. Now, the event provides additional fields so you can understand the decoding by GenICam more easily. (Ticket ID: 315913)
- Before fixing this issues, the ranges of some GenICam parameters were incorrect. The affected parameters were static information such as PCIe speed and parameters that were read only. This has been fixed.

20.1.2. Fixed in Version 1.2.1.0

- Solved communication issues with Opto-Coupled Trigger 5 board. (Ticket ID: 306774)
- Before fixing this issue, in some cases CXP status parameters showed wrong and misleading values. This has been fixed. (Ticket ID: 282288)
- Before fixing this issue, the front GPI 2 and front GPI 3 couldn't be used as a source for GPI events **CustomSignalEvent0** and **CustomSignalEvent1** of line acquisition applets. (Ticket ID: 303278)

20.1.3. Fixed in Version 1.1.1.0

- Before fixing this issue, when image mirroring was activated in line applets, (i.e. *FG_VANTAGEPOINT* = TopRight or BottomRight), the actual maximum image width could have been less than documented and depended on the applet and the used pixel format. This has been fixed. (Ticket-ID: 280289)
- In microDisplay X, the *FG_LINETRIGGERINSRC* and *FG_SHAFTENCODERINSRC* parameters didn't show the correct default value so that no changes could be made. This problem did only occur in microDisplay X and has been fixed. (Ticket-ID: 290601)

20.2. Known Issues

- In rare cases, loading an applet can fail with the error message “Fg_init(...): -2050 (Design is invalid)”. In this case, re-load the applet and contact the Basler Support [<https://www.baslerweb.com/en/sales-support/support-contact/>]. (Ticket-ID: 259458)

Glossary

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Area of Interest (AOI) | See Region of Interest. |
| Board | A Basler hardware. Usually, a board is represented by a interface card. Boards might comprise multiple devices. |
| Board ID Number | An identification number of a Basler board in a PC system. The number is not fixed to a specific hardware but has to be unique in a PC system. |
| Camera Index | The index of a camera connected to a interface card. The first camera will have index zero. Mind the difference between the camera index and the interface card camera port. See also Camera Port. |
| Camera Port | The Basler interface card connectors for cameras are called camera ports. They are numbered {0, 1, 2, ...} or enumerated {A, B, C, ...}. Depending on the interface one camera could be connected to multiple camera ports. Also, multiple cameras could be connected to one camera port. |
| Camera Tap | See Tap. |
| Device | A board can consist of multiple devices. Devices are numbered. The first device usually has number one. |
| Direct Memory Access (DMA) | <p>A DMA transfer allows hardware subsystems within the computer to access the system memory independently of the central processing unit (CPU).</p> <p>Basler uses DMAs for data transfer such as image data between a board e.g. a interface card and a PC. Data transfers can be established in multiple directions i.e. from a interface card to the PC (download) and from the PC to a interface card (upload). Multiple DMA channels may exist for one board. Control and configuration data usually do not use DMA channels.</p> |
| DMA Channel | See DMA Index. |
| DMA Index | The index of a DMA transfer channel. See also Direct Memory Access. |
| Event | <p>In programming or runtime environments, a callback function is a piece of executable code that is passed as an argument, which is expected to call back (execute) exactly that time an event is triggered. These events are not related to a special camera functionality and based on interface card internal functionality.</p> <p>Basler uses hardware interrupts for the event transfer and processing is absolutely optimized for low latency. These interrupts are only produced by the interface card if an event is registered and activated by software. If an event is fired at a very high frequency this may influence the system performance.</p> <p>For example these events can be used to check the reliability between a frame trigger input and the resulting and expected camera frame.</p> <p>The Basler Framegrabber SDK enables an application to get these event notifications about certain state changes at the data flow from camera to RAM and the image and trigger processing as well. Please consult the Basler Framegrabber SDK documentation for more details concerning the implementation of this functionality. Some events are enabled to produce additional data, which is described for the event itself.</p> |

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Frame Grabber | Usually a PC hardware using PCI express to interface the camera and grab camera images. The frame grabber will grab, buffer, pre-process and forward the images to the PC memory. Moreover, the frame grabber performs the trigger signal processing to trigger the camera, external lights and controllers. On V-series frame grabber custom processing can be implemented using VisualApplets. See also Direct Memory Access, Interface Card, VisualApplets. |
| GenICam | Generic Interface for Cameras is a generic programming interface for machine vision (industrial) cameras. |
| GenTL | GenICam Transport Layer. This is the transport layer interface for enumerating cameras, grabbing images from the camera, and moving them to the user application. |
| Interface Card | Usually a PC hardware using PCI express to interface the camera and grab camera images. The interface card will grab, buffer and forward the images to the PC memory. Moreover, the interface card performs the trigger signal processing to trigger the camera, external lights and controllers. See also Direct Memory Access, Frame Grabber. |
| Port | See Camera Port. |
| Process | An image or signal data processing block. A process can include one or more cameras, one or more DMA channels and modules. |
| Region of Interest (ROI) | Represents a part of a frame. Mostly rectangular and within the original image boundaries. Defined by source coordinates and its dimension. The interface card cuts the region of interest from the camera image. A region of interest might reduce or increase the required bandwidth and the corresponding image dimension. |
| Sensor Tap | See Tap. |
| Software Callback | See Event. |
| Tap | Some cameras have multiple taps. This means, they can acquire or transfer more than one pixel at a time which increases the camera's acquisition speed. The camera sensor tap readout order varies. Some cameras read the pixels interlaced using multiple taps, while some cameras read the pixel simultaneously from different locations on the sensor. The reconstruction of the frame is called sensor readout correction. The Camera Link interface is also using multiple taps for image transfer to increase the bandwidth. These taps are independent from the sensor taps. |
| Trigger | In machine vision and image processing, a trigger is an event which causes an action. This can be for example the initiation of a new line or frame acquisition, the control of external hardware such as flash lights or actions by a software applications. Trigger events can be initiated by external sources, an internal frequency generator (timer) or software applications. The event itself is mostly based on a rising or falling edge of a electrical signal. |
| Trigger Input | A logic input of a trigger IO. The first input has index 0. Check mapping of input pins to logic inputs in the hardware documentation. |
| Trigger Output | A logic output of a trigger IO. The first output has index 1. Please check the mapping of output pins to logic outputs in the hardware documentation. The electrical characteristics and specification can be found related to the selected or used trigger board/connector. |
| Trigger Reliability | See Event. |

User Interrupt

See Event.

VisualApplets

Simple programming of FPGA-based image processing devices.

VisualApplets enables access to the FPGA processors in the image processing hardware, such as frame grabbers, industrial cameras and image processing devices, to implement individual image processing applications.

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